

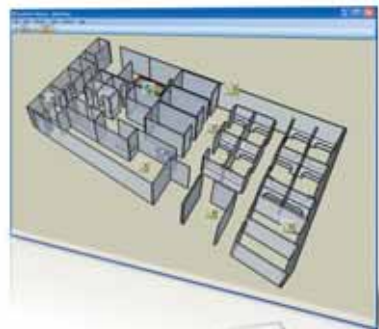
DataNet Solution

Wireless intelligent logging network



User Guide

For DataNet Data Acquisition System



DataNet User Guide

Supporting DataNet v2.0

May 2010

© Fourier Systems Ltd.



fourier

Contacting Fourier Systems technical support:

Email: support@fouriersystems.com

Web: www.fouriersystems.com/support/contact_support.php

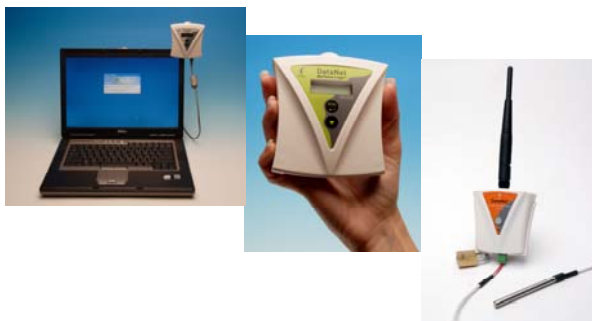
Telephone: USA 1-866-771-6682 (toll-free within USA only)

For Troubleshooting and FAQs visit the website at:

<http://www.fouriersystems.com/support/faq/>

To download updated versions of the DataNet User Guide and DataNet software/firmware visit:

www.fouriersystems.com/support/download_center.php.



Information in this document is subject to change without notice.

© 2010 Fourier Systems Ltd. All rights reserved.

Reproduction of this document in any manner without the prior written consent of Fourier Systems Ltd. is strictly forbidden.

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1:	WHAT'S NEW	1
CHAPTER 2:	DATANET OVERVIEW	5
2.1.	DataNet Introduction	5
2.2.	What is ZigBee?	7
2.3.	The ZigBee Concept	7
2.3.1.	ZigBee Mesh Network Operation	8
2.3.2.	Why is ZigBee Technology Key for Data Logging?	9
2.4.	The DataNet System	9
2.4.1.	The Data Logger	9
2.4.2.	The Receiver/Repeater	13
2.4.3.	Hardware Accessories	15
2.4.4.	DataNet Software	16
CHAPTER 3:	DATANET IMPLEMENTATION GUIDE	17
3.1.	DataNet Network Architecture	18
3.2.	Pre-setup Requirements	20
3.3.	Launching the Software	20
3.4.	Connecting the Receiver	22
3.5.	Adding the Data Logger to the Network	24
3.5.1.	Charging DataNet Loggers	25
3.5.2.	Connecting DNL910 and DNL920 Loggers to the Network	26

3.5.3.	Connecting Mini DataNet Loggers and Mini Repeater to the Network	28
3.5.4.	Loading Map View Background	30
3.6.	Configuring the Logger	31
3.7.	Viewing Data	34
3.7.1.	Online Data Views	34
3.7.2.	Logger Tooltip	35
3.7.3.	Sensor View	36
3.8.	Optimizing the Network	37
3.8.1.	Signal Test Utility	37
3.8.2.	Overcoming RF Obstacles	38
3.8.3.	Showing the Network Path	39
3.8.4.	Adding Repeaters to the Network	41
3.8.5.	Short Range Repeater	41
3.9.	Recommended Approach to Deploying DataNet Units	42
CHAPTER 4: DATANET HARDWARE OVERVIEW		45
4.1.	Data Logger Front Panel Layout	45
4.1.1.	DNL910 and DNL920	45
4.1.2.	DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810	46
4.2.	Data Logger External Connections	47
4.2.1.	DNL910 and DNL920	47
4.2.2.	DNL804	48
4.2.3.	DNL808	49
4.2.4.	DNL810	50
4.3.	DNR800 Mini Repeater Front Panel Layout	50
4.4.	DNR900 Receiver/Repeater Front Panel Layout	51
4.5.	DNR800 Mini Repeater External Connections	52

4.6.	DNR900 Receiver/Repeater External Connections	53
4.7.	Data Logger Sensor Overview	54
4.7.1.	Internal Sensor Types	54
4.7.2.	External Sensor Types	55
4.7.3.	Sensor Connection	56
4.7.4.	External PT-100 and NTC Sensor Connection	57
4.7.5.	Programming Limitations for DNL910 and DNL920	57
4.7.6.	External Alarm Output	58
4.7.7.	Polarity	61
4.7.8.	Frequency/Pulse Counter	61
4.7.9.	User Defined Sensors	61
4.7.10.	Sensor Alarms	62
4.7.11.	Sensor Calibration	62
4.8.	Unit Serial Number and Comment	62
4.9.	Power Supply	63
4.9.1.	DNR900 in Receiver Mode	63
4.9.2.	DNR800 and DNR900 in Repeater Mode	63
4.9.3.	DNL910 and DNL920 Data Loggers	64
4.9.4.	DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 Data Loggers	66
4.9.5.	Power Adapter	66
4.9.6.	Data Logger Battery Life	67
4.10.	USB Communication Cable	68
4.11.	DataNet Keypad Overview	69
4.11.1.	DNL910, DNL920 and DNR900 Keypad	69
4.11.2.	DNL804, DNL808, DNL810 and DNR800 Keypad	70
4.12.	Operating the DNL910 and DNL920	71
4.12.1.	Turning on the Unit	71
4.12.2.	Display Shutdown	71
4.12.3.	Joining a Network	72
4.12.4.	Main Menu Options	75

4.12.5.	Additional Logger Screens	82
4.13.	Operating the Mini DataNet DNL804, DNL808, and DNL810 and DNR800	84
4.13.1.	Turning Mini DataNet Units Off	84
4.13.2.	Turning Mini DataNet Units On and Joining a Network	85
4.13.3.	Rescanning for Networks	86
4.13.4.	Leave Network	87
4.13.5.	Running Signal Test	87
4.13.6.	Call Unit from Software	88
4.14.	Operating the DNR900 in Receiver Mode	88
4.14.1.	Turning on the Unit	88
4.14.2.	Receiver Menus	89
4.14.3.	Changing Receiver to Repeater	90
4.14.4.	Additional Receiver Screens	91
4.15.	Operating the DNR900 in Repeater Mode	91
4.15.1.	Turning on the Unit	91
4.15.2.	Display Shutdown	92
4.15.3.	Joining a Network	92
4.15.4.	Menu Options	96
4.15.5.	Additional Repeater Screens	101
4.15.6.	Working in Substitute Receiver Mode	102
4.16.	Data Logger Memory Management	103
CHAPTER 5: USING THE DATANET SOFTWARE		104
5.1.	Installing DataNet Software	104
5.1.1.	System Requirements	104
5.1.2.	Language Support	105
5.1.3.	Installation Procedure	105
5.1.4.	Working with Multiple User Accounts	108
5.1.5.	Installation Troubleshooting	108

5.2.	DataNet Software Registration	109
5.2.1.	Software Registration Process	110
5.3.	DataNet Software Layout	115
5.3.1.	Map View	115
5.3.2.	Sensor View	116
5.3.3.	History View	119
5.3.4.	Data Map	120
5.3.5.	DataNet Toolbar Icons	121
5.4.	File Menu Items	128
5.4.1.	Open	128
5.4.2.	Open Project File	128
5.4.3.	Save Project	128
5.4.4.	Save Project As	128
5.4.5.	Print Map View	129
5.4.6.	Exit	129
5.5.	Network Menu Items	129
5.5.1.	Detect Receiver	129
5.5.2.	Detect Logger/Repeater	130
5.5.3.	Lock Network	130
5.5.4.	Form New Network	130
5.5.5.	Refresh Network Connections	131
5.5.6.	Show Network Paths	131
5.5.7.	Device Filter	132
5.6.	Logger Menu Items	133
5.6.1.	Stop All	133
5.6.2.	Run All	133
5.7.	Tools Menu Items	133
5.7.1.	Define Sensor	133
5.7.2.	Switch Sensor View Mode	135
5.7.3.	Lock Map View	135
5.7.4.	Options Menu	135
5.7.5.	Manage Contacts	136
5.7.6.	Email Alarm Notifications	136
5.7.7.	SMS Alarm Notifications	136

5.7.8.	Firmware Update Center	136
5.8.	Tools > Options Menu Items	136
5.8.1.	Preferences Tab	137
5.8.2.	Email Settings Tab	140
5.8.3.	SMS Settings Tab	142
5.8.4.	Email/SMS Reception Alarm Delay	144
5.8.5.	Analysis Menu Items	145
5.9.	Data Recovery	147
5.10.	Saving Data	148
5.11.	Viewing Archived (Offline) Data	149
5.12.	Viewing Online Data	151
5.12.1.	Showing/Hiding the Data Sets	153
5.13.	Working in Map View	154
5.13.1.	Loading Map View Wallpaper	154
5.13.2.	Printing the Map View	154
5.13.3.	Displaying Icon Name Tags	155
5.13.4.	Moving Icons around the Screen	155
5.13.5.	Logger Icon Context Menu – Wireless Connection Options	155
5.13.6.	Logger Icon Context Menu – USB Connection Options	159
5.13.7.	Viewing Logger Status	160
5.13.8.	Receiver Icon Context Menu	162
5.13.9.	Viewing Receiver Status	163
5.13.10.	Repeater Icon Context Menu	163
5.13.11.	Viewing Repeater Status	165
5.14.	Configuring the Logger	166
5.14.1.	Device Setup Tab	167
5.14.2.	Alarm Setup Tab	169

5.15.	Alarm Notifications Setup	172
5.15.1.	Contacts Tab	173
5.15.2.	Groups Tab	175
5.15.3.	Notifications Setup Tab	176
5.15.4.	Email and SMS Notification Formats	179
5.16.	Calibration	180
5.16.1.	Introduction to DataNet Calibration	181
5.16.2.	Calibrating the Data Logger	183
5.16.3.	Performing a Two-point Calibration	184
5.16.4.	Performing an Offset Calibration	186
5.16.5.	Setting the Offset to a Specific Input	186
5.16.6.	Calibrating the Internal Temperature Sensor on the DL910	187
5.16.7.	Calibrating the External PT-100 Sensor Input	187
5.16.8.	Saving Calibration Settings	188
5.16.9.	Loading Calibration Settings	188
5.17.	Analyzing the Data	188
5.17.1.	Using the Graph Features	189
5.17.2.	Changing the Graph, Table or Statistics View Header	195
5.17.3.	Statistical Analysis	195
5.18.	Exporting Data to Excel or CSV Formats	196
5.19.	Printing the Data	197
5.20.	Reports Module	198
5.20.1.	Creating a Report Profile	198
5.20.2.	Report Types	202
5.20.3.	Removing a Report Profile	205
5.20.4.	The Report Browser	206
5.21.	System Password	207

CHAPTER 6: UPDATING DATANET SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE	208
6.1. Using the Uptodata Client	209
6.2. Updating DataNet Firmware	211
6.2.1. Downloading the Firmware File	212
6.2.2. Using the Firmware Update Center	213
6.2.3. Firmware Update from the Map View Icon	217
6.2.4. Firmware Update via USB	218
6.2.5. Cancelling Firmware Update	221
6.2.6. Interrupted Firmware Update	221
APPENDIX A: DATANET SPECIFICATIONS	223
A.1. Data Logger Input Types	223
A.2. DNL910 and DNL920 Outputs	224
A.3. Logger Input Specifications DNL910, DNL920 and PA models	224
A.4. Mini DataNet Sensor Specifications	226
A.5. General Specifications	226
A.6. System Requirements	230
APPENDIX B: DATANET MOUNTING DIAGRAMS	231
APPENDIX C: SAFETY INFORMATION AND FCC IDS	233
APPENDIX D: ORDERING INFORMATION	237



Chapter 1:

What's New

This DataNet user guide supports the following DataNet release:

- Software version 2.0.0.0
- Firmware version 2.30
- New hardware units: DNL804, DNL910-PA, DNL920-PA

Prominent new features included in this user guide are outlined below.

DataNet Software v2.0.0.0

Note: Following installation of DataNet v2.0.0.0, the software will run in Trial mode until activated using a unique software Serial Number. Trial mode lasts 30 days before software is deactivated. Software license is good for unlimited installations on one computer only. Please contact your local vendor for further information.

- **Language support:** English, Italian, French and Spanish
- **New Reports module:**
 - Generate any type of report including alarm, events, SMS and e-mail notification, graphs and histogram logs
 - Report can be generated periodically and automatically by e-mail
 - Report can be exported in CSV and/or PDF file format
 - Easy navigation of logger data using up and down scroll buttons



- Report browsing capabilities
- Enhanced report editing for compatibility with CFR requirements
- **Map View:**
 - Added ability to add name tag for each device on Map View
 - Added ability to print the Map View screen, including name tags (if enabled)
 - Added Turn Off command to Logger menu
 - Added multi-logger functionality: Run, Stop and Turn Off
- **Sensor View:**
 - Added indication when data is being downloaded and added S/N to the tooltip
 - Added a scroll bar to ease the sensor navigation
- **History View:**
 - Improved History View while opening a saved data file
 - Added customizable Graph, Table and Statistics header
- **Analysis:**
 - Added calculation of MKT (Mean Kinetic Temperature)
 - Improved Histogram view
- **Logger Alarm mechanism:** In event of logger alarm while PC is offline, the software will send alarm notification when the PC is next online
- **SMS and e-mail notifications:** Modified notification format



- **Saving Data files:** Added alternative path for saving data. If user defined path is offline the system will use the default path to save logger data
- **Software update module:** Improved GUI and functionality
- Various bugs fixes

Known Software Issues:

- No support of online change of daylight saving time
- When software is closed the scheduled reports cannot be generated and sent

DataNet Firmware v2.30

- Support for new DataNet product family:
 - DNL804 (4-20 mA)
 - DNL910PA (same functionality as DNL910 but with Power Amplifier) - must be connected to external power supply
 - DNL920PA (same functionality as DNL 920 but with Power Amplifier) - must be connected to external power supply
- Added Substitute Receiver feature allowing for Repeater to replace the network Receiver in even of Receiver failure, thereby allowing data download
- Added USB data download support from logger to computer (not supported on Mini DataNet models)
- Added support for firmware update via USB (not supported on Mini DataNet Models)
- Increased data logger sampling rate to once every 18 hours, from once every two hours in previous versions



- Improved power consumption for all new and current DataNet hardware, extending the battery life
- Improving charging mechanism (battery charging hysteresis)
- Change in LED functionality of Mini DataNet units (DNR800, DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810)
- Improved ZigBee network communication resulting in faster and more efficient handling of wide network deployment
- Various bugs fixes



Chapter 2:

DataNet Overview

This chapter provides a general overview of the DataNet system as well as the concept behind the ZigBee RF protocol.

2.1. DataNet Introduction

The Wireless Intelligent Logging Network

Fourier Systems next generation data logging system is the DataNet, a 16-bit, mobile data acquisition network based on the innovative and reliable ZigBee technology. This solution provides an intelligent sensor mesh system with 100% data receipt and no data loss.

The DataNet system is comprised of a family of data logging units, as well as a Receiver to manage the intelligent network and Repeaters to extend the transmission range. The data loggers measure a broad range of parameters and include models that feature between one and four inputs for direct measurement and recording of PT-100, thermocouple, 0 to 1 V, 4 to 20 mA, contact, frequency and pulse sensors, as well as internal temperature and relative humidity sensors. These models range from loggers with graphic display, AC or battery power supply, and power amplification, to models with no display and battery power only.

Data is transmitted from the end units to a Receiver connected to a central computer. The system leverages the ZigBee protocol, a 2.4 GHz license-free frequency RF band, to ensure full data integrity. By adding DataNet Repeater units or loggers with power amplification to the network, you can extend the transmission range and form a reliable mesh network of up to 65,000 units.



With its high resolution and fast Analog to Digital converter (ADC), DataNet data loggers meet the majority of data acquisition requirements in most industrial applications. Every DataNet logger unit is embedded with a unique serial number and can be loaded with a descriptive comment for safe identification. An internal clock and calendar keeps track of the time and date of every sample measured.

DataNet loggers can automatically activate external alarm events when data is outside a specified range. Email and SMS notifications can be sent to predefined contacts.

The DataNet system is powered by the powerful DataNet software. The Windows™ based software is the central management interface of the DataNet network. Data is monitored online and can be displayed in graphs or tables. You can analyze data with various mathematical tools, or export data to a spreadsheet. Detailed reports can also be generated from the system, collating a wealth of relevant system data.

The software also enables you to configure, calibrate or update the firmware of DataNet units wirelessly.

Key DataNet benefits include:

- Reliable transmission ensuring no data loss
- Long-range monitoring
- Ability to constantly expand transmission range by adding additional Repeaters, or turning loggers into Repeaters
- Portable units facilitating easy deployment in various environments
- Remote programming and firmware updates
- 65,000+ possible end units
- 16-bit resolution
- Low-power consumption



- Long battery life
- Minimal costs thanks to wireless infrastructure
- Feature-rich software

2.2. What is ZigBee?

ZigBee is a standards-based protocol built around the IEEE * 802.15.4 wireless protocol, providing the network infrastructure required for wireless, low power network applications.

The mesh network eliminates single points of failure by providing multiple pathways for data to travel.

* IEEE is the *Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers*, a non-profit organization dedicated to furthering technology involving electronics and electronic devices.

2.3. The ZigBee Concept

The Coordinator: This device creates and maintains the network. Once the network is up and running, the coordinator behaves as just another device on the network. There is only one Coordinator in a ZigBee network.

The Router: A router relays data packets/messages between devices on the network and increases the distance between these devices.

The End Unit: This device sends and receives information to other devices on the network. It is usually a control or a sensor unit, often battery operated. A ZigBee end unit cannot relay messages.

ZigBee Terminology	DataNet Terminology
Coordinator	Receiver
Router	Repeater
End Unit	Data Logger

ZigBee enables mesh networking which supports a wireless, yet integrated environment with communication between many coordinators, routers and end units in environments where multiple applications are being monitored.

2.3.1. ZigBee Mesh Network Operation

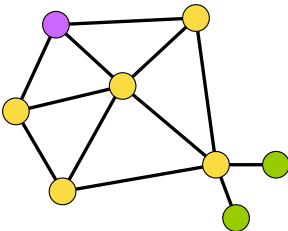


Figure 1: ZigBee network diagram

In a mesh network, all the router units are *aware of their environment* meaning a router *knows* with units are close by. When a router sends a message to a specific unit, it relays the message until it gets to the destination.

Network recovery from a unit failure

In a mesh network, when a router fails, the network automatically finds a different path via a different router for the message relay.

This ensures maximum protection against a network breakdown.



2.3.2. Why is ZigBee Technology Key for Data Logging?

ZigBee technology has proved to be ideal for data acquisition networks which require meter reading, parametric display of data such as temperature or humidity and responsive action when parameters are crossed. This is due to the fully automated, flexible and reliable nature of the protocol. With the Mesh Network system, the ZigBee standard redresses imbalances in any data logging system, responding to weaknesses, inefficiencies, new network structure (with the additional or removal of devices) through self correction.

2.4. The DataNet System

The basic DataNet system will contain at least one of the following units:

- DataNet data logger – Part Number DNL804, DNL808, DNL810, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA, DNL920-PA
- Receiver/Repeater unit – Part Number DNR900
- Mini Repeater – Part Number DNR800
- Mini-USB cable
- Power adapter (one per DataNet unit ordered)
- DataNet Software CD with unique serial number

2.4.1. The Data Logger

There are seven distinct data logger models compatible with the DataNet system. These are the so-called *end units* of the system. These loggers support up to four external sensors and two internal sensors, temperature and humidity, depending on the specific model. Data is recorded and stored



to the logger's internal memory and transmitted over the network to the DataNet software running on the PC.

The data logger is programmed to consume as little power as possible during operation, in order to conserve the battery life. When not transmitting or recording data the units are in *sleep* mode and they *wake up* when needed.

The battery for the DNL910 and DNL920 is rechargeable and can run up to several months on one charge, depending on the logger configuration.

The DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA loggers include power amplification (PA), enabling longer transmission range compared to the non-PA units, and as a result have high power consumption. The PA units therefore must be connected to AC power at all times otherwise its battery will drain after a few hours.

The battery for the DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 is not rechargeable and can run up to ten months before being replaced, depending on the logger configuration.

Refer to section 4.9.6 for more information.

Note: Battery life depends on the logger sampling rate, transmission rate, type of sensor, network architecture and number of measured sensors.

The seven DataNet models can be divided into two groups:

- DataNet loggers (with LCD)
- Mini DataNet loggers (without LCD)

DataNet Loggers (with LCD)



Part Number: DNL920 and DNL920-PA

Four external channel RF data logger with two internal sensors, Humidity and Temperature.

** PA model includes Power Amplifier for long-range transmission.*

Transmission Range:

DNL920: 4 dBm

DNL920-PA: 15 dBm

Memory Capacity: ~59,000 samples

Power supply: AC or battery operated

Part Number: DNL910 and DNL920-PA

Four external channel RF data logger with internal Temperature sensor.

** PA model includes Power Amplifier for long-range transmission.*

Transmission Range:

DNL910: 4 dBm

DNL910-PA: 15 dBm

Memory Capacity: ~59,000 samples

Power supply: AC or battery operated

Mini DataNet Loggers (without LCD)



PN: DNL804

Single channel RF data logger supporting external 4 to 20 mA input

Transmission Range:

4 dBm

Memory Capacity:

~59,000 samples

Power supply: Battery operated



PN: DNL810

Dual channel RF data logger with internal Temperature and Humidity sensors.

Transmission Range:

4 dBm

Memory Capacity:

~59,000 samples

Power supply: Battery operated



PN: DNL808

Single channel RF data logger supporting external temperature NTC 10KΩ probe

Transmission Range:

4 dBm

Memory Capacity:

~59,000 samples

Power supply: Battery operated



2.4.2. The Receiver/Repeater

Note: The DNR900 can work in one of two modes, Receiver or Repeater. The DNR800 only works as a Repeater.

The Receiver, DNR900, acts as a bridge between the DataNet network and the PC. It is connected to the PC via USB cable and is used to create the network to which you add your data loggers. The Receiver is externally powered but also includes a rechargeable battery for back up (in case the external power fails).

Note: Each Receiver can detect up to 8 data loggers and 16 Repeaters. To detect more data loggers, Repeaters are required.

The Repeater is considered the backbone of the network, as it enhances the network range by receiving and transmitting between end unit and Repeater until it reaches the PC. There are two Repeater models, the DNR900 with LCD and the DNR800 Mini Repeater, without LCD. Both are externally powered via the AC adapter but the DNR900 also includes a rechargeable battery back up (in case the external power fails).

The Repeaters are the end units' *parent* units, meaning each Repeater has specific end units under their responsibility (their *children*). They route the transmissions to and from the end units to the Receiver (or other Repeaters in the network).

Each Repeater holds the data sent to the end units while the end units are in sleep mode. At a specific interval the end unit wakes up and receives the data from its parent (Repeater).

Note: Each Repeater can detect up to 24 data loggers and 16 Repeaters including the parent unit. If the number of loggers exceeds this capability, additional Repeaters are required.



Receiver/Repeater with LCD



Part Number: DNR900

Repeater Transmission Range: 15 dBm

End Units per Receiver: ~65,000

Mini Repeater (without LCD)



Part Number: DNR800

Repeater Transmission Range: 10 dBm

End Units per Receiver: ~65,000

2.4.3. Hardware Accessories

The DataNet system includes the following accessories:

- Mini-USB cable for connecting PC to DataNet Receiver
- Power adapter to power DataNet Receiver, Repeater and data loggers



2.4.4. DataNet Software

The user interface for the DataNet system, the DataNet software CD is provided together with the DataNet hardware and includes the following features:

- Network management
- Data display, management, storage and data diagnostics
- Alarm settings: Email and SMS notifications, visual and audible alarms
- Reports module
- Wireless sensor definition
- Wireless sensor calibration
- Wireless firmware update (*boot over the air*)
- Data download via USB
- Automatic software update (via Fourier server)

The software interface is described in detail in Chapter 5:

Note: DataNet is also FDA 21 CFR Part 11 compliant. CFR compliant software must be purchased separately.

Chapter 3:

DataNet

Implementation Guide

Fourier Systems strongly suggests first time users of the DataNet system read this chapter before drilling down into the many features of the system described later in the user guide. The Implementation Guide will give you a clear understanding of the basic aspects of setting up the system, and getting your network up and running.

Once you are familiar with the technical aspects of setting up the network as outlined in this chapter, please consult section 3.8 for Fourier's recommended approach to initial deployment of the system.

Example

Below is a diagram depicting a supermarket deployment of a DataNet system, illustrating how the devices may be positioned to provide full coverage within the facility.

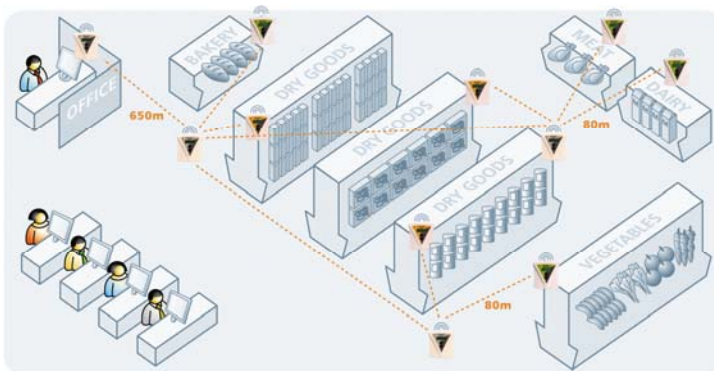


Figure 2: Example of DataNet network application



3.1. DataNet Network Architecture

The DataNet network architecture consists of layers of loggers and Repeaters, forming a mesh network monitored by the Receiver unit connected to the workstation PC.

The basic architecture is as follows:

- Maximum nodes on network: 65,000
- DNR900 Receiver recognizes up to 8 loggers and 16 Repeaters
- DNR900 Repeater and DNR800 Mini Repeater recognizes up to 24 loggers and 16 Repeaters (including parent unit)
- DNL910 and DNL920 (including the PA models) in Short Range Repeater mode (refer to section 3.8.5) recognizes up to 24 loggers and 16 Repeaters

The diagrams below show the architecture of a typical DataNet mesh network. Repeaters and loggers, which are being used as Short Range Repeaters in Figure 4 (see section), can be added to the network in order to extend the range and improve its robustness. Each such device has end units communicating with it, but this route may change as the RF environment changes. This is the ZigBee self correcting mechanism at play.

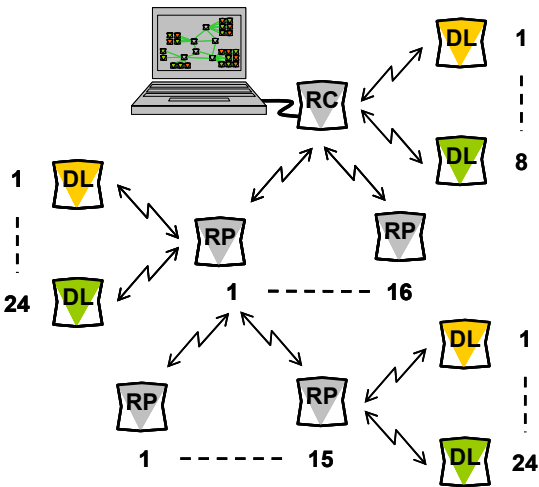


Figure 3: Standard DataNet mesh network architecture

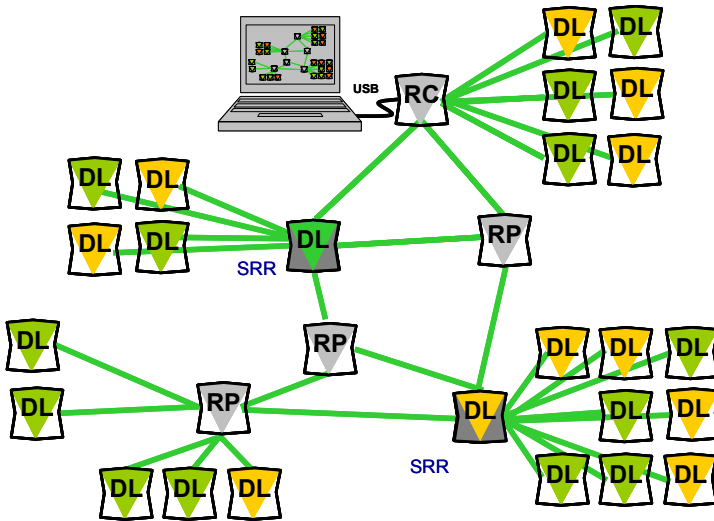


Figure 4: DataNet network with Short Range Repeaters



3.2. Pre-setup Requirements

Prior to commencing with the DataNet implementation you must have the following requirements in place:

PC

- 24/7 availability
- Reliable AC power
- Sufficient hard disk space to store loggers' data
- One free USB port

DataNet devices

- One DNR900 DataNet Receiver
- At least one DataNet logger DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA, DNL920-PA, or Mini DataNet logger DNL804, DNL808 or DNL810
- At least one DNR900 DataNet Repeater or DNR800 Mini Repeater, depending on your RF environment

Mini-USB cable

The mini-USB cable connects the DNR900 Receiver to the PC (and is supplied with the PC Suite software kit).

3.3. Launching the Software

1. Install the DataNet software on the PC workstation. Refer to section 5.1: Installing DataNet Software on page 104 for more details.



2. Once the software and associated components have been installed, launch DataNet from your DataNet



Launch
DataNet .

desktop shortcut

3. Software activation window will open. Select the option to continue to DataNet and click **Next**. To activate the software refer to chapter 5.2.

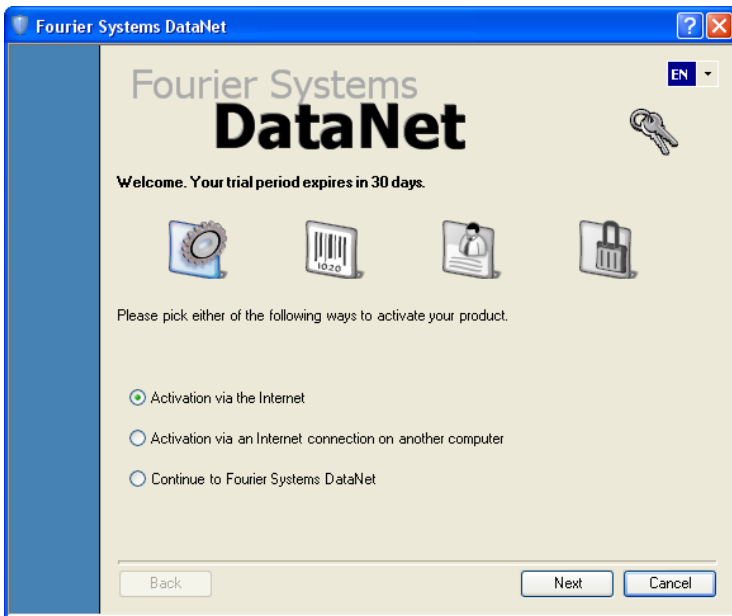


Figure 5: Software activation window

4. The main DataNet window is launched. The default view is called **Map View**.

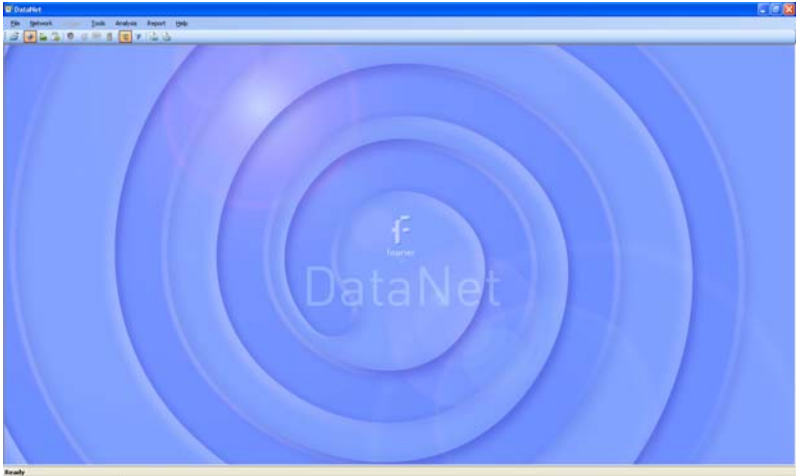



Figure 6: Main DataNet window

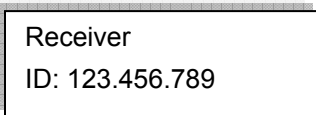
5. Check for DataNet updates. Go to **Help > Check for Updates** from the DataNet main menu to check for newer versions of DataNet software and firmware released since you purchased your system. For more details on the Update feature go to Chapter 6: Updating DataNet Software and Firmware.

3.4. Connecting the Receiver


1. Only once the DataNet software has been installed, connect the DataNet Repeater unit (DNR900) to the Fourier-supplied power adapter.

Note: Only use adapters provided by Fourier Systems. Use of the wrong adapter could damage your DataNet units.

2. Turn on the unit by pressing the **Scroll** button  on the front keypad. The unit will beep when turned on.
3. Verify that the unit is in Receiver mode by seeing the following screen on the LCD:



The ID will be unique to your Receiver network. If the unit is in Repeater mode, switch it to Receiver mode. Go to section 4.15 for more details.

4. Connect the mini-USB cable to the computer and to the Receiver's mini-USB port. The DataNet Receiver icon  will immediately appear in the top left corner of the Map View.

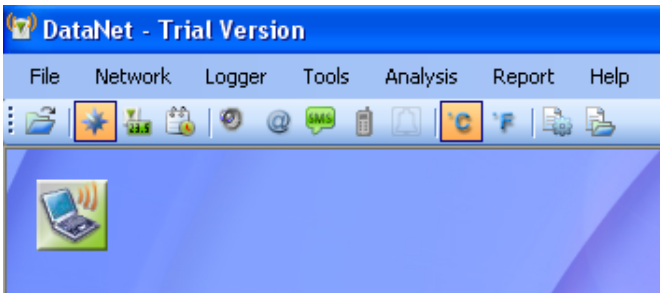


Figure 7: Adding Receiver icon to Map View

A green icon indicates that the Receiver is online.

Note: If the Receiver is not recognized by the software try connecting the mini-USB cable to another USB port on the PC. Or select **Network > Detect Receiver** in the main menu.

Should you disconnect the Receiver's USB cable or power adapter (and the battery eventually dies), the

Receiver icon will be grayed out:



5. Go to **Network > Form New Network**. The Receiver will then form a new network based on your RF environment rather than use the network formed in the factory. This will ensure optimal network performance. Refer to section 3.8: Optimizing the Network for more details.

Check the DataNet network ID that was formed by the Receiver by placing the mouse cursor over the Receiver icon. The network ID as well as Receiver firmware version and unit serial number is displayed.

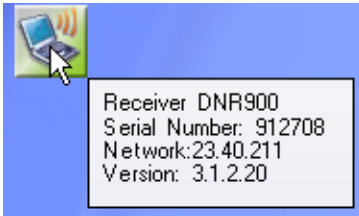


Figure 8: Receiver tooltip

Note: You can move the Receiver icon elsewhere on the screen by going to **Tools > Lock Map View** and unselecting this option.

3.5. Adding the Data Logger to the Network

Once you have connected your Receiver and established a network you are ready to add data loggers and build your system.



3.5.1. Charging DataNet Loggers

This section refers to charging the DNL910 or DNL920 loggers. The Mini DataNet units are battery operated only.

Note: Only use adapters provided by Fourier Systems. Use of the wrong adapter could damage your DataNet units.

Note: DataNet units do not charge when switched off.

If the loggers will run from the battery supply make sure to first charge each of the loggers for 16 hours before use in order maximize the battery life. A fully charged battery can last several months, depending on your logger configuration. Refer to section 4.9.6 or more details on battery life.

If the loggers will run from the AC power supply, when first connected to the AC adapter the logger will always initiate the 16 hour charge cycle.

However, if you reconnect the AC charger within one hour of disconnection from the unit, the logger will not start a new 16 hour charging cycle as long as battery level is at least 90%.


Note: For loggers measuring data with the internal temperature sensor, it is critical to note that during the charge cycle the logger will heat up thereby causing the internal temperature sensor reading to rise up to 10 °C above ambient temperature. Once the charging process is complete, the logger will cool down and the internal temperature sensor readings will return to normal.

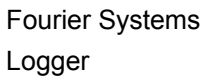
For loggers remaining connected to AC power, to prevent the logger from heating up again following the initial charge cycle, the logger will receive a one minute *trickle charge* each day rather than stay continually charged. This is sufficient to ensure the logger doesn't self-discharge and will maintain the logger's full charge status.

Refer to section 4.9.3 for more details on the DataNet loggers' power supply.

3.5.2. Connecting DNL910 and DNL920 Loggers to the Network

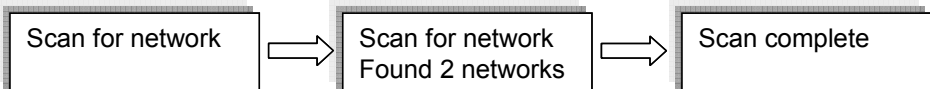
** Includes the PA models*

1. Turn on the logger by pressing the **Scroll** button . The unit will beep when turned on. As soon as the unit is turned on, the LCD screen will display the following message:



Fourier Systems
Logger


2. The logger will then start scanning for networks. The LCD will indicate how many networks were found in range, and will announce when the scan is complete. Locked networks will not be listed.

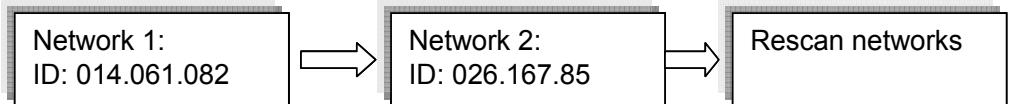


To join the network created by your Receiver (there may be other networks created by your colleagues) scroll through the



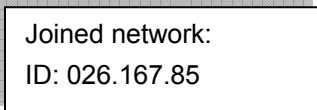
found networks on the LCD (using the logger **Scroll** button)

and press the **Enter** button  when you reach the required network. In the example below, the network required is the second network found. You can also rescan the networks by pressing **Enter** on the Rescan networks screen, which is reached by scrolling through all the found networks.



Note: If the logger did not detect a network, the unit will turn off in order to conserve the battery.

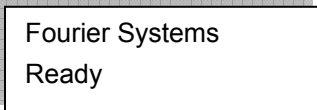
3. Once you select the network, the logger will automatically join that network and a new message will be displayed on the LCD:



Joined network:
ID: 026.167.85

Note: If the message Join failed appears on the LCD, then rescan for the network and try again. If the logger continually fails to join, then form a new network on the Receiver.






4. The LCD will then indicate the following status message:



Fourier Systems
Ready

If the Receiver is disconnected for any reason, the following message is displayed:

Fourier Systems
No Receiver

5. When the logger joins the network, the Logger icon  will automatically appear in the Map View.
 - a. The  symbol indicates the signal strength of the logger in the network.
 - b. The  symbol indicates that the logger is running from internal battery supply. The  symbol indicates that the logger is running from external power supply.
 - c. The  symbol indicates that the logger is a new addition to the network and has not yet been configured (setup).
6. Repeat steps 1-3 for every logger in your system.
7. In order to find the physical location of the logger you can right-click on the Logger icon in Map View and select **Call Unit (Beep)**. The logger will then *beep*.

3.5.3. Connecting Mini DataNet Loggers and Mini Repeater to the Network

The Mini DataNet loggers (DNL804, DNL808, and DNL810) and Mini Repeater (DNR800) don't have LCD screens therefore the process of joining these units to the network differs than that of the DataNet models with LCD.

Follow the steps below to connect these devices to the network.

1. In the main menu, go to **Network > Device Filter** to first define the Mini DataNet devices that are allowed to connect to the network. Enter the SN of each Mini DataNet device in the text window and click **Add**. Click **Remove** to remove a SN of a device you don't wish to join the network.

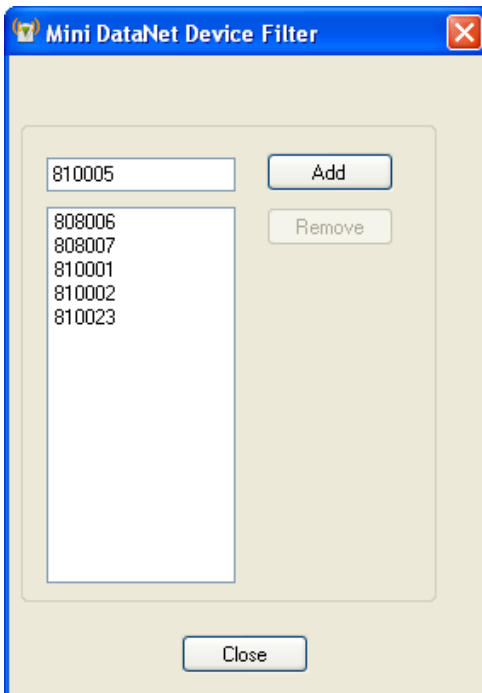


Figure 9: Mini DataNet Device Filter dialog

If a Mini DataNet device tries to join the network but it is not in the list then the software will send the Leave



Network command to the device as it tries to connect to the network.

When a device tries to connect to a network and the software is down it will continue to the next available network. If the software is up either the software will accept it or it will send the Leave Network command.

2. Ensure the network is not locked. Go to the **Network** menu and uncheck the **Lock Network** menu item.
3. Take the first Mini DataNet device and from an Off state give the button on the front panel a short press. The green LED will blink once every second until the logger joins the network. The device icon will appear in the Map View.
4. Repeat Steps 1 to 3 for all Mini DataNet devices you wish to join to the network.

For more details on joining Mini DataNet units to the network, refer to section 4.13.

3.5.4. Loading Map View Background

Load an image into DataNet showing a map of your facility in order to place the Receiver and Logger icons in their relative positions. As you add more loggers to the system, this will prove very helpful.

- Double click the Map View background to browse to the image directory and load the image. Remember to unlock the Map View in order to move the icons around.
- Right-click the Map View background and two options will be available: **Load Wallpaper** and **Reset Wallpaper**, which resets to the default Fourier wallpaper.

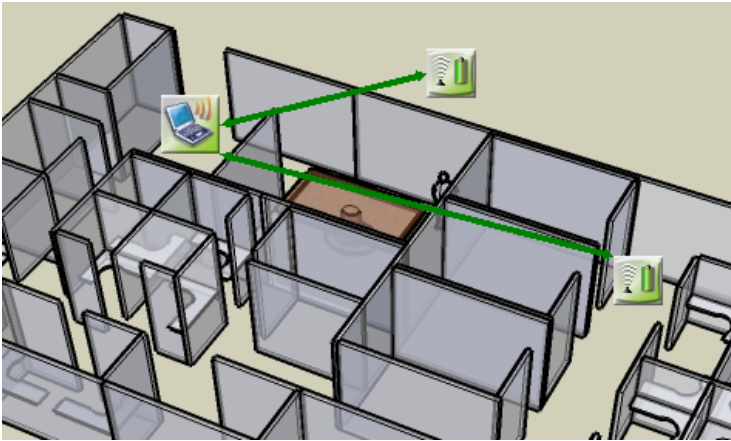


Figure 10: Map View background image example

Note: In Trial mode, loading a background image is disabled.

3.6. Configuring the Logger

Once you connected your DataNet loggers to the network, you must configure them in order to start acquiring data.

1. Right-click on the Logger icon you wish to configure. Select **Setup** from the context menu.
The Setup window will be launched.

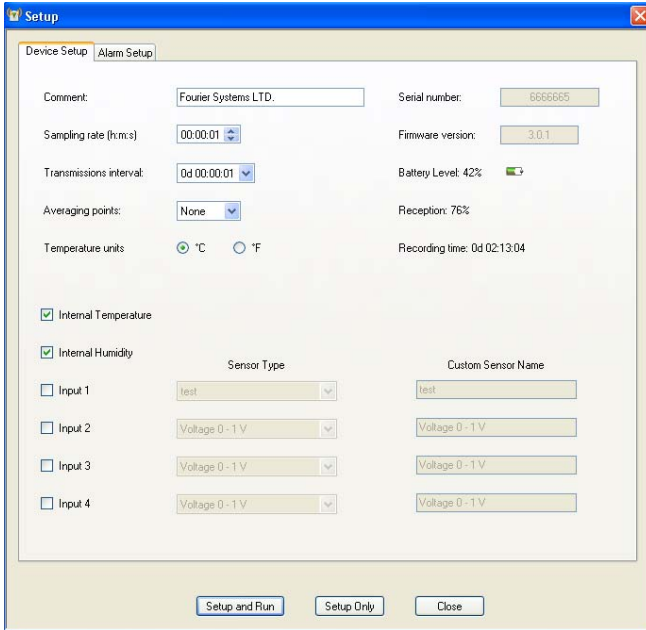


Figure 11: Logger Setup window

This dialog provides non-editable information such as the serial number, battery level, reception level and firmware version of the current unit.

On the **Device Setup** and **Alarm Setup** tabs, the user is able to configure the following parameters:



- Unit's comment
 - Sampling rate
 - Transmission interval
 - Samples averaging
 - Temperature units °C/°F (on the logger LCD. Not applicable for Mini DataNet loggers)
 - Active sensors
 - Custom sensors' names
 - Alarm levels
 - Alarm duration
 - Alarm delay
 - Alarm pre delay
2. Select the sensors you wish to connect to the logger for data acquisition. It doesn't matter which order you select the sensors. You may only have Input 4 selected, for example, and Inputs 1 to 3 left unselected.
 3. Select the sampling rate and transmission interval (rate at which the data is transmitted from the logger to the Receiver).
 4. Unless you have Alarm levels you wish to edit (see the Alarms Setup tab), click either **Setup and Run** (to send the setup and immediately log data), or **Setup Only** (to send the setup but only log data at your command).
 5. If you selected **Setup Only** in step 4, right-click the Logger icon and select **Run** from the context menu to start logging data.
 6. To stop the logger, right-click the Logger icon and select **Stop** from the context menu.

Note: Running the logger clears the logger memory. All previously recorded data will be erased when you begin a new logging session.

3.7. Viewing Data

Once you run the logger, you have several ways of viewing the online data that is being acquired.

- Online graph/table/statistics views
- Logger icon tooltip
- Sensor view

3.7.1. Online Data Views

Double clicking the Logger icon or selecting **Display Data** in the Logger icon context menu will open the online graph.

This graph is updated in real-time with the newly recorded data.

You can switch between Graph, Table and Statistics views to view the data in different formats.

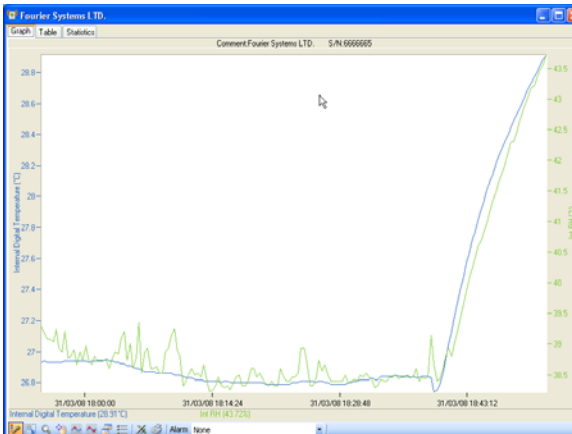


Figure 12: Online data – Graph view

Fourier Systems LTD.

Graph Table Statistics

Index	Date & Time	Internal Digital Temperature 6055005 Fourier Systems LTD.	Int RH 6055005 Fourier Systems LTD.
1	31-03-08 17:55:07	26.93°C	39.28%
2	31-03-08 17:55:27	26.94°C	39.18%
3	31-03-08 17:55:47	26.92°C	39.09%
4	31-03-08 17:56:07	26.93°C	39.09%
5	31-03-08 17:56:27	26.92°C	39.04%
6	31-03-08 17:56:47	26.92°C	39.25%
7	31-03-08 17:57:07	26.92°C	38.94%
8	31-03-08 17:57:27	26.92°C	38.67%
9	31-03-08 17:57:47	26.94°C	39.21%
10	31-03-08 17:58:07	26.94°C	38.77%
11	31-03-08 17:58:27	26.94°C	38.60%
12	31-03-08 17:58:47	26.94°C	39.91%
13	31-03-08 17:59:07	26.94°C	38.67%
14	31-03-08 17:59:27	26.94°C	38.67%
15	31-03-08 17:59:47	26.94°C	38.74%
16	31-03-08 18:00:07	26.94°C	38.97%
17	31-03-08 18:00:27	26.92°C	38.74%
18	31-03-08 18:00:47	26.94°C	39.67%
19	31-03-08 18:01:07	26.94°C	38.90%
20	31-03-08 18:01:27	26.94°C	38.74%
21	31-03-08 18:01:47	26.94°C	38.74%
22	31-03-08 18:02:07	26.94°C	38.74%
23	31-03-08 18:02:27	26.95°C	38.74%
24	31-03-08 18:02:47	26.94°C	38.60%

Figure 13: Online data – Table view

Factory 1/F

Graph Table Statistics

	Serial Number	Device	Sensor	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Statistics start	Statistics end	Number of samples
	823177	Factory 1/F	Internal Digital...	24.67°C	28.12°C	26.23°C	11-06-09 00:00...	11-06-09 22:40...	8129
	823177	Factory 1/F	Internal RH	42.06%	67.10%	52.02%	11-06-09 00:00...	11-06-09 22:40...	8129

Figure 14: Online data – Statistics view

3.7.2. Logger Tooltip

Close the online data window and return to Map View. Scroll over the Logger icon and you will see a tooltip displaying the relevant logger information, including real-time data.

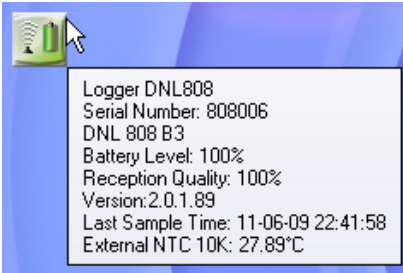



Figure 15: Logger tooltip

This tooltip is updated with every newly recorded sample.

3.7.3. Sensor View

Click the **Sensor View** icon  in the tool bar to switch to this view. Here, you can monitor the data by viewing data display of each individual sensor, rather than of each logger.

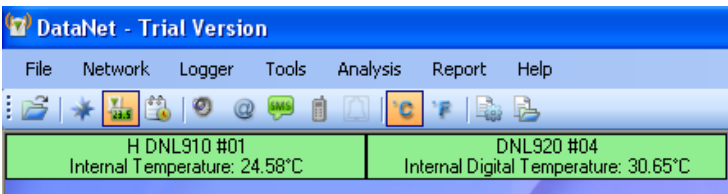


Figure 16: Sensor view

- If the sensor is in alarm, the sensor window will change color from green to red (just as the Logger icon would)
- Double-clicking the individual sensor window will open the data in the online Graph view
- Scrolling over the sensor window with the mouse cursor will display the logger tooltip with relevant logger data (similar to Map View)



Refer to section 5.3.2 for more details on using the Sensor View.

Note: By going to **Tools > Switch Sensor View Mode** you can reduce the size of the sensor window to display only the sensor type and sensor data. Recommended for networks containing many loggers.

3.8. Optimizing the Network

This section outlines a number of features and suggestions for optimizing the DataNet network and getting the best performance out of the end units and parent units.

For example, when you first setup your network, you want to ensure that the loggers are placed in the optimum position in order to receive and transmit data to/from the DataNet software.

Refer to the DataNet specifications to guide you on the range of the DataNet units. With this knowledge, and based on the layout of your facility, you should have a good idea of the likely positional layout of your units.

3.8.1. Signal Test Utility

Rather than setup the system on a trial and error basis, DataNet has a **Signal Test utility** built in to the logger firmware, which gives you a clear idea of the strength of the signal of each logger to the Receiver, and the quality of the data link between Receiver and logger.

Perform the following test on each logger in your system while deciding where to position the logger:



1. Using the **Scroll** button, scroll through the main menu on the logger until you reach the following display:

Signal level:
Run test -> Menu

2. Press the **Menu** button to run the test.
The signal level and link quality will be displayed. As you move the logger further away from the Receiver, you will see these two parameters drop from a maximum of 100%.
When the logger is out of range of the Receiver, you will see the following screen:

Out of range

3. To exit the Signal test, press the **Scroll** button.

3.8.2. Overcoming RF Obstacles

A universal issue concerning any wireless system is how to overcome a hostile RF environment. DataNet's ZigBee RF protocol has been designed for these hostile RF environments that routinely exist onsite. ZigBee can overcome competing wireless noise and other problems communicating the data. Its mesh networking capabilities allows it to re-route signal traffic around temporary or permanent physical obstacles, radio-frequency interference, Repeater error or other such failures.

The robustness of the system is such that there is no single point of failure, ensuring data recovery from end units on the network.

Tips on overcoming RF barriers

- When first creating the network in the environment where the loggers will be deployed, form a new network on the Receiver. There may be local interference on the 2.4 GHz free bandwidth. The ZigBee protocol, when forming a new network, selects the least noisy channel (out of 16 available channels). Within this channel the units can change RF slots (by hopping) but cannot move to other channels while running. By running on a channel on a network created in another environment e.g. in the office, this channel may become noisy and therefore transmission range may be less than expected.
- When placing units in an indoor or outdoor environment, bear in mind that walls, furniture, metal objects, etc. limit the RF coverage thereby reducing the range of the units.
- Add Repeaters (DNR800 or DNR900) in range of end units and parent unit to enhance RF coverage and improve robustness of network. Have as many alternative transmission routes as possible in order to eliminate single points of failure.
- When placing Repeater ensure it is not on the limit of its range to the end unit or parent unit (Repeater or Receiver), to avoid periods of unavailability due to changing RF conditions.
- Add Short Range Repeaters (DNL910, DNL920 or PA models) to overcome RF interference nearby to the loggers.
- The higher the Receiver is positioned the better reception quality it will obtain.

3.8.3. Showing the Network Path

By going to **Network > Show Network Paths** in the DataNet main menu, the software will show the actual path that the

system uses to communicate between Receiver and logger, for all units in the system.



Figure 17: Showing network paths – Example 1

You can also select **Show Path** from the logger context menu to display the individual path from the unit to the Receiver.

Using this option you can see exactly how the system is built.

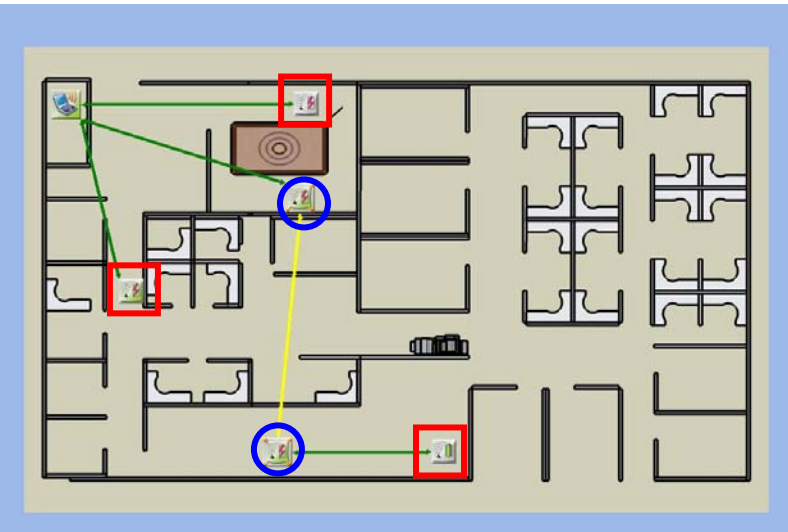


Figure 18: Showing network paths – Example 2

The screenshot above shows a system of three loggers (red squares) and two Repeaters (blue circles) transmitting to the Receiver.



The arrows show the path between the units. Note that they are bi-directional, meaning that the system is a two-way system with units both transmitting and receiving data.

- A green path indicates a strong signal
- A yellow path indicate a medium strength signal
- A red path indicates a weak signal

3.8.4. Adding Repeaters to the Network

Loggers which aren't in range of the Receiver can transmit to the Receiver via a Repeater/Short Range Repeater, which is in range. As DataNet is built using mesh networking technology Repeaters (DNR800 or DNR900) can be added to the system to enhance the network range.

The DNR900 Receiver/Repeater is the same device, just configured differently from the main menu when turned on. Refer to section 4.14.3 to learn how to switch the DNR900 unit type to Repeater.

The DNR800 only functions as a Repeater.

3.8.5. Short Range Repeater

You may also enable a logger (DNL910, DNL920 or the PA models) to operate as a Repeater in addition to its logging capabilities. In this mode the logger is referred to as a Short Range Repeater (SRR).

When in SRR mode the logger maintains the transmission range in accordance with its specifications. Therefore, the DNL910 and DNL920 will transmit at 4 dBm and the DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA, with its built-in power amplification, will transmit at a greater range of 15 dBm.



To switch a logger to SRR mode, simply right-click the logger icon in the DataNet software **Map View** and select **Enable Short Range Repeater Mode**.

Note: In SRR mode the logger must be connected to AC power at all times as the power consumption is much greater.

3.9. Recommended Approach to Deploying DataNet Units

Now that you have a general understanding of how the DataNet system functions, you may wish to use Fourier's recommended approach for initial deployment of the system. This approach will ensure a smooth and efficient deployment of your DataNet units and you may then tweak this approach based on experience you gain while using the system.

Note: When deploying the system bear in mind that several factors could cause interference with the system, such as electromagnetic pulses, metal shielding in the vicinity of the transmissions, other devices using the same 2.4 GHz band, etc. Be familiar with your environment before deploying the system. Also refer to section 3.8.

1. After you have charged the DataNet units and are ready to deploy them in your facility, collect all units - data logger end units, Receiver and Repeaters (if relevant) – and bring them to your PC workstation.
2. Connect the Receiver to the PC and form a network. Turn on the units and one by one bring them online so you can view their icons in the DataNet software's Map View.
3. Configure each of the units via the Setup feature. At this stage it is not necessary to configure the type of sensors you will be using, or sample rate, alarm levels, etc. The point of this step is to configure each of the units with a



logger or Repeater name that indicates where in your facility they will be deployed. For example, *Room 15 Freezer* or *Floor 2 Bio Lab*. This will make it much easier for you to recognize the units in the Map View once you have deployed them. Once in place, you can reconfigure the units however you like.

4. It is also recommended, if possible, to change the Map View default background to a diagram or map of your facility. You can then move the logger or Repeater icons accordingly so you can have a visual representation of their location in the facility.
5. Take each logger and begin to distribute in your facility in the precise location you would like them to be based. Once in position you can then run the Signal Test on each logger to verify that you have a good signal to the Receiver. If you are out of range and there is no alternative location for the logger, you will most likely have to add at least one Repeater to the network, or replace the existing logger with a PA logger for longer transmission range.
6. Once each of the loggers is in position return to the PC and in Map View, verify that each of the loggers is online. You can also use the **Show Network Paths** feature to see the path of the logger to the Receiver, and the strength of the transmission.
7. If you determine that you need to add Repeater/s to the network in order to bring end units online or enhance the transmission where the signal is weak, then deploy the Repeater/s with the following points in mind:
 - a. There must be an electrical socket accessible at the location of the Repeater as they must be powered externally in order to run for more than a few hours.
 - b. Place the Repeater/s as high from the ground as possible in order to enhance the wireless signal from its antenna.



- c. Expose the Repeater/s to as many end units as possible. For example, if there is a room with several offline end units requiring a Repeater, position the Repeater next to the room so that it is in range of as many of these end units as possible, so you don't have to add more Repeaters.
8. After you have deployed the Repeater/s return to the software and using the Show Network Paths feature verify that all end units are now successfully transmitting to the Receiver, either on their own or via a parent Repeater. You can continue to tweak the position of the units until you are satisfied with the quality of the transmission.
9. Now that the units are in place the last step of initial deployment is to reconfigure each unit to start data acquisition. Configure the sensor setup, sample rate, transmission rate, alarm levels, Email/SMS notifications, etc. as you see fit.

Chapter 4:

DataNet Hardware Overview

This chapter details the hardware features of the DataNet system components: the data loggers and the Receiver/Repeater.

4.1. Data Logger Front Panel Layout

4.1.1. DNL910 and DNL920

Apart from the color scheme, the DNL910, DNL920 and PA data logger models have the same front panel design.

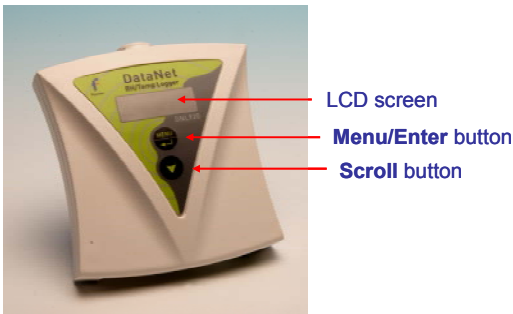


Figure 19: DNL910 data logger front panel

LCD screen

Displays logger status, logger data, Min/Max values and network information.

Menu/Enter button

Use to enter logger menu options and to execute logger commands.

Scroll button

Use to scroll through menu items and to power on unit.

4.1.2. DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810

The Mini DataNet logger models have the same front panel design.

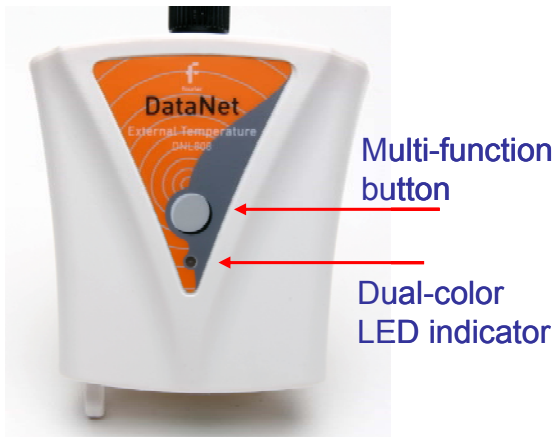


Figure 20: DNL808 data logger front panel

Multi-function button: Use to execute logger commands.

Dual-color LED indicator: Indicates status of logger such as joining network, leaving network, etc.

4.2. Data Logger External Connections

4.2.1. DNL910 and DNL920

External connections of the DNL910, DNL920 and PA models are exactly the same.

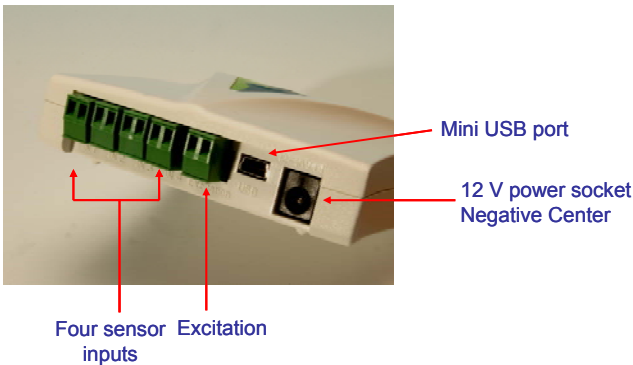


Figure 21: DNL920 data logger external connections

Mini USB Port

To enable data download direct to PC via USB port.

12 V Power Socket

To connect logger to external power supply (negative center).

Sensor Inputs

Pluggable screw terminal blocks marked In-1 to In-4 (from left to right), to connect wide range of sensor types for data acquisition. All four inputs can be used simultaneously. Sensors can be connected in any order.

To connect a sensor to the DataNet data logger, unplug the

screw terminal, connect the sensor's wires to the terminals, and then plug the terminal back to the corresponding socket on the input block.

Excitation socket

Output power socket used to power external sensors, power derived directly from the external power supply adaptor.

4.2.2. DNL804



Figure 22: DNL804 data logger external connections

External antenna: For extended transmission distance of the logger.

External 4 to 20 mA input: Standard input for connecting to sensor with 4 to 20 mA output.

4.2.3. DNL808

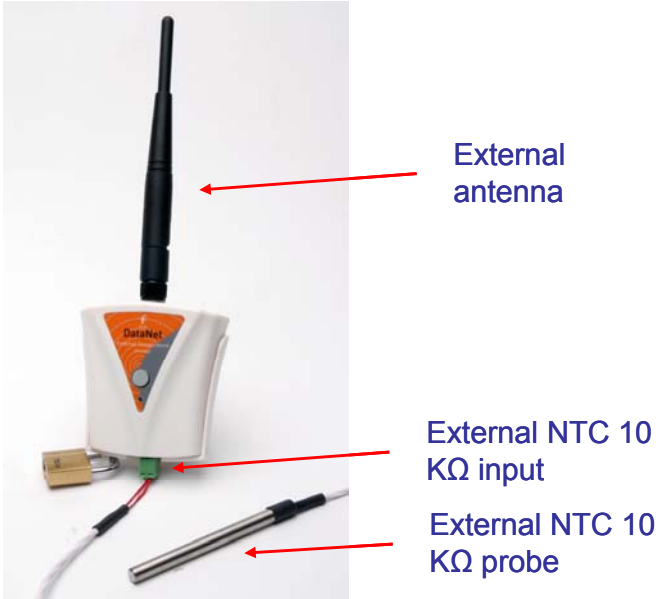


Figure 23: DNL808 data logger external connections

External antenna: For extended transmission distance of the logger.

External NTC 10KΩ input: Standard input for connecting to NTC probe.

External NTC 10KΩ probe: Fourier-supplied NTC probe (part of DNL808 kit).

4.2.4. DNL810

The DNL810 doesn't have any external connections. It has two internal sensors only, temperature and humidity.

4.3. DNR800 Mini Repeater Front Panel Layout



Figure 24: DNR800 Mini Repeater front panel

Multi-function button: Use to execute logger commands.

Dual-color LED indicator: Indicates status of Repeater such as joining network, leaving network, etc.

4.4. DNR900 Receiver/Repeater Front Panel Layout

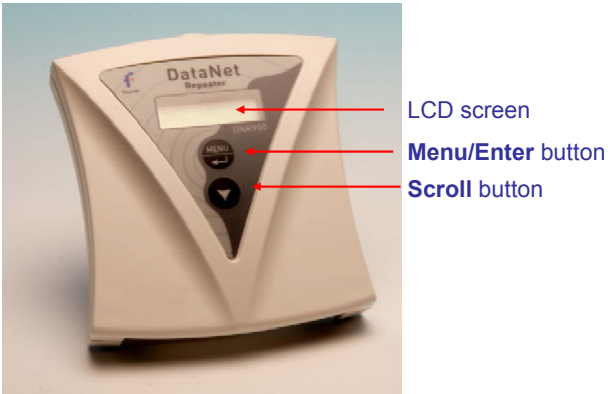


Figure 25: Receiver/Repeater front panel

LCD screen

Displays Receiver/Repeater status and network information.

Menu/Enter button

Use to enter logger menu options and to execute logger commands.

Scroll button

Use to scroll through menu items and to power on unit.

4.5. DNR800 Mini Repeater External Connections



Figure 26: Mini Repeater external connections

12 V Power Socket

To connect unit to external power supply. Plug in an AC/DC 9-12 V adaptor to power the unit. There is no battery supply so when disconnected from the adaptor the unit will shutdown. The adaptor should meet the required specifications. Refer to Appendix A: DataNet Specifications.

4.6. DNR900 Receiver/Repeater External Connections

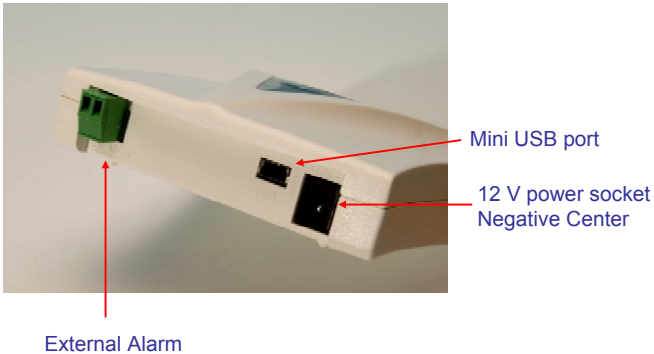


Figure 27: Receiver/Repeater external connections

Mini USB Port

To connect Receiver to PC and be detected by DataNet software.

Connect the mini USB Type B plug (rectangle plug) of the supplied USB communication cable to the Receiver and the USB Type A plug (flat plug) to the computer.

Refer to section 4.10.

12 V Power Socket

To connect unit to external power supply. Plug in an AC/DC 9-12 V adaptor to power the unit. To use as a Receiver or Repeater and maintain network integrity, the unit should be powered at all times. Connecting external power to the unit automatically charges the internal back-up battery. The adaptor should meet the required specifications. Refer to Appendix A: DataNet Specifications.

External Alarm

Connect external alarm e.g. siren, audible alarm, to this input.



Whenever a logger on the network is in alarm status, the external alarm will be activated. Refer to section 4.7.6 for more details.

4.7. Data Logger Sensor Overview

This section provides an overview of the hardware specifications of the DataNet data loggers.

4.7.1. Internal Sensor Types

The DNL810, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA loggers include internal sensors, depending on the logger model.

Sensor	Measurement Range	Accuracy	Logger Model
Digital Humidity	5% to 95%	±3% (in DataNet software) ±4% (on logger LCD)	DNL920 DNL920-PA DNL810
Digital Temperature	-20 °C to 50 °C	±0.5 °C	DNL920 DNL920-PA
		±0.4 °C	DNL810
Temperature PT100	-20 °C to 50 °C	±0.3 °C	DNL910 DNL910-PA



4.7.2. External Sensor Types

DNL910, DNL920 and PA Models

Each of the four input channels of these data logger models are multi-purpose and can be individually configured to any of the following types and ranges.

Sensor	Measurement Range	Accuracy	Available Inputs
Current	4 to 20 mA	± 0.5 %	In-1 to In-4
Contact	Open (0) / Close (1)	N/A	In-1 to In-4
Frequency	20 Hz to 4 KHz	N/A	In-4 only
Pulse Counter	1 to 65,536 pulses 0 to 4 KHz	N/A	In-4 only
Temperature PT100 (2-wire)	-200 to 400 °C	-200 to -60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 400 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.3 °C	In-1 to In-4
Temperature TC-J	-200 °C to 1,000 °C	-200 to -60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 1,000 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C	In-1 to In-4
Temperature TC-K	-200 °C to 1,000 °C	-200 to -60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 1,000 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C	In-1 to In-4
Temperature TC-T	-200 °C to 400 °C	-200 to -60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 400 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C	In-1 to In-4
Voltage	0 to 1 V	± 0.5 %	In-1 to In-4
Voltage	0 to 50 mV	± 0.5 %	In-1 to In-4

DNL804

Sensor	Measurement Range	Accuracy
Current	4 to 20 mA	0.5 %

DNL808

Sensor	Measurement Range	Accuracy
Temperature NTC 10 K Ω	-50 to 150 °C	-50 to 60 °C: ± 0.3 °C 60 to 150 °C: ± 0.5 %

4.7.3. Sensor Connection

Connect the sensor/s to the terminal block/s at the top of data logger:



Figure 28: DataNet logger sensor inputs

Sensors do not have to be added successively. You may only configure In-4, or configure In-1 and In-3, for example, when setting up the logger via the software.



4.7.4. External PT-100 and NTC Sensor Connection

The PT-100 (for the DNL910, DNL920 and PA models) and NTC (for DNL808) sensors, as supplied by Fourier Systems comes pre-wired to the data logger's terminal block.

The PT-100 positive polarity (red) and ground (white) wires are connected to the + input of the terminal block. The negative polarity (black) wire is connected to the – input on the terminal block.

4.7.5. Programming Limitations for DNL910 and DNL920

The standard sampling rate for all sensors on all inputs is from a maximum of one sample every second to a minimum of one sample every two hours. However, there are certain limitations using a specific combination of sensors, which must be taken into account when programming the DataNet data loggers.

Note: The software integrates all programming limitations automatically when configuring the loggers.

Please refer to the table below for DataNet programming limitations, where:

PT100, Thermocouple J, K or T	= A
Internal Digital Temperature (on DNL920)	= B

Sensor Combination	Maximum Sampling Rate	Example Setup
3 x A 4 x A	One sample every three seconds	In-1: PT-100 In-2: TC-J



Sensor Combination	Maximum Sampling Rate	Example Setup
A + B		In-3: TC-J
(2 x A) + B (3 x A) + B	One sample every four seconds	Internal: Temp In-1: TC-T In-2: PT-100
(4 x A) + B	One sample every five seconds	Internal: Temp In-1: TC-T In-2: TC-J In-3: PT-100 In-4: PT-100

Table 1: Data Logger programming limitations

4.7.6. External Alarm Output

The DataNet system supports connection of an external alarm e.g. siren, audible alarm, to the Receiver external alarm input or to In-1 of the DNL910, DNL920 and PA model data loggers.

When connected to the Receiver, the external alarm will be activated whenever a logger on the network is in alarm status. When connected to the data logger, the external alarm will be activated only when that specific logger is in alarm status.

Once there is no alarm status, the external alarm will be deactivated.

Data Logger External Alarm

In-1 of the DNL910, DNL920 and PA models serves either as a standard sensor input or as an external alarm output.

Configure In-1 as **Alarm Normally Open** or **Alarm Normally Closed** in the logger Setup window in the DataNet software.



Normally Open will result in the alarm being activated during alarm status (the circuit will be closed).

Normally Closed will result in the alarm being activated when logger is not in alarm and therefore deactivated when there is an alarm (the circuit will be opened).

Connect In-1 to your external alarm device.

Use the **Alarm Setup** tab in the Setup dialog to define the logger alarm settings. If these settings are breached then the alarm will be activated.

Receiver External Alarm

By connecting the external alarm to the **Ext Alarm** input on the Receiver, any alarm on the entire network will activate the external alarm.

Use the **Alarm Setup** tab in the Setup dialog to define the logger alarm settings. Whenever the Receiver receives an alarm status from any logger on the network, the external alarm will be activated. No additional configuration in the software is required.

External Alarm Schematic

See the schematic below explaining how to hook up an external alarm to the DataNet unit.

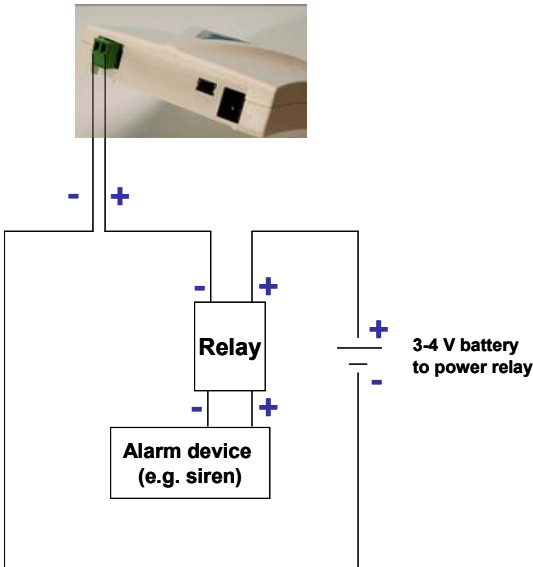


Figure 29: External alarm schematic

- + from DNR900 goes to – of the Relay inputs
- + of Relay input goes to battery that powers the Relay
- Load inputs of the Relay go to the Alarm device e.g. siren, lights, etc.
- - of the battery goes to – of DNR900.

Note: Maximum load of the Relay is 50 mA, 3 V.

Refer to Appendix A: DataNet Specifications for the full external alarm output specification.



4.7.7. Polarity

Current, voltage, thermocouples and user defined sensors have distinct polarity. Be careful to connect them in the right polarity.

4.7.8. Frequency/Pulse Counter

Connect the signal wires to In-4 terminal blocks, and select **Frequency** or **Pulse counter** for **Input 4** from the logger Setup window in the DataNet software. Inputs 1 to 3 are still available for other sensors.

The Frequency/Pulse counter is optically isolated from the internal circuitry and can simultaneously measure a signal source, together with another input.

4.7.9. User Defined Sensors

DataNet provides a simple and straightforward tool for defining a limited number of custom sensors. Almost any sensor or transducer with 0 – 1 V or 4 – 20 mA output is accepted by the DataNet logger and its electrical units are automatically scaled to meaningful user-defined engineering units.

The sensor definitions are stored in the logger's memory and are added to the sensors list. The sensor's readings are displayed in the user defined units only in the DataNet software. Future versions will also support displaying the user defined engineering units on the logger LCD.

Refer to section 5.7.1 for more details.



4.7.10. Sensor Alarms

Via the software, users can define minimum and maximum alarm levels for each input individually. Users can define pre-low and pre-high alarm levels, for an additional level of safety in case the logger is approaching an actual breach of alarm.

The DataNet logger display indicates when the sensor reading is in alarm of any type. The symbols AL-H, AL-L, AL-P-H or AL-P-L are visible next to the corresponding input readings.

Refer to section 5.15 for more details.

4.7.11. Sensor Calibration

The DataNet data logger is shipped fully calibrated. However, further calibration can be applied via the DataNet software.

The calibration parameters are sent to the data loggers wirelessly and stored in the logger's memory.

Users may calibrate individual input as well as all inputs at once. Calibration settings may be saved and then loaded into the logger at a later date if the calibration settings have changed.

Refer to section 5.15.4 for more details.

4.8. Unit Serial Number and Comment

Every DataNet data logger and Receiver/Repeater unit is embedded with a unique serial number.

The data logger only can be loaded with a descriptive comment to identify its task and location. You may add or edit the comment of any logger on the network via the DataNet software.



Every time data is transferred to the computer it is labeled both with the logger's serial number and comment and is displayed in the graph or data table view.

The unit serial number is also marked on a sticker on the back of the product.

4.9. Power Supply

4.9.1. DNR900 in Receiver Mode

The Receiver unit is powered via the USB port of the PC, when connected via the mini USB cable. In addition, the unit can run for a limited time (up to three hours) from an internal NiMh rechargeable battery. To charge the internal battery, connect the unit to the AC power supply supplied with the DNR900. The internal battery pack is generally used as a back up power supply in the event the external power supply fails.

Note: When in Receiver mode, the unit must be connected to external power at all times. While running on internal power, the unit will run for only several hours before shutting down and therefore shutting down the DataNet network which the Receiver is managing.

4.9.2. DNR800 and DNR900 in Repeater Mode

The DNR800 must be connected to external AC power at all times. This device does not have an internal battery so when the external power supply is disconnected the unit will shutdown.

When in Repeater mode, the DNR900 must be connected to external AC power at all times using the supplied AC charger.



Otherwise, when the internal backup batteries drains and shuts down the unit, all the end units dependent on the Repeater to transmit to the Receiver, will not be detected by the software. The user won't be able to monitor data readings from these units until the Repeater comes back online.

When connected to external power supply, the Repeater battery will not be charged when the unit is turned off. This will allow the system to protect the battery from overheating.

4.9.3. DNL910 and DNL920 Data Loggers

The DNL910, DNL920 and PA data loggers run from an internal NiMh rechargeable battery as well as from external AC power supply.

Note: The PA (power amplifier) models must be connected to AC power at all times due to the high power consumption of these units.

Depending on the logger configuration, from a fully charged battery, the non-PA data logger can run for up to several months. Refer to section 4.9.6 for more details on battery life.

Note: Charge the data logger units for 16 hours before using them for the first time.

When connected to external power supply, the data logger battery will not be charged when the unit is turned off. This will allow the system to protect the battery from overheating.

First Time Charging

From a fully drained battery, you must charge the battery for **16 hours** to bring it to a full charge. Once the charge cycle is complete, the logger will run from the external power supply, without draining (or charging) the internal battery. In order to



maintain a fully charged battery and ensure the battery doesn't self-discharge, the battery charger will daily charge the unit for a minute to maintain the battery capacity.

Note: Before storing the DataNet units make sure you have unplugged all the sensors and turned the units off via the keypad.

Standard Charging

When a logger is reconnected to the AC charger it will begin the 16-hour charge cycle, no matter what the status of the battery. Once the charging cycle is complete the logger will run from external power supply.

The one exception to this scenario is if the charger is reconnected within an hour of disconnection and the battery level is at least 90%. In this situation the charging process will not restart.

Effect of Charging Battery on Temperature Sensor

For loggers measuring data with the internal temperature sensor, it is critical to note that during the charge cycle the logger will heat up thereby causing the internal temperature sensor reading to rise by up to 10 °C above ambient temperature. Once the charging process is complete, the logger will cool down and the internal temperature sensor readings will return to normal.

For loggers remaining connected to AC power, to prevent the logger from heating up again following the initial charge cycle, the logger will receive a one minute *trickle charge* each day rather than stay continually charged. This is sufficient to ensure the logger doesn't self-discharge and will maintain the logger's full charge status.



4.9.4. DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 Data Loggers

The Mini DataNet loggers are powered by non-rechargeable internal 2/3 AA lithium batteries. There is no external power supply for these loggers.

Depending on the logger configuration, the battery can last up to 10 months before they need to be replaced.

Replacing the Mini DataNet Battery

To replace the batteries on the Mini DataNet loggers, follow these instructions:

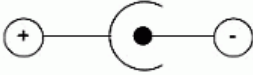
1. Stop the unit from the DataNet software.
2. Turn off the unit using the logger button.
3. Remove the two screws located on the top panel of the logger (where the antenna is connected) and with care pull out the internal compartment containing the logger circuit board and battery.
4. Remove and replace the battery, ensuring the correct polarity of the battery.
5. Push the internal compartment back into place.
6. Secure the panel with the two screws.

Note: With the DNL808 also disconnect the external sensor to avoid damaging it.

4.9.5. Power Adapter

The DataNet power adapter is used to power the DNR900, DNL910, DNL920 and PA model units. The mains adaptor (AC/DC adaptor) converts mains power (from a wall outlet) to a voltage suitable to the DataNet hardware unit.

- Output: Capacitor filtered 9 to 12 VDC, 300 mA
- Female plug, center negative



Note: Only use Fourier-supplied power adapters to avoid damaging the units with incorrect power supply.

4.9.6. Data Logger Battery Life

Battery life depends on the logger sampling rate, transmission rate, type of sensor, network architecture and number of measured sensors.

- DNL910 and DNL920 can last up to six months on a charged battery.
- DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 can last up to 10 months on a new battery.

The table below provides some example scenarios of standard logger configurations and expected battery life.

Logger Model	Sensor Setup	Sample Rate	Transmission Rate	Battery Life
DNL910	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Temperature • 4 x Thermocouple 	15 minutes	15 minutes	Five months
DNL910	1 x PT-100	15 minutes	15 minutes	Six months
DNL808	1 x NTC 10 KΩ	15 minutes	15 minutes	10 months



Logger Model	Sensor Setup	Sample Rate	Transmission Rate	Battery Life
DNL810	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Internal TemperatureInternal Humidity	15 minutes	15 minutes	10 months

Table 2: Data logger battery life scenarios

4.10. USB Communication Cable

A mini USB communication cable is supplied as part of the DataNet PC Suite. This cable has the following roles:

- To connect the Receiver to the DataNet PC workstation, allowing the Receiver to communicate with the DataNet software and manage the DataNet network.
- To power the Receiver when connected to the PC (the internal battery is not charged).
- To enable data download directly via USB for DNL910, DNL920 and PA model loggers.
- To enable firmware update directly via USB for DNL910, DNL920 and PA model loggers as well as DNR900.
- To enable shutdown directly via USB of DNL910, DNL920 and PA model loggers.

Note: The USB driver is installed as part of the software installation process. Without this driver the PC won't detect the Receiver. To avoid compatibility problems do not connect the Receiver to the PC before installing the USB driver.

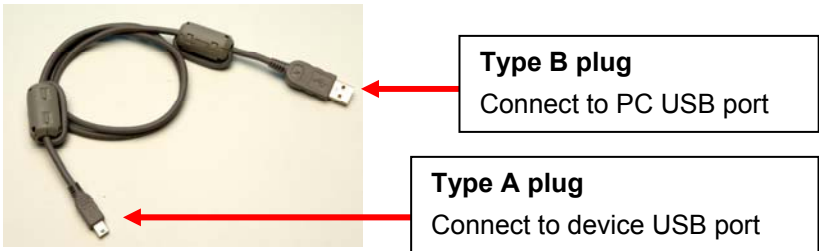


Figure 30: USB communication cable

4.11. DataNet Keypad Overview

Note: Explanations for DNL units also apply to the PA models

4.11.1. DNL910, DNL920 and DNR900 Keypad

The DNL910, DNL920 and DNR900 units each have two buttons on the keypad, used to navigate through the LCD menu options, as well as turn on the units.

Refer to section 4.12 to learn how to operate the data loggers and sections 4.13 and 4.15 to learn how to operate the Receiver and Repeater.



The **Menu** button  has two functionalities:

Navigate to the main menu. When pressed from within a submenu, the display will take you back to the main menu.

Selecting an option from one of the menus. When pressed on one of the main menu items, it will take you to the sub menu options.

The **Scroll** button  has two functionalities:

- When the unit is off, pressing this button will power the unit on.
- Scrolls through the menu options.

4.11.2. DNL804, DNL808, DNL810 and DNR800 Keypad

The Mini DataNet units have one button on the keypad. This button is multi-functional and is used to perform various functions such as:

- Turning on/off the unit
- Starting signal test






- Leaving the network
- Locating device icon in software Map View

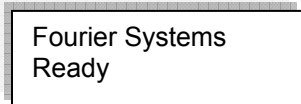
Refer to section 4.13 to learn how to operate the Mini DataNet and Mini Repeater devices.

4.12. Operating the DNL910 and DNL920

This section explains how to operate the DNL910, DNL920 and PA model loggers and provides an overview of the menu options on the units' LCD screen.

4.12.1. Turning on the Unit

In order to view the logger menu options, the unit must be powered on by pressing the **Scroll** button  on the keypad. Ensure the logger is charged or connected to the AC adapter. Once the unit is switched on it will emit a short beep and the screen will read *Search Parent* until the Parent unit e.g. Receiver, is detected. A welcome message is the displayed:



4.12.2. Display Shutdown

When the data logger is running from batteries only, if the screen is inactive for thirty seconds it will turn off. However the



logger will continue to operate in the background. Press the **Scroll** button to enable the LCD screen again. The screen will not turn off during firmware upgrade.

When connected to external power supply the logger screen will always stay on.

4.12.3. Joining a Network

When a logger is powered on or reset, it will automatically scan for a network after the welcome message has appeared.

There are four scenarios that can occur while scanning for a network:

Scenario 1: The unit can't find the last network that it was connected to. For example, the logger is a new unit which was never previously joined a network.

Scenario 2: The unit scans and finds the last network it was connected to, and joins that network.

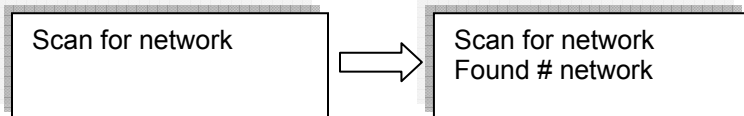
Scenario 3: The unit can't find any networks at all.

Scenario 4: The unit found a network but failed to join.

Read below for more details on each scenario.

Scenario 1

If the unit can't find the last network that it was connected to (for example, it's a new unit), the unit will display all the networks that are in range:



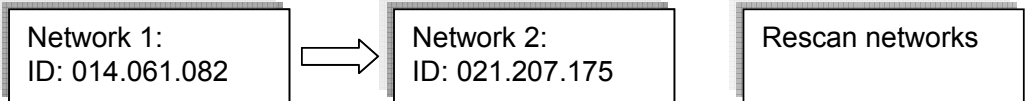
Where # is the number of networks found



Once the scan has been completed the following screen appears:

Scan complete

If more than one network was found, the user will need to select the network ID that he wants to connect to. The user uses the **Scroll** button to scroll through the Network IDs. The relevant network is selected using the **Enter** button.

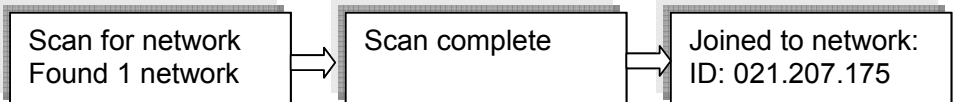


Once the network has been selected the following screen will be displayed.

Joined network:
ID: 021.207.175

To rescan the networks, simply select the **Rescan Networks** option and the logger will start the scanning process again.

If only one network was found the system will automatically connect to that network without the user needing to select the network manually.





The logger display will return to the welcome message, which consists of the logger name (editable via the software) and the network status:

- **Ready** - If connection to the DataNet software is established.
- **Software is down** - If established connection to the Receiver but the DataNet software is down (PC is off, software is not open, etc.)
- **No Parent Signal** – The parent unit, either the Receiver or Repeater, is not detected by the logger therefore the logger is not transmitting its data to the network.

Fourier Systems
Ready

Fourier Systems
Software is down

Fourier Systems
No Parent Signal

The logger will continue to search for the parent unit (at specific intervals) and the screen will continue to read *Search Parent* until the parent is found.

Scenario 2

When the unit scans for networks and finds the last network that it was connected to it will automatically connect to the last known network.

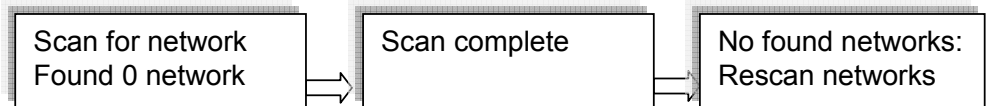
Joined Network:
ID: 021.207.175

As in Scenario 1, the logger display will then return to the welcome message displaying the unit name and status.

Scenario 3

The system can't find any networks at all.

If no networks were found, the unit will display the following screens.



Scenario 4

The unit found a network but failed to join.

The unit will perform up to 99 retries to join the network before scanning for networks again. Press any of the unit buttons to cease the attempts to join the network.

A unit may fail to join a network if it is far from the Receiver, requiring several hops to reach the Receiver, or the network itself is large with many units. The attempt to join a network is made in under a second in real-time and on high traffic network, it may result in failure to join.

Moving the unit closer to the Receiver can help the logger to join successfully. If the logger still can't join, form a new network or contact Fourier technical support.

4.12.4. Main Menu Options

There are three menu categories on the data logger:

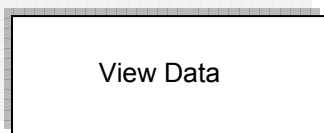
- View Data
- Status
- Min/Max Values

Note: If the unit is not in Run mode only the Status menu options will be available.



Press the **Menu** button to reach the main menu display. Scroll through the main menu options (View Data, Status and Min/Max Values) using the **Scroll** button. Once you reach the main menu option you need, press **Enter** to select that option and enter the sub menus.

View Data Menu



Note: **View Data** is the default page *when the unit is running*.

If there is more than one sensor running, the screen will auto scroll between the sensors showing the sensor name and sensor value. These are real-time displays.

The display will switch back to the View Data screen after five minutes if none of logger buttons have been pressed.

If the sensor breached any of the predefined alarm levels, then the alarm symbol will be displayed alongside the data reading.

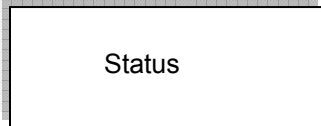
For example:



The logger display alarm symbols are:

- **AL-HI** : Alarm High
- **AL-Lo** : Alarm Low
- **AL-P-H** : Pre Alarm High
- **AL-P-L** : Pre Alarm Low

Status Menu



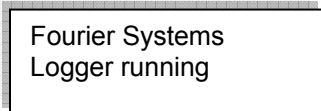
The Status menu contains the following sub menus, all reachable by using the **Scroll** button.

The sub menus are outlined below in the order in which they appear on the logger display.

Name and Status

As explained previously, the unit name (or Comment) is displayed on the first row and the second row indicates the logger status.

If the logger is running, then the following screen is displayed.



Mark Unit on PC

To indicate the logger icon in the software's Map View, press the **Enter** button when this screen is displayed. The logger's icon located in the Map View will blink a number of times.

Batt Level (battery level)

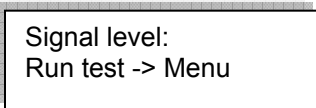
If the power adapter is not connected the battery percentage will be displayed.

If the power adapter is connected **Battery charging** will be displayed.



Signal Level Test

The Signal Level test allows the user to check the signal strength and quality of the link between the logger and its parent unit. This test is used to determine optimal positioning of the logger during deployment.



By pressing the **Menu** button the unit will show the signal level and link quality in percentage terms.

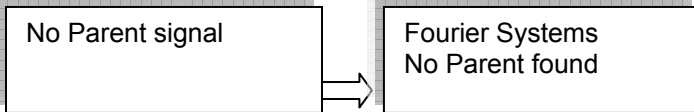
If there is no connection with a parent unit, an Out of range message will be displayed.



- **Signal level:** Indicates the reception level between end unit and parent unit. If the level falls below 20% then the logger should be placed in a better location or a Repeater should be added.
- **Link quality:** Calculation of the data transmitted with no errors from the logger to the parent unit. If the level falls between 85% then the logger should be placed in a better location or a Repeater should be added. The lower the link quality %, the more retries are needed in order for the logger to send all of its data.

Note: The signal level may be low but the link quality can still be 100%.

You will not be able to run the Signal Level test when the logger has lost its connection to the network. If you tried, then the following screens are displayed:



Firmware Version

This menu informs the user of the logger firmware version. This is helpful when you need to upgrade the system firmware, to check the current version. Or when contacting Fourier technical support, with any technical issues.

Firmware version:
2.03.04.**02.30**.00

The firmware version is commonly referred to by the numbers in bold in the screen above. For example, the firmware version which is supported by this user guide is v2.30.

S/N

This menu displays the unit's eight digit SN.

S/N 12345678



Network Data

This menu displays the unique network ID to which the unit is currently connected. This ID will match the network ID displayed in the software in the Receiver icon's tooltip in the Map View.

Network data:
ID: 014.061.082

Device Mode

There are two possible device modes:

- Logger
Device is operating as standard data logger
- Logger – Repeater
Device is operating as a Short Range Repeater. Refer to section 3.8.5 for more details.

Leave Network

If this option is selected, the unit will first leave the network and then reset itself. The scan network procedure described in section 4.12.3 will begin. The only exception to this procedure is that even if the last connected network is found during the scan, the unit will not automatically connect to it.

Leave network



Note: If the logger was in Run mode prior to sending the Leave Network command the software will download all data from the unit first and then force it to leave the network.

Reset Unit

When the unit is reset, upon start up it will automatically scan for networks. The unit will automatically connect to the previously connected network assuming it was found in the network scan.

Following reset the unit will continue to operate according to its last set up instruction. For example, if the logger was in Run mode, then after reset it will continue to run and record data.

Turn Off Unit

Selecting this option will shut the unit down. You can turn the unit on again by pressing the **Scroll** button.

It is recommended to turn off the unit when it is not in use.

Turn off unit

Note: Turning off the logger when in Short Range Repeater mode can have adverse affects on your network, as other units may be dependent on the Repeater for transmitting its data to the Receiver. To prevent the SRR from being a point of failure if shut off, ensure the network is robust enough by having alternative routes for the end units to reach the Receiver.

Min/Max Values Menu

Each sensor's minimum/maximum readings (taken from the current logging session) will be displayed on two rows.



The first row indicates the sensor type, along with the measurement units e.g. V, and the alarm indication if there is an active alarm on this sensor.

The second row indicates the minimum and maximum measured value and the units. H and L represent High and Low values, respectively.

In-TMP °C
26.06H 25.61L

4.12.5. Additional Logger Screens

Unit Beep

When the DataNet software activates the Call Unit feature, the logger will beep and the following screen will be displayed:

Unit Beep Fourier Systems

Refer to section 5.13.5 for more details.

No Parent Signal

When a logger's parent unit, such as a Repeater or Receiver, goes offline then the following screen is immediately displayed on the logger:

No Parent signal

For example, this could happen if the Receiver managing the network has formed a new network, so there is no Receiver managing the previous network. Or if the parent unit is a



Repeater, and it goes offline, then the logger will display this message.

Once it has determined that the parent signal is lost, it will try to establish a connection with the network via another Repeater but if it fails then the following screen is displayed:

```
Fourier Systems
No Parent found
```

You will have to leave the network and rescan for a new network.

Loading Firmware

When updating the firmware of the data logger via the software's Firmware Update Center, the logger screen will display the update progress. When complete the main logger status screen will be displayed.

Also refer to Chapter 6: Updating DataNet Software and Firmware.

```
Loading firmware
Progress: 55%
```

Note: Logger must be in Stop mode before firmware can be updated.



4.13. Operating the Mini DataNet DNL804, DNL808, and DNL810 and DNR800

Note: Mini DataNet keypad functionality has changed with the release of firmware version 2.30.

This section explains how to operate the DNL804, DNL808, DNL810 and DNR800 Mini DataNet units using the multi-functional button on the logger front panel. There is no LCD screen on the Mini DataNet models.

Ensure the device Serial Number has been added to the Device Filter before continuing. Refer to section 3.5.3.

A useful tip for remembering the LED functionality is that a green LED indicates a logger turning on or joining a network, and a red LED indicates a logger is shutting down or leaving a network.

4.13.1. Turning Mini DataNet Units Off

DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810

To conserve battery, the Mini DataNet LED does not provide an indication of on/off status. If you wish to operate the logger it is best to first be sure the unit is turned off before continuing.

To turn the unit off:

1. Press and hold the logger button until the LED emits a fixed, red light for at least three seconds.
2. Release the logger button.



DNR800

The DNR800 Mini Repeater is powered by external AC power supply only. There is no battery backup. When disconnected the unit is shutdown immediately and is disconnected from the network.

4.13.2. Turning Mini DataNet Units On and Joining a Network

DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810

The action of turning on a unit means that it will also join a network.

When the unit is off:

1. Give the logger button a short press.
2. The logger will search for a network. The LED will blink green at one second intervals until either of the following two scenarios occurs:
 - **The logger automatically finds a network.** The LED will be fixed green for five seconds and the logger icon will display and blink for eight seconds in the software Map View.

The logger will connect to the first network it find which recognizes its Serial Number, as entered in the Device Filter.



- **The logger doesn't find a network.** After 60 seconds of failed attempts to find a network, the logger will shut down.

Note: The logger won't find a network if its serial network wasn't entered in the Device Filter, the Receiver isn't online or if the network is locked (go to the Network menu to unlock).

3. Once the logger has joined the network you may configure it to start recording data. Refer to section 5.14.

DNR800

The DNR800 functionality for joining a network is the same as for the other Mini DataNet units. The only difference is that to turn on the Mini Repeater, you can also just connect the unit to its external power supply. When turned on it will automatically search for networks.

4.13.3. Rescanning for Networks

If the unit has joined another network i.e. not yours, then you will have to leave that network and rescan for new networks. This requires first shutting off the unit and then leaving the current network.

1. Make sure the unit serial number is entered into the Device Filter.
2. Turn the unit off by pressing and holding the unit button until the LED emits a fixed, red light for at least three seconds.
3. Release the unit button.
4. To leave the network, press the unit button again for three seconds. The LED will blink red three times to indicate Leave Network command has been received. The unit icon will be removed from the software Map View.



5. To rescan for network, give the unit button a short press. The unit will search for a network and will indicate it has joined a network by emitting a solid green LED for five seconds.

Note: If there are multiple DataNet networks in your environment make sure that the unit SN is listed in the Device Filter of only one of these networks, otherwise you can't control which network it will join first and you will have to rescan the networks several times.

4.13.4. Leave Network

To leave the current network, when the unit is on:

1. Press and hold the unit button until the LED emits a fixed, red light for at least three seconds.
2. Release the unit button.
3. To leave the network, press the unit button again for three seconds. The LED will blink red three times to indicate Leave Network command has been received. The unit icon will be removed from the software Map View. The unit is now off.

4.13.5. Running Signal Test

You may run a signal test on the logger or Mini Repeater to check the signal strength to the parent unit.

Right-click the unit icon on the Map View and select the **Signal Test** option. The signal test will be performed on the unit with the following parameters indicating signal quality:

- Good: LED blinks orange at for 0.5 second intervals
- Low: LED blinks orange at one second intervals
- Unit is out of range: LED emits steady orange light

Note: Power consumption of logger battery during signal test increases significantly so do not overuse this feature.

4.13.6. Call Unit from Software


To locate the unit via the software, right-click the unit icon on the Map View and select the **Call Device (LED)** option. The unit LED will alternate between slow green and red blinks and after several blinks it will stop.

4.14. Operating the DNR900 in Receiver Mode


This section explains how to operate the Receiver using the menu options on the units' LCD screen, as how to change the DNR900 unit type from Receiver to Repeater.

4.14.1. Turning on the Unit

In order to view the Receiver menu options, the unit must be

turned on by pressing the **Scroll** button  on the keypad. Ensure the unit is charged or connected to the AC adapter.

Once the unit is turned on it will display a series of status messages, finishing with the welcome screen below:



```
Receiver
ID: 021.180.012
```



4.14.2. Receiver Menus

When the unit is selected to work as a Receiver (as opposed to working as a Repeater) the following menus are displayed on the unit.

Unit Name

When the unit is switched on the following screen is displayed, indicating unit mode (Receiver) and the unique network ID formed by this Receiver.

```
Receiver
ID: 021.180.012
```

Receiver version

This menu informs the user of the Receiver firmware version. This is helpful when you need to upgrade the system firmware, to check the current version. Or when contacting Fourier technical support, with any technical issues.

Change Unit Type to Repeater

Refer to section 4.14.3 for more details.

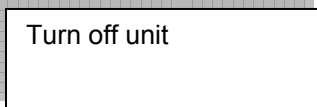
Reset Unit

When the unit is reset, upon start up it will reconnect the network it previously formed and managed.

```
Reset unit
```

Turn Off Unit

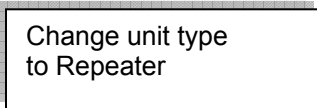
Selecting this option will shut the unit down. You can turn the unit on again by pressing the **Scroll** button. When the Receiver is shutdown the network will be down as well, as the end units won't be able to transmit to the Receiver.



It is recommended to turn off the unit when it is not in use.

4.14.3. Changing Receiver to Repeater

Scroll through the Receiver menu until you reach the menu **Change Unit Type to Repeater**.



Press the **Enter** button to proceed with changing the unit to Repeater mode. Once you perform this action, any network the unit may have formed while in Receiver mode will be down, and you will need to form a new network with another Receiver unit, and join your existing loggers to that new network.

Note: Once you change the Receiver to a Repeater, you will only be able to download data from loggers on the Receiver's network via direct USB connection or by using the Substitute Receiver feature (see section 4.15.6).

Once the unit is in Repeater mode, you will need to leave the network it is connected to, and scan for a new network. Only



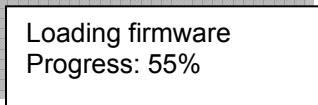
once the Repeater joins the network will other units on that network detect it.

Refer to section 4.15 for more details on operating a Repeater and joining a new network.

4.14.4. Additional Receiver Screens

Loading Firmware

When updating the firmware of the Receiver via the software's Firmware Update Center, the Receiver screen will display the update progress. When complete the main Receiver status screen will be displayed.




4.15. Operating the DNR900 in Repeater Mode

This section explains how to operate the Repeater and provides an overview of the menu options on the units' LCD screen.

Refer to section 4.14.3 to learn how to switch the DNR900 from Receiver to Repeater mode.

4.15.1. Turning on the Unit

In order to view the Repeater menu options, the unit must be turned on by pressing the **Scroll** button  on the keypad. Ensure the unit is connected to the AC adapter.



Once the unit is switched on it will emit a short beep and the screen will display a welcome message:

Fourier Systems
Ready

4.15.2. Display Shutdown

When the Repeater is running from batteries only, if the screen is inactive for thirty seconds it will turn off. However the Repeater will continue to operate in the background. Press the **Scroll** button to enable the LCD screen again. The screen will not turn off during firmware upgrade.

When connected to external power supply the Repeater screen will always stay on.

4.15.3. Joining a Network

When a Repeater is powered on or reset, it will automatically scan for a network after the welcome message has appeared.

There are four scenarios that can occur while scanning for a network:

Scenario 1: The unit can't find the last network that it was connected to. For example, the Repeater is a new unit which was never previously joined a network.

Scenario 2: The unit scans and finds the last network it was connected to, and joins that network.

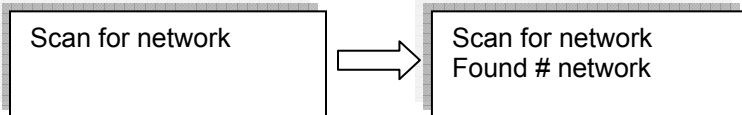
Scenario 3: The unit can't find any networks at all.

Scenario 4: The unit found a network but failed to join.

Read below for more details on each scenario.

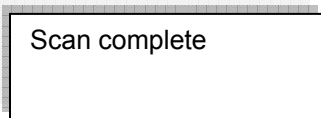
Scenario 1

If the unit can't find the last network that it was connected to (for example, it's a new unit), the unit will display all the networks that are in range:

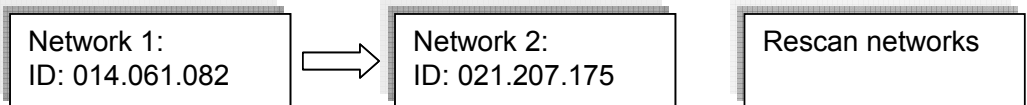


Where # is the number of networks found

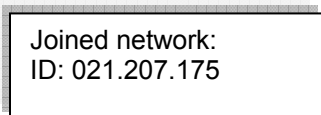
Once the scan has been completed the following screen appears:



If more than one network was found, the user will need to select the network ID that he wants to connect to. The user uses the **Scroll** button to scroll through the Network IDs. The relevant network is selected using the **Enter** button.



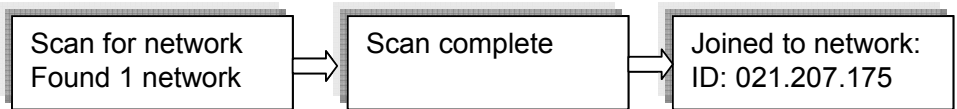
Once the network has been selected the following screen will be displayed.





To rescan the networks, simply select the Rescan Networks option and the logger will start the scanning process again.

If only one network was found the system will automatically connect to that network without the user needing to select the network manually.



The Repeater display will return to the welcome message, which consists of the Repeater name (editable via the software) and the network status:

Ready - If connection to the DataNet software is established.

Software is down - If established connection to the Receiver but the DataNet software is down (PC is off, software is not open, etc.)

No Parent Signal – The parent unit, either the Receiver or another Repeater, is not detected by the Repeater therefore it is not transmitting its data to the network.

Fourier Systems
Ready

Fourier Systems
Software is down

Fourier Systems
No Parent Signal

The Repeater will continue to search for the parent unit (at specific intervals) and the screen will continue to read *Search Parent* until the parent is found.



Scenario 2

When the system scans for networks and finds the last network that it was connected to it will automatically connect to the last known network.

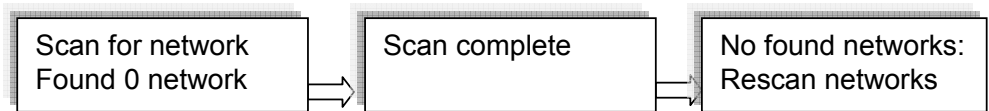
```
Joined Network:  
ID: 021.207.175
```

As in Scenario 1, the logger display will then return to the welcome message displaying the unit name and status.

Scenario 3

The system can't find any networks at all.

If no networks were found, the unit will display the following screens.





Scenario 4

The unit found a network but failed to join.

The unit will perform up to 99 retries to join the network before scanning for networks again. Press any of the unit buttons to cease the attempts to join the network.

A unit may fail to join a network if it is far from the Receiver, requiring several hops to reach the Receiver, or the network itself is large with many units. The attempt to join a network is made in under a second in real-time and on high traffic network, it may result in failure to join.

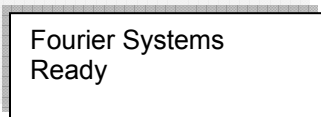
Moving the unit closer to the Receiver can help the logger to join successfully. If the logger still can't join, form a new network or contact Fourier technical support.

4.15.4. Menu Options

Use the **Scroll** button to scroll through the menu options.

Name and Status

The unit name is displayed on the first row and the second row indicates the Repeater status.



Mark Unit on PC

To indicate the Repeater icon in the software's Map View, press the **Enter** button when this screen is displayed. The Repeater's icon located in the Map View will blink a number of times.

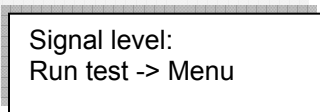
Batt Level (battery level)

- If the power adapter is not connected the battery percentage will be displayed.
- If the power adapter is connected **Battery charging** will be displayed.



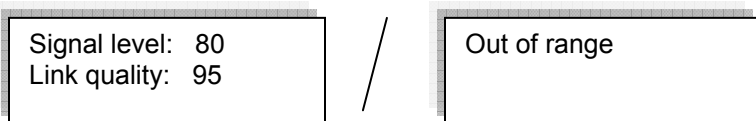
Signal Level Test

The Signal Level test allows the user to check the signal strength and quality of the link between the Repeater and its parent unit. This test is used to determine optimal positioning of the Repeater during deployment.



By pressing the **Menu** button the unit will show the signal level and link quality in percentage terms.

If there is no connection with a parent unit, an Out of range message will be displayed.



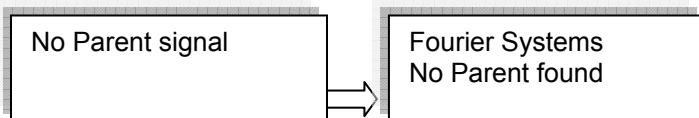
- **Signal level:** Indicates the reception level between end unit and parent unit. If the level falls below 20% then the logger should be placed in a better location or another Repeater should be added.



- **Link quality:** Calculation of the data transmitted with no errors from the Repeater to the parent unit. If the level falls between 85% then the Repeater should be placed in a better location or another Repeater should be added. The lower the link quality %, the more retries are needed in order for the Repeater to send all of its data.

Note: The signal level may be low but the link quality can still be 100%.

You will not be able to run the Signal Level test when the Repeater has lost its connection to the network. If you tried, then the following screens are displayed:



Firmware Version

This menu informs the user of the Repeater firmware version. This is helpful when you need to upgrade the system firmware, to check the current version. Or when contacting Fourier technical support, with any technical issues.

Firmware version:
1.03.01.**02.30**.00

The firmware version is commonly referred to by the numbers in bold in the screen above. For example, the firmware version which is supported by this user guide is v2.30.



S/N

This menu displays the unit's eight digit SN.

S/N 12345678

Network Data

This menu displays the unique network ID to which the unit is currently connected. This ID will match the network ID displayed in the software in the Receiver icon's tooltip in the Map View.

Network data:
ID: 014.061.082

Go to Substitute Receiver Mode

Refer to section 4.15.6 for more details.

Change Unit Type to Receiver

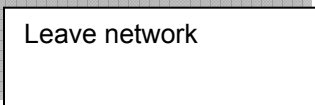
Select this option to change your unit from Repeater to Receiver mode. A new network ID will be formed.

Change unit type
to Receiver

Press the **Enter** button to proceed with changing the unit to Receiver mode.

Leave Network

If this option is selected, the unit will first leave the network and then reset itself. The scan network procedure described in section 4.12.3 will begin. The only exception to this procedure is that even if the last connected network is found during the scan, the unit will not automatically connect to it.



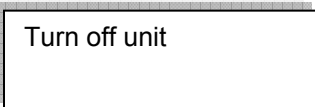
Reset Unit

When the unit is reset, upon start up it will automatically scan for networks. The unit will automatically connect to the previously connected network assuming it was found in the network scan.

Turn Off Unit

Selecting this option will shut the unit down. You can turn the unit on again by pressing the **Scroll** button.

It is recommended to turn off the unit when it is not in use.



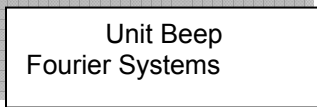
Note: Turning off the Repeater can have adverse affects on your network, as other units may be dependent on the Repeater for transmitting its data to the Receiver. To prevent the Repeater from being a point of failure if shut off, ensure the network is robust enough by having alternative routes for the end units to reach the Receiver.



4.15.5. Additional Repeater Screens

Unit Beep

When the DataNet software activates the Call Unit feature, the Repeater will beep and the following screen will be displayed:

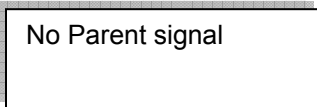


Unit Beep
Fourier Systems

Refer to section 5.13.5 for more details.

No Parent Signal/No Parent Found

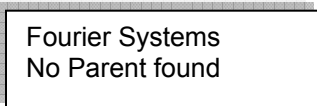
When a Repeater's parent unit, such as another Repeater or the Receiver, goes offline then the following screen is immediately displayed on the logger:



No Parent signal

For example, this could happen if the Receiver managing the network has formed a new network, so there is no Receiver managing the previous network. Or if the parent unit is a Repeater, and it goes offline, then this Repeater will display the message above.

Once it has determined that the parent signal is lost, it will try to establish a connection with the network via another Repeater but if it fails then the following screen is displayed:



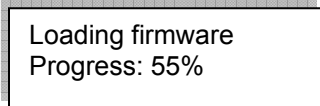
Fourier Systems
No Parent found



You will have to leave the current network and rescan for a new network.

Loading Firmware

When updating the firmware of the Repeater via the software's Firmware Update Center, the Repeater screen will display the update progress. When complete the main Repeater screen will be displayed.



4.15.6. Working in Substitute Receiver Mode

In the event that the network Receiver suffers hardware failure, is damaged or cannot operate for any reason, the DataNet network cannot function as an online monitoring system.

In such an event any network with a functioning Repeater can restore network functionality i.e. transmission of data from logger to software, by using the Repeater to temporarily replace the Receiver.

By doing so, the Repeater will be defined as a *Substitute Receiver*, maintaining the original network ID, and full Receiver functionality except for the ability to add new loggers to the network. Until a new, permanent Receiver is obtained, this feature provides an excellent backup enabling continuous data transfer preventing the time consuming task of moving all devices to a new network.

To enable Substitute Receiver mode:

1. Ensure the original network Receiver is switched off.



2. Connect the Repeater to the PC via mini-USB cable.
3. From the Repeater menu, select **Go to Substitute Receiver mode**.
4. The LCD screen will display *Sub Receiver* and the network ID. To move to standard Repeater mode, select **Change unit type to Repeater** from the menu.

4.16. Data Logger Memory Management

All DataNet data loggers operate using a cyclic memory mechanism. When the logger memory is full, the logger will not stop recording data. It will continue by writing over the first samples recorded to the logger memory.

As DataNet is an online monitoring system, the logger data is regularly transmitted to the Receiver, so any erased samples will already be safely recorded to the DataNet data file folders.

The only scenario where data may be erased is if the Receiver is offline for a period longer than the data logger's Recording Time (as displayed in the Setup dialog). The Recording Time indicates how long the logger can record data for until the memory is full. In this case, the logger memory will fill up and due to the cyclic mechanism, start erasing the first recorded samples. Any samples not transmitted to the computer will be permanently lost. It must be noted that this scenario is highly unlikely.

Chapter 5:

Using the DataNet Software

This chapter provides detailed description of the DataNet software features, allowing you to manage your DataNet network and perform a variety of actions on your data loggers, such as setup, calibration, defining new sensors, managing Email and SMS notifications, configuring reports, firmware updates and so on.



5.1. Installing DataNet Software

Part of your DataNet package includes a DataNet software CD. Follow the software installation instructions provided below.

5.1.1. System Requirements

To work with DataNet your system should be configured according to the following specifications:

Software

- Windows XP SP2, Windows Server 2003 SP2, Windows Vista (32-bit) or Windows 7 (32-bit)
- Internet Explorer 5.01 or higher
- Minimum screen resolution: 1024 x 768 (800 x 600 not supported)



Hardware

- Pentium 800 MHz or higher
- 512 MB RAM
- 250 MB available disk space for the DataNet application

5.1.2. Language Support

DataNet currently supports English, Italian, French and Spanish language interface. Additional languages will be added in future DataNet versions.

To toggle the software language, go to **Help > Language**. You must then exit DataNet for the changes to take effect.

5.1.3. Installation Procedure

Please read these instructions before proceeding with the installation process.

1. Insert the DataNet software CD into your computer's CD drive. The DataNet Installation Wizard automatically starts running.
2. The Wizard first installs **Microsoft .NET Framework 2.0**. The DataNet software requires this platform in order to run. Follow the installation instructions to install the .NET Framework on your PC. This step can take up to two minutes to complete. Click **Finish** once installation is complete.

Note: If .Net Framework is already installed on your computer this step is skipped.

3. The main DataNet Installation Wizard now resumes. Follow the installation instructions to install DataNet on your computer.

- Following DataNet software installation is the Silicon Laboratories USB driver installation. The driver is necessary for the computer to detect the DataNet Receiver hardware.

Follow the on-screen instructions to continue the installation process. The default installation location is *C:\SiLabs*.

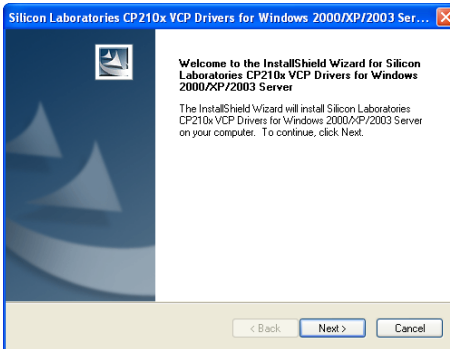


Figure 31: Installing Silicon Labs USB driver – Step 1

- During the driver installation, the following window will pop up. Make sure to select the checkbox to launch the driver installer, and click **Finish**.

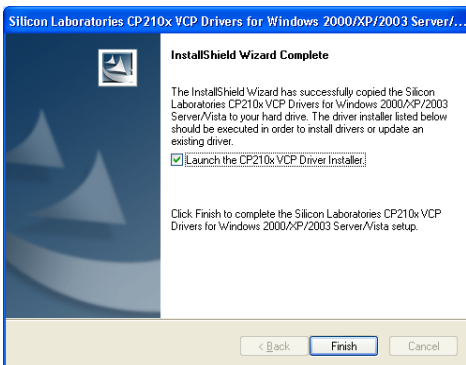


Figure 32: Installing Silicon Labs USB driver – Step 2

6. In the subsequent window, click **Install** to install the driver.

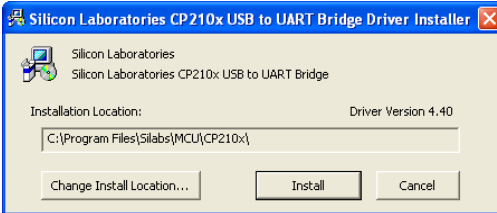


Figure 33: Installing Silicon Labs USB driver – Step 3

The installation of the driver could take up to one minute or more, depending on the system.

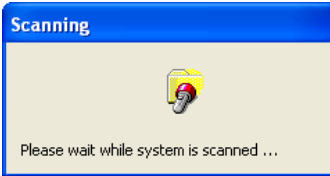


Figure 34: Installing Silicon Labs USB driver – Step 4

7. Once installed click **Finish** to close the USB driver Install Wizard dialog.
8. The DataNet software and components have now been installed. Double click the DataNet shortcut on your



Launch
DataNet

desktop to launch the software.

9. The DataNet software registration window will open. Select the option to continue to DataNet and work in Trial mode. The registration can be completed at a later stage.
10. You will be prompted to confirm the location of the DataNet data files and DataNet data text files folders. The



default location is C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet. Click **OK**, or modify the path and then click **OK**.

11. Once DataNet opens, connect the DataNet Receiver to a USB port on your computer. It will automatically detect the Receiver as new hardware. After a few seconds you will see a message stating that the device is ready for use. You may now begin to configure your DataNet network.

5.1.4. Working with Multiple User Accounts

If the computer running DataNet will be accessed by more than one user account e.g. Administrator, User1 and User2, to ensure stable operation of the DataNet system, the DataNet directory should be shared with full read/write permissions for all users.

Otherwise, any user who is not an Administrator won't have access to the Settings.dns file located in the DataNet directory and won't be able to access logger data, and when starting the DataNet all units may appear offline.

5.1.5. Installation Troubleshooting

When connected to the PC USB port the Receiver was not detected by the software.

Ensure that the USB driver was installed properly.

Go to **Control Panel > Add/Remove Programs** (in WinXP), and check that the driver is installed:





If not, you should run the Silicon Labs setup file to install the USB driver: CP210x_VCP_Win2K_XP_S2K3.exe setup.exe to install the driver.

If the driver is installed, ensure that there is no other device sharing the USB com port with the DataNet Receiver.

If you didn't select the **Launch CP210x VCP Driver Installer** checkbox during step 2 of the driver installation wizard (see section 5.1.2), then the driver wasn't installed. Run the wizard again and be sure to select the checkbox.

5.2. DataNet Software Registration

From DataNet v2.0.0.0, Fourier Systems requires all DataNet software to be registered within 30 days of installation, using a serial number provided with purchase of the DataNet PC-SUITE.

Note: The software activation feature will enable Fourier to eliminate any unauthorized DataNet software installations and prevent distribution of pirated CDs containing the software.

When the initial 30 day Trial period is over, the user will not be able to operate the software until a valid serial number is registered.

Please note that:

- Each serial number is good for unlimited installations on a single computer. You cannot install the software using the same serial number on another computer.

If you have replaced your computer and must reinstall DataNet using the same serial number, contact Fourier Customer Support for assistance.



- Registration can be performed from the computer with DataNet installed, or if there is no Internet connection from that computer, then via another computer with Internet connectivity.

5.2.1. Software Registration Process

Note: The software registration forms are all case sensitive. Incorrect entry will result in invalid registration.

Whether installing DataNet for the first time or upgrading from a previous version, from v2.0.0.0 all users must register the software. To register DataNet, follow the instructions below:

1. Locate the software serial number (SN). The SN label is found on the PC SUITE box as well as on the software CD case.

Note: If you cannot locate your serial number, contact your Fourier distributor or Fourier Customer Support directly.

2. Launch DataNet. The registration wizard will open, displaying the number of days remaining in the Trial period.

To open the registration wizard from within DataNet go to **Help > Register**.

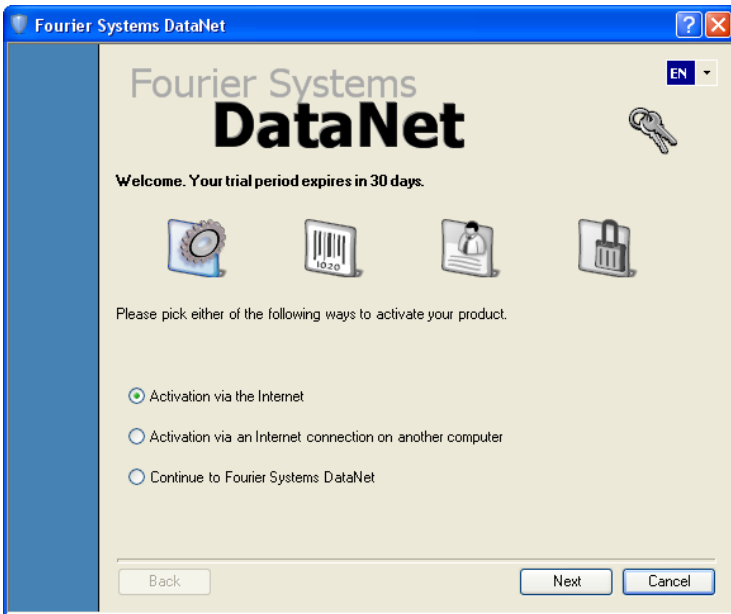


Figure 35: Software registration wizard

3. The wizard presents three choices. Select the relevant option and click **Next** to proceed:
 - **Activation via the Internet**
Select to proceed with registration on the same computer on which DataNet is running, ensuring it has a live Internet connection.
 - **Activation via an Internet connection on another computer**
Select if the computer on which DataNet is running does not currently have Internet connectivity.



- **Continue to Fourier Systems DataNet**

Select to exit the registration process and continue working in DataNet. You will continue to work in Trial mode.

4. After selecting one of the two available options for continuing with the registration process, and after clicking Next in step 3 above, you will be prompted to enter the software SN. Enter the SN and click **Next**.

Note: Each serial number provides a single user license. You cannot use a serial number already registered on another computer.

5. The registration process now differs, depending on which option was selected in step 3 above. Read the relevant section below for further registration instructions.

Activation via the Internet

1. After entering the software serial number, a window requesting basic personal information will open. Enter the mandatory fields and click **Next**.

A screenshot of a software registration window titled "Fourier Systems DataNet". The window has a blue title bar and a light beige background. At the top, it says "Fourier Systems DataNet" with a language dropdown set to "EN" and a key icon. Below this is the section "Personal Information" with four icons: a gear, a barcode, a person, and a padlock. A message reads: "In order to be able to better assist you in the future we'll appreciate if you take a few minutes to fill out your personal information." The form contains fields for Name, Company, Email, Phone, Industry, State, City, Zip, Street, and Country. Each field has a red asterisk indicating it is required. There is a checkbox for "Sign up for the weekly newsletter" which is checked. At the bottom are "Back", "Next", and "Close" buttons.

Figure 36: Personal information registration window

2. DataNet will now establish communication with the Fourier Systems server to complete the registration process. If successful, a confirmation message will appear. In the event of any problem in the registration process, please contact your Fourier distributor or Fourier Customer Support.
3. Click **Close** to return to the DataNet software.

Activation via Internet Connection on another Computer

1. After entering the software serial number, a window providing additional registration instructions will open.

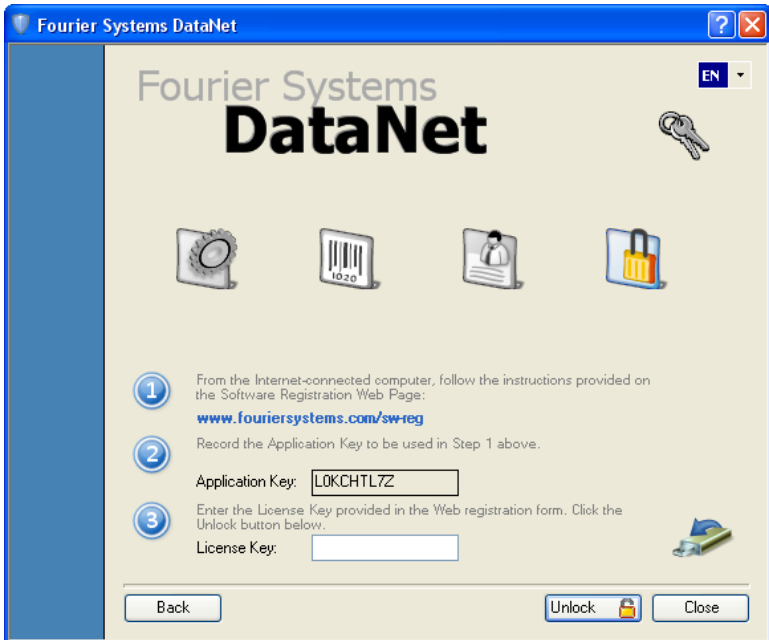



Figure 37: Activating DataNet from another computer

2. Follow the steps as outlined in the window.

Note: It is recommended to generate a text file containing both the Application Key and the Web registration form



URL. Press the  icon. Transfer this file to the computer with Internet connection, as the registration process must be continued from there.



3. Record the License Key obtained from the Web registration form. Enter it into the License Key field in Step 3 and click **Unlock**.
4. DataNet will now establish communication with the Fourier Systems server to complete the registration process. If successful, a confirmation message will appear. In the event of any problem in the registration process, please contact your Fourier distributor or Fourier Customer Support.
5. Click **Close** to return to the DataNet software.

5.3. DataNet Software Layout

This section provides an overview of the default DataNet window view as well as a guide to all of the icons available throughout the software.


The most commonly used tools and commands are displayed on two toolbars. Tools that relate to all aspects of the program are located in the main (upper) toolbar. Tools specific to the graphs are located on the graph (lower) toolbar.

Refer to section 5.3.5 for a description of these toolbars

5.3.1. Map View

When DataNet is first launched, the default window that is opened is the Map View (see screenshot below).

You can also switch to Map View at any time by clicking the

Map View button  in the main toolbar. In addition, the Map View can be printed.

This view is used to monitor the location and network connection of all of the data loggers and Repeaters in the network, in addition to the Receiver.



Icons are used to represent each of the DataNet units, and using the mouse the user can select specific actions to be performed on the unit.

Name tags can also be displayed for each icon on the Map View.

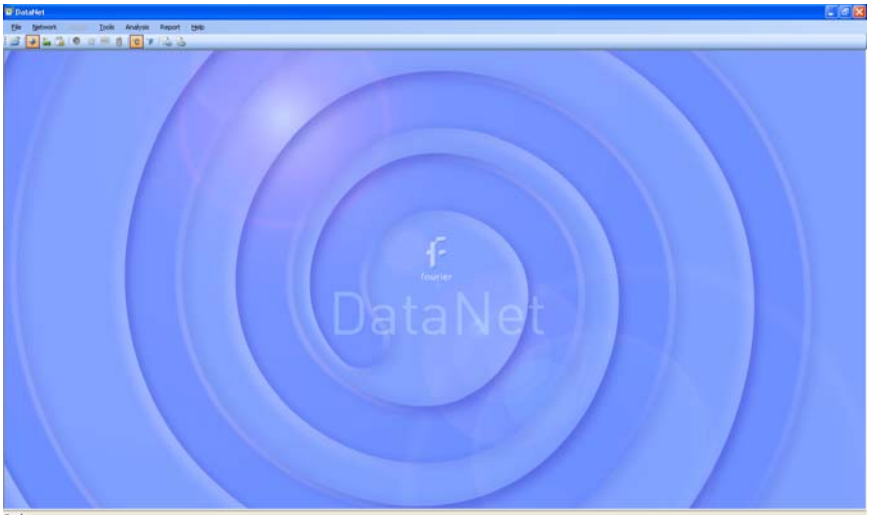



Figure 38: Main window - Map View desktop

Refer to section 5.13 for more details on working in Map View.

5.3.2. Sensor View

Clicking the **Sensor View** button  in the main toolbar switches the main DataNet window to a display where sensor data is represented in individual windows. All sensors which are currently online will be displayed in this view. If a logger is currently offline then its data will not be visible.

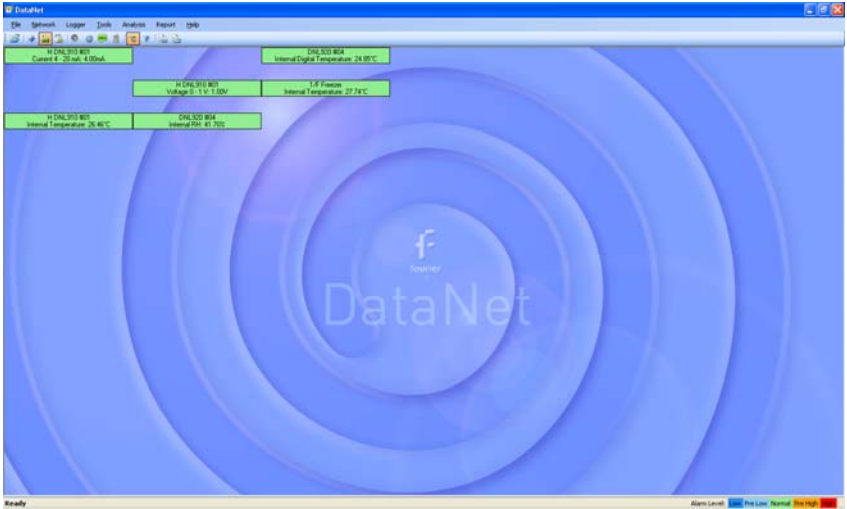
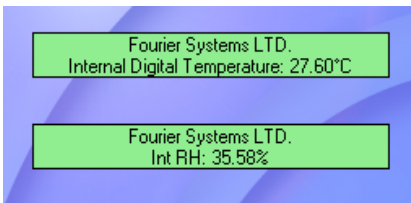


Figure 39: Main window – Sensor View

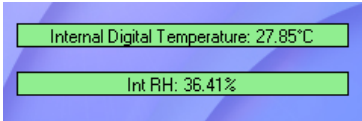
There are two modes for viewing the sensor data, which may be toggled by going to **Tools > Switch Sensor View Mode** in the main menu.

- **Expanded view**



In this view, the logger comment, sensor type and sensor data is displayed.

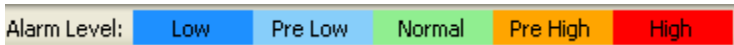
- **Slim view**



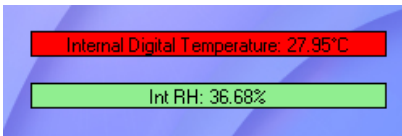
In this view, only the sensor type and sensor data is displayed.

Sensor in Alarm

When the sensor data is in alarm, the color of the sensor window will change according to the alarm type. There is a legend in the lower right corner of the main window:



For example:

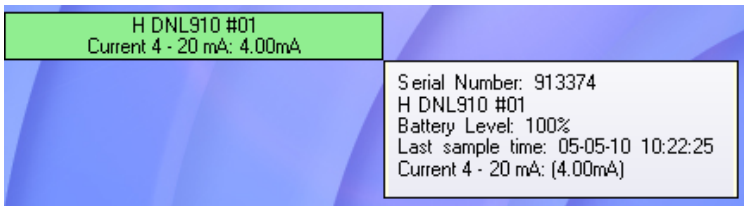


This screenshot indicates that the Internal Digital Temperature reading is in High alarm, while the Internal Relative Humidity reading is at normal levels.


Additional Features

- The sensor windows may be dragged and placed anywhere on the screen.
- Double clicking the sensor window will open the Data Display window, where the real-time sensor data is displayed in graph or table view.
- When the logger is downloading data, a message in the sensor window will be displayed.


- Scrolling over the sensor window with the mouse cursor will bring up a tooltip displaying the following data:
 - Serial number
 - Logger comment
 - Battery level
 - Last sample time
 - Sensor type and reading
 - Downloading data indication (when relevant)



5.3.3. History View

Clicking the **History View** button  in the main toolbar will switch the main window to view archived, offline data stored in the DataNet directory on the workstation.

You must first open the archived data file by clicking **Open**

File  on the main toolbar. When you open the data file it will be displayed in the History View, otherwise, the History View window will be blank.

Refer to section 5.11: Viewing Archived (Offline) Data on page 149 for more details on opening files in History View.

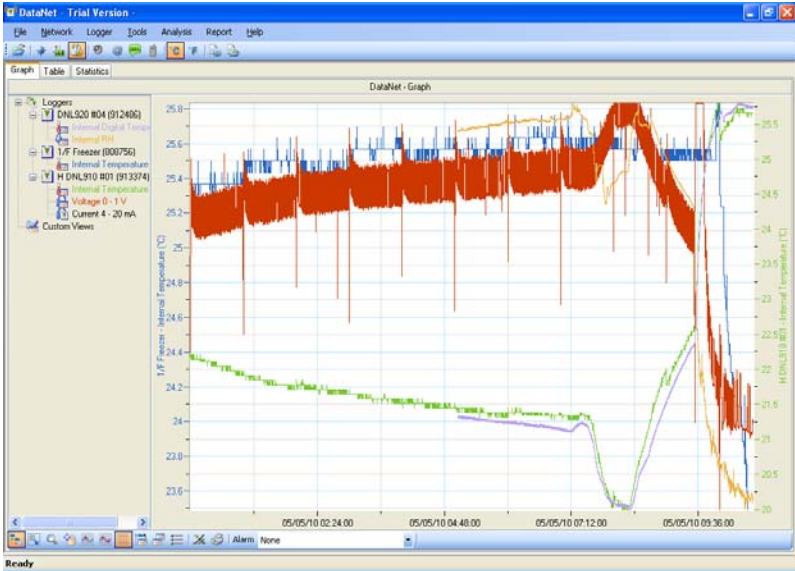


Figure 40: Main window – History View

In History View, the user may view the data in graph or table format by clicking the relevant tabs, as well as view a number of Statistics taken from the data set.

To learn the functionality of the lower graph toolbar, refer to section 5.3.5 below.


Note: Users of Windows 7 using right to left language settings e.g. Hebrew, may have problems viewing the Date/Time in the DataNet graph. This is a known Microsoft® bug. Until a bug fix is released, change the Regional Settings to English.


5.3.4. Data Map

The History View window also includes the Data Map pane, on the left of the window.

The Data Map displays all data sets opened in History View, saved in the current project file, and includes nodes for each sensor in the data set.

Clicking the sensor label removes the data from the graph. When the label is black, the data is not displayed on the graph. The sensor data plot color is matched to the color of the sensor label in the Data Map.

Each data set is preceded by a **Logger** icon  , which can be expanded or collapsed to display the associated sensor data.

Clicking the **Tree** icon  in the lower graph toolbar removes the Data Map pane altogether allowing a full screen graph view.

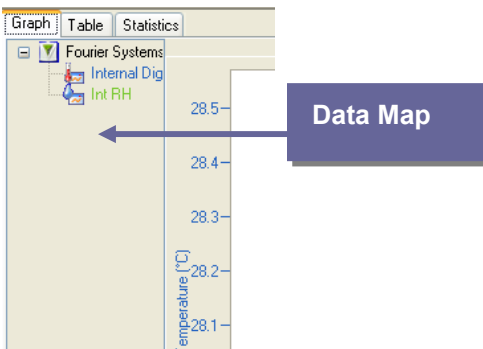


Figure 41: Data Map

5.3.5. DataNet Toolbar Icons

This section outlines all of the toolbar icons available in the software.








Main (Upper) Toolbar Icons





Figure 42: Main toolbar icons


The main toolbar is always available at the top of the DataNet application, no matter what window view the user is in.


This toolbar cannot be moved or hidden.


-  **Open file** - Opens archived logger data file stored on the PC
-  **Map view** - Switches main window to Map view, where the units connected to the DataNet network are represented
-  **Sensor view** - Switches main window to Sensor view, where data from each running sensor is displayed in a simple view
-  **History view** - Switches main window to History view, where archived logger data can be viewed and analyzed
-  **Alarm mute/unmute** - Mutes or unmutes an audible alarm in the system when a sensor reading has breached the user-defined alarm level
-  **Email Alarm Notifications** - Configuration window for Email alarm notifications
-  **SMS Alarm Notifications** - Configuration window for SMS alarm notifications

- 

GSM Modem - Indicates if GSM modem is connected (green icon) or disconnected (grey icon)
- 

Temperature unit toggle - Display all data in Celsius
- 

Temperature unit toggle - Display all data in Fahrenheit
- 

Reports Profile Manager – Opens Reports module
- 


Report Browser – Opens window for browsing saved Reports


Table 3: Main toolbar icon list

Map View Icons











The following icons representing the various statuses of the DataNet units are viewed in Map View. Using these icons the user is aware of the online/offline status of each unit, as well as the battery level and signal level of the loggers and Repeaters.


Alarm status is also indicated: **Green** = Normal ; **Red** = Alarm


- 


Receiver is online and connected to the PC.
- 


Receiver is offline, possibly as USB cable has been disconnected or it was removed from external power supply (and backup battery drained).


-  Logger newly acquired by network and awaiting Setup.
Running from internal battery supply.
-  Logger newly acquired by network and awaiting Setup.
Running from external power supply.
-  Logger which has received its Setup but is in Stop mode.
Running from internal battery supply.
-  Logger which has received its Setup but is in Stop mode.
Running from external power supply.
-  Logger in Run mode and running on internal battery supply.
Green indicates there are no alarms.
-  Logger in Run mode and running on external power supply.
Green indicates there are no alarms.
-  Logger in Run mode with an alarm alert.
Running from internal battery supply.
-  Logger in Run mode with an alarm alert.
Running from external power supply.
-  Logger is offline and is no longer detected on the network. Its power supply may have failed or it's out of range of the Receiver.
-  Logger is processing a command sent from the software.


- 


Logger is downloading data.
- 


Logger is detected by DataNet software via direct USB connection. Logger is in Stop mode and running from internal battery supply.
- 

Logger is detected by DataNet software via direct USB connection. Logger is in Stop mode and running from external power supply.
- 

Logger is detected by DataNet software via direct USB connection. Logger is in Run mode and running from internal battery supply.
- 

Logger is detected by DataNet software via direct USB connection. Logger is in Run mode and running from external power supply.
- 

Repeater is online and is running from external power supply.
- 

Repeater is offline and is no longer detected on the network. Its power supply may have failed or it's out of range of the Receiver.
- 

Repeater is detected by DataNet software via direct USB connection.

Table 4: Main toolbar icon list

Graph (Lower) Toolbar Icons












The graph toolbar is located at the bottom of the open graph view, when the user is either in Online Data Display:



Or History View:



The toolbar cannot be moved or hidden.

-  **Data Map** (in History View only) – Hides or shows the Data Map pane in the History View window.
-  **Plot Legend** (in Display Data View only) – Hides or shows the sensor labels from the bottom of the graph.
-  **Autoscale** - Returns the data to its default scale.
-  **Zoom in** – Zooms in on the graph data.
-  **Pan graph** – Pans the graph along the x or y axis.
-  **Select first cursor** – Adds a cursor to the designated plot on the graph
-  **Select second cursor** – Adds a second cursor to the designated plot on the graph.
-  **Grid** – Adds a grid to the graph background
-  **Add Custom View** (in History View only) – adds the open, customized graph view to the Data Map
-  **Copy graph** – Copies the graph to your clipboard, to be copied to a document or spreadsheet, for example.
-  **Graph properties** – Opens the Graph Properties window.














-  **Export to Excel** – Export the open data sets to Excel format.
-  **Print** – Opens the Print dialog. Available for graph, table and statistics views.

Table 5: Lower graph toolbar icon list

Data Map Icons

-  Displayed internal Temperature sensor data set
-  Hidden internal Temperature sensor data set
-  Displayed internal Humidity sensor data set
-  Hidden internal Humidity sensor data set
-  Displayed external sensor data set
-  Hidden internal sensor data set
-  Displayed graph function
-  Hidden graph function
-  Parent node for all logger data sets. Click to expand or collapse all child nodes.
-  Logger data set. Click to expand or collapse the data set containing all measured inputs of the specific logger.
-  Parent node for all custom graph views. Click

to expand or collapse all child nodes.



-  Displayed custom graph view. When hidden the icon is grayed out.

Table 6: Data Map icons

5.4. File Menu Items

5.4.1. Open

Select **Open** to access archived data files for each logger in your network.

Shortcuts: You can also click the **Open** icon  or press **Ctrl+O** to open archived files.

5.4.2. Open Project File

Opens project files of offline data, containing data from one or more loggers, as opposed to standard data files containing data from only one logger.

5.4.3. Save Project

Saves multiple data sets and custom graph views into a single Project File. Only available in History View.

5.4.4. Save Project As

Saves an existing Project file under a different name.



5.4.5. Print Map View

Prints the current Map View with all unit icons, including their network paths and name tags.

5.4.6. Exit

Exits the DataNet application.

5.5. Network Menu Items

Most of the Network menu items are also accessible via the Receiver context menu, by right-clicking the Receiver icon in Map View.

5.5.1. Detect Receiver

When the Receiver is connected to the USB port it is automatically detected by the software. If you connect the Receiver while it is switched off, and then switch the Receiver on, the software won't detect the unit. You will have to use the Detect Receiver feature.

The Receiver may also lose power and go offline while connected to the USB, in which case you will also need to detect it manually.

If no Receiver is detected by the software an error message will pop up stating that the Receiver was not detected.



5.5.2. Detect Logger/Repeater

When the DNL910, DNL920 or DNR900 Repeater is connected to the DataNet via USB, the Detect Logger/Repeater menu item is enabled.

Connecting the data logger or Repeater to the computer via USB and selecting this menu item supports:

- For DNL910 and DNL920: Direct data download, firmware update and turning off of the unit. Refer to section 5.13.66.2.4 regarding firmware update via USB.
- For DNR900 Repeater: Firmware update. Refer to section 6.2.4.

5.5.3. Lock Network

By locking the network you do not allow any additional units to join the network. During the network scan, the logger will not even detect the network if it is locked.

By unlocking the network you leave it open for any unit to join the network, even if you do not wish them to.

5.5.4. Form New Network

Select this option to form a new network using the current Receiver or another Receiver if you are building more than one network. The Receiver will then form a new network based on your RF environment. This will ensure optimal network performance.

Refer to section 3.8 for more details on optimizing the performance.

Once a new network is formed, any loggers connected to the old network will need to rescan and join the new network. This



must be done manually by going to each logger and resetting it via the LCD menu options.

Note: Ensure all data is first downloaded from the loggers before forming a new network. Once a new network is created you won't be able to recover the loggers' data.

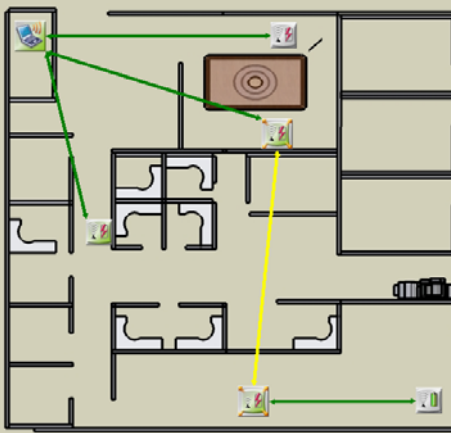
5.5.5. Refresh Network Connections

Use this feature to send a command to the Receiver to re-establish connection to the end units in its specific network. This is useful when wanting to ensure the network connectivity is performing optimally without any delay or lag due to changes in environmental conditions or location of the end units. Such delays can explain logger icons not displaying the correct information or commands not being sent promptly to the end units.

Note: The software automatically refreshes the network connections every 10 minutes.

5.5.6. Show Network Paths

While in Map View, enable this option to display the path that the RF signal of all units in the network takes to reach the Receiver. If Repeaters are used in the network it will show the signal routed via the Repeater, en route to the Receiver.



The paths are color-coded so you can also see the transmission strength. A legend appears at the bottom of the window.



- Red = Low (0 to 23% strength)
- Yellow = Medium (23 to 56%)
- Green = High (56 to 100%)

You can also enable this feature for specific loggers by opening the context menu on the Logger icon in Map View and selecting **Show Network Paths**.

5.5.7. Device Filter

When working with Mini DataNet units, in order for the device to be allowed onto the DataNet network, the device Serial Number must first be added to the Device Filter.

Refer to section 3.5.3 for more details.



5.6. **Logger Menu Items**

5.6.1. **Stop All**

To stop all the online loggers in the Map View simultaneously, go to the **Logger > Stop All** menu item. Prior to stopping the loggers, DataNet will first download and data not already transmitted to the computer.

This feature is password-enabled.

5.6.2. **Run All**

To run all the online loggers in the Map View simultaneously, go to the **Logger > Run All** menu item. Prior to running the loggers, DataNet will first clear the logger menu.

This feature is password-enabled.

5.7. **Tools Menu Items**

5.7.1. **Define Sensor**

DataNet enables the user to define custom sensors. This is a useful tool for when the data logger is communicating with many sensor types from different vendors.

Any additional sensor that you would like to connect to the logger must comply with the following restrictions:

The sensor's output must be either voltage in the range of 0 to 1 V, 0 to 50 mV, current in the range of 4 to 20 mA or Pulse in the range of 0 to 65535 pulses.

1. Click **Tools > Define New Sensor** and the Define New Sensor dialog will open.

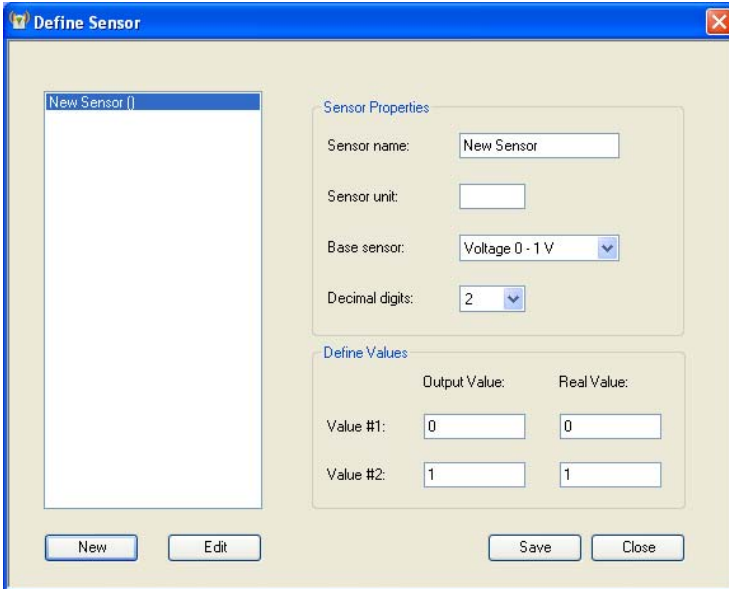


Figure 43: Define New Sensor dialog

2. Click **New** to enable the fields.
3. Select the **Base sensor** from the drop-down menu (depending on whether your sensor's output is 0 to 1 V, 0 to 50 mV, 4 to 20mA, or measuring pulses).
4. Enter the sensor name and sensor unit.
5. Enter two calibration values (two real values and the corresponding output values of the sensor).
6. Click **Save**.
7. To make any changes to the existing sensor definitions, stand on the sensor name and click **Edit**. Otherwise, click **New** to define additional sensors or click **Close** to exit the dialog.



To use the custom defined sensor:

1. Enter the Setup dialog for the data logger you want to configure.
2. Select the Input you wish to use and from the **Sensor Type** drop-down menu, select the custom sensor, which now appears in this list.
3. Proceed with the setup as you would normally do.

5.7.2. Switch Sensor View Mode

While in Sensor View, selecting this option will switch the sensor view between large and small window sizes. By reducing the size of the sensor window you display only the sensor type and sensor data. Enlarging the size of the sensor window will display sensor type, sensor data and logger name.

5.7.3. Lock Map View

While in Map View, with Lock Map View selected the Map View icons are in a fixed position and can't be moved. You must unselect this option in order to freely move the icons anywhere on the screen. This is essential if working with a custom background image.

5.7.4. Options Menu

Refer to section 5.8 for more details.



5.7.5. Manage Contacts

The Manage Contacts dialog is where the user can add, edit and remove all contacts and groups to which DataNet Reports and Email/SMS notifications are sent.

Refer to section 5.15.1 for more details regarding managing Contacts, and to section 5.15.2 for more details regarding managing Groups.

5.7.6. Email Alarm Notifications

The Email Alarm Notifications dialog is where the user can configure all notifications to be sent via Email to a predefined contact list. Refer to section 5.15 for details.

5.7.7. SMS Alarm Notifications

The SMS Alarm Notifications dialog is where the user can configure all notifications to be sent via SMS to a predefined contact list. Refer to section 5.15 for details.

5.7.8. Firmware Update Center

The Firmware Update Center is where the DataNet firmware updates are managed. Please refer to section 6.2 for more details.

5.8. Tools > Options Menu Items

The Options dialog is divided into three main tabs:

- Preferences



- Email Settings
- SMS Settings

5.8.1. Preferences Tab

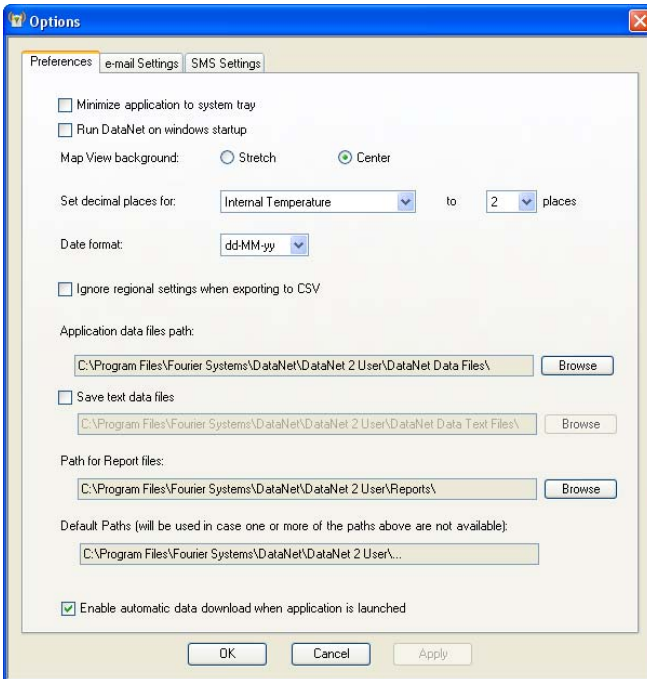



Figure 44: Options > Preferences tab

The Preferences tab includes the following options:

Minimize DataNet to system tray

When this checkbox is selected, the DataNet icon  will appear in the computer's system tray in the lower right of the



screen when the application is minimized. Simply double-click the icon to maximize the application to full screen.

Run DataNet on Windows Startup

When this option is selected DataNet will automatically launch upon Windows startup. This feature is useful in the event where the computer unexpectedly resets and when it restarts, DataNet will launch and online monitoring of the DataNet network will be able to continue.

Note: If running Windows Vista, User Account Control (UAC) must be turned off for this feature to work. If UAC is off then DataNet will not launch on Windows startup.

Map View background

Use this option to toggle between Stretch and Center views for the background image used in Map View.

Set decimal places for...

For each DataNet sensor, internal or external, you may select between 0 and 6 decimal places to be used when displaying the data in the software.

Date format

Choose between four date formats to be used throughout the software when displaying data e.g. in the Graph display.



Ignore regional settings when exporting to CSV

Selecting this option will ensure that data will be corrected exported to a CSV file and will not use any custom regional settings in the Windows OS which might adversely affect the layout of the data in the CSV file.

Application data files path

The default path for saving all data recorded by the data loggers is:

C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet\DataNet data files\

Click **Browse** to change this path e.g. to a network path.

Save text data files

Select this checkbox if you would like DataNet to also save the logger data to a text file. This will allow you to export the data, in csv format, to another application that can display the logger data.

The default path is: C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet\DataNet data text files.

Click **Browse** to change this path e.g. to a network path.

Note: The text file cannot be updated with logger data as long as it is open. Make sure to close the file when you finish inspecting the data, or copy the file to another location and view it from there. Alternatively, open the file in *Read-only* mode.

Path for Report files

The default path where Report files are stored is: C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet\Reports.

Click **Browse** to change this path e.g. to a network path.



Default Paths

If the user has modified any of the default data file or report paths e.g. to a network path, and should this path become available for any reason, then the DataNet application will automatically refer to the default path as shown under the Default Paths heading.

This precaution is necessary as otherwise DataNet cannot download any data from the data loggers if the data file path is not available. Data can therefore be lost.

Enable automatic data download when DataNet is launched

Select this checkbox if you want to have automatic download of data when the DataNet software is launched. If there are many loggers in the system with fast sampling rates, then the download could burden the network. Therefore in some cases disabled this feature is advised.

5.8.2. Email Settings Tab

DataNet's alarm notification feature enables sending of Emails to notify the user of any alarm in the system. First select the **Send Email notifications** check box. Fill in the fields accordingly so that DataNet will be able to send Emails to predefined Email contacts when your loggers have breached certain alarm levels.

Make sure to enter the field correctly e.g. with no extra spaces or typos.

Refer to section 5.14.2 for setting Alarm levels on the logger and to section 5.15 for managing the Email alarm notifications.

<p>Note: DataNet supports SMTP and MIME encoding, and POP3 mail protocols.</p>

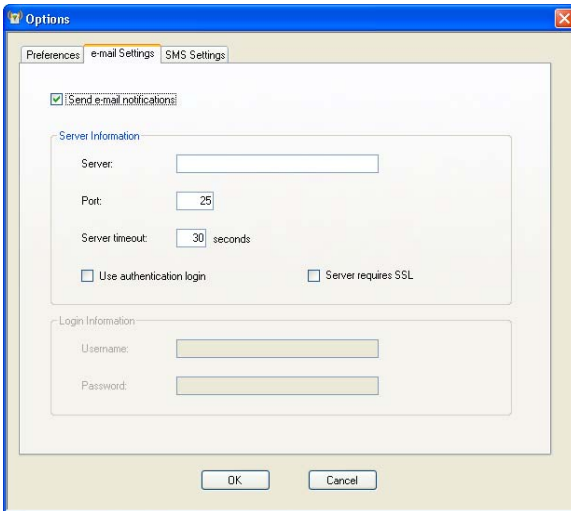


Figure 45: Options > Email Settings tab

Sending a Test Email

To send a test Email to verify the Email configuration is correct:

1. Once the Email configuration is complete click **Apply** to enable the **Test Email** button.
2. Click **Test Email** to open the Contact Information dialog.
3. Select a contact from the DataNet contact list or enter an Email address. Click **OK** to send the test Email.
4. The test Email will contain the following content:

Subject: Test message sent from the DataNet software

Body: This is a test message sent from the DataNet software. Sent on the dd/mm/yy
mm:hh



5.8.3. SMS Settings Tab

DataNet's alarm notification feature enables sending of SMS's to notify the user of any alarm in the system. First select the **Send SMS notifications** check box. Using the SMS feature requires connection of a GSM modem and SIM card to the DataNet PC, or even just a cellular phone with an active SIM card.

You must select the COM port which the GSM modem/cellular phone is connected to in order for the software to detect it.

Note: When using a cellular phone as a modem, ensure that the PC software suite is disabled before connecting the phone to the PC com port. Otherwise the com port will not be available for the DataNet software.

Once the configuration is complete, DataNet will be able to send SMS's to predefined SMS contacts when your loggers have breached certain alarm levels.

Refer to section 5.14.2 for setting Alarm levels on the logger and to section 5.15 for managing the SMS alarm notifications.

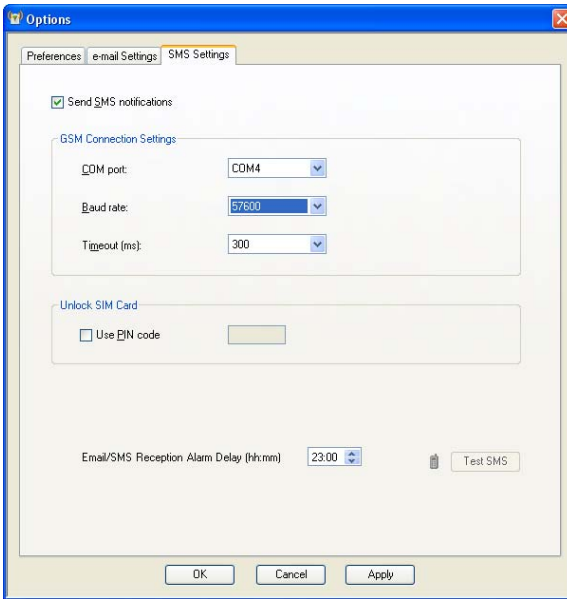



Figure 46: Options > SMS Settings tab

Note: Once the GSM modem is online you will see the green GSM icon  appear in the DataNet upper toolbar.

Sending a Test SMS

To send a test SMS to verify the SMS configuration is correct:

1. Once the SMS configuration is complete and the GSM modem has been detected by the software, the **Test SMS** button will be enabled.
2. Click **Test SMS** to open the Contact Information dialog.



3. Select a contact from the DataNet contact list or enter a telephone number. Click **OK** to send the test SMS.
4. The test Email will contain the following content:
Subject: Test message sent from the DataNet software
Body: This is a test message sent from the DataNet software. Sent on the dd/mm/yy mm:hh

5.8.4. Email/SMS Reception Alarm Delay

To prevent alarm notifications being sent unnecessarily for unit's which momentarily get disconnected from the network, the user can define an alarm delay for Email and SMS notifications. The RF environment as well as the network behavior are very dynamic and can result in very brief instances of units going offline.

- This feature is found on the Email and SMS Settings tab in **Tool > Options**.
- The alarm delay can be defined from between one minute to 24 hours, with a resolution of one minute.
- If the DataNet software is shutdown during a period when alarm delay is being timed i.e. after a unit has gone offline, then the time stamp when the unit went offline will be recorded. When the software is reopened if the period of the alarm delay has already passed then an Email/SMS notification will be sent.

If the alarm delay period has not passed then the SMS/Email message will be initiated only if the time delay is reached.



5.8.5. Analysis Menu Items

The Analysis menu items are enabled when viewing offline data in History View.

The Analysis options available are:

- Functions Parameters
- Dew Point
- FO Pasteurization
- Histogram
- MKT
- Export to Excel
- Export to CSV

MKT (Mean Kinetic Temperature)

Mean Kinetic Temperature or MKT is used for calculating temperature stress of perishable stock goods such as medicines or food, during storage and distribution cycles. The MKT is calculated on a temperature graph opened from an offline DataNet data file, in History View.

To use the MKT feature:

1. Go to **File > Open** and open the data file containing the relevant temperature measurements.
2. In History View, with the graph tab in view, go to **Analysis > MKT** in the main menu. The MKT dialog is opened.

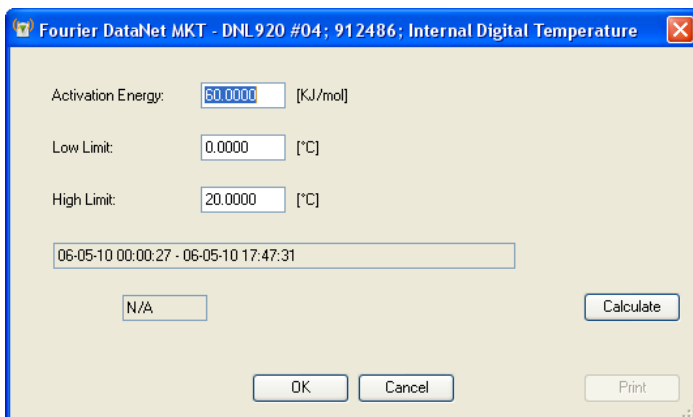



Figure 47: MKT dialog

3. Use the cursors to select the data set, or leave the graph as is to perform the MKT calculation on the entire data set.
4. Enter the relevant Activation Energy, and the Low and High Limits of the data set to be calculated (in °C), into the MKT dialog.
5. Click **Calculate**. A Pass or Fail indication will be displayed and in the event of a Pass, the MKT value will also be displayed.
6. Click **Print** to print the MKT dialog with the results.

Export to Excel

You may export offline data to Excel by selecting this menu item or by clicking the **Export to Excel** icon  in the lower graph toolbar in History View. The data is opened in an Excel worksheet and includes pertinent information such as logger name, SN, sensor names, alarm levels as well as the actual data readings.

Refer to section 5.18 for more information.



Export to CSV

You may export offline data to CSV file format by selecting this menu item. Upon selecting this option, you will be prompted to save the file either in the default DataNet directory or in directory of your choosing. The data is opened in CSV file format and includes pertinent information such as logger name, SN, sensor names, alarm levels as well as the actual data readings.

Refer to section 5.18 for more information.

5.9. Data Recovery

The ability to recover data when part of the system goes offline or is shutdown is a key feature of the DataNet system.

Note: USB-enabled data loggers support data download via USB if wireless transfer is not possible.

When the data loggers are acquiring data they transmit to the Receiver at the predefined rate, either directly or via one or more Repeaters.

There may be occasions when the data transmission fails and the data is not updated in real-time in the software window. When this happens, the software has several ways of recovering the data so the user will always be able to view all samples recorded by the logger. The online system will never lose data i.e. the data integrity will always been maintained.

If the end unit tries to send data to the Receiver but fails, it will continually try to send the data until it succeeds. In such a case, the software or workstation may be shutdown or its parent unit, the Repeater, may be offline. Or the end unit itself may go offline due to a drained battery. Once the end unit has reconnected with the network, for instance when the software is reopened or the Repeater is back online, it will be able to complete the transmission of all its data and the software will be updated with this data. The data recovery is all completed



automatically and the user is not required to perform any specific actions.

Note: In the **Tools > Option** menu, select the checkbox to enable automatic data download when the software is launched. Otherwise you will have to perform manual download from the Logger context menu.

5.10. Saving Data

As soon as a logger starts to record data the software creates a data file to which it writes the logger data.

Logger data files are stored in the following default location:
C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet\DataNet data files

A folder is created for each data logger and is named according to the logger Serial Number. In this folder is stored the data files. A file is created for each day that the logger is recording data. The file name format is the date followed by the file extension e.g. 2007-12-30.dat.

The data is saved automatically by the software. There is no need for the user to save the data manually. The data is saved to the data file as follows:

- Every 15 minutes
- When the software is closed
- When the user opens an archived data file, the file is updated with all data not saved to that point

You can also save the data in a text file format. Refer to section 5.8.1 for more details.



5.11. Viewing Archived (Offline) Data

The user can view the logger data online or can choose to open archived data. Archived data is all data that was logged by a specific logger and recorded by the software into the DataNet directory on the PC.

Follow the instructions below to open archived data.

1. Click the **Open** icon to launch the **Open Data Files** dialog.
2. Select the logger from the list of loggers in the dialog. The loggers can be listed in ascending or descending order according to logger serial number or comment by clicking the relevant header.
3. Using the calendar define the date and time period for which you wish to view your data and click **OK**.

Note: The DataNet data file path is displayed at the top of the Open Data Files dialog.

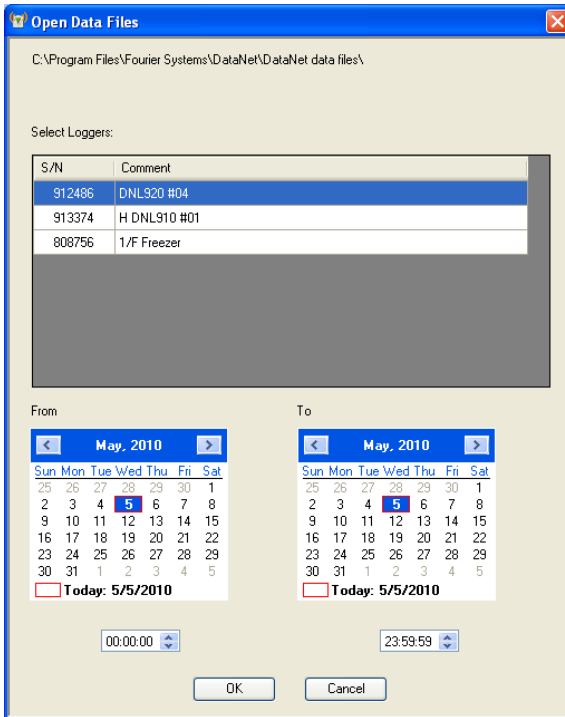


Figure 48: Open Data Files dialog

- In the **Sync Data** dialog, you can select the sampling rate at which you wish to display the data. The default option is the original rate. Click **OK**.

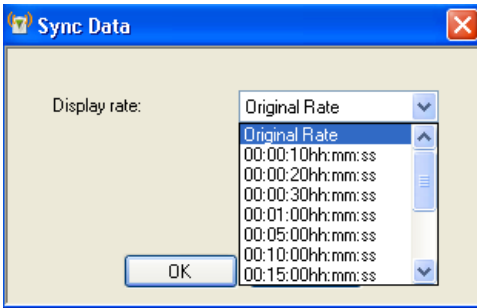



Figure 49: Sync Data dialog

The data is opened in History View. Refer to section 5.3.3 for an explanation of the History View.

You may display data sets from more than one logger and display them all in History View, using the Data Map to navigate through the data. Refer to section 5.3.4 for more details regarding the Data Map.

5.12. Viewing Online Data

You can view the data from any of your network loggers in real-time, as the data is being recorded and transmitted to the PC:

- While the logger is running double click the Logger icon  in the Map View.
- While the logger is running open the logger context menu and select **Display Data**.

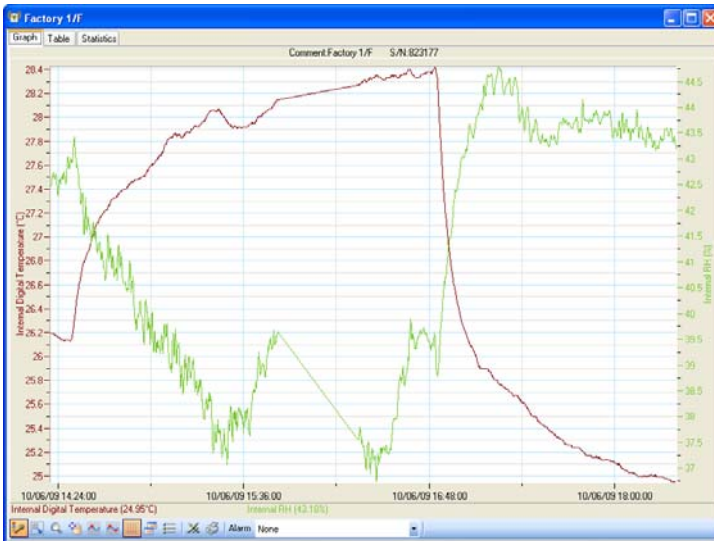


Figure 50: Online data window

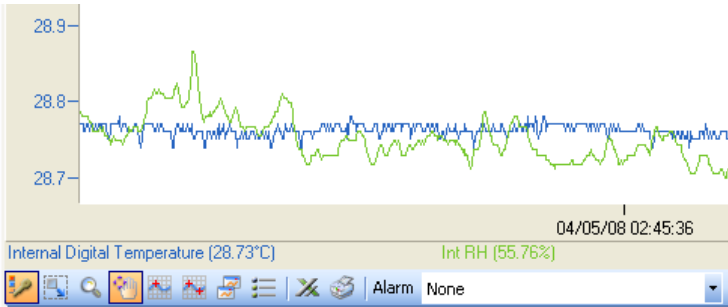
The data displayed in this window is the data that was transmitted by the logger in the current software session. Data transmitted during a previous session of the software being open will not be displayed. For example, when you setup the logger it creates a new online session. This data can be viewed by opening archived data. Refer to section 5.11.

You may view the data in a graph or table by clicking the relevant tabs in the online data window. While in either or these views, the data is constantly being updated in real-time in the respective view according to the transmission rate of the logger.

Note: Users of Windows 7 using right to left language settings e.g. Hebrew, may have problems viewing the Date/Time in the DataNet graph. This is a know Microsoft ® bug. Until a bug fix is released, change the Regional Settings to English.

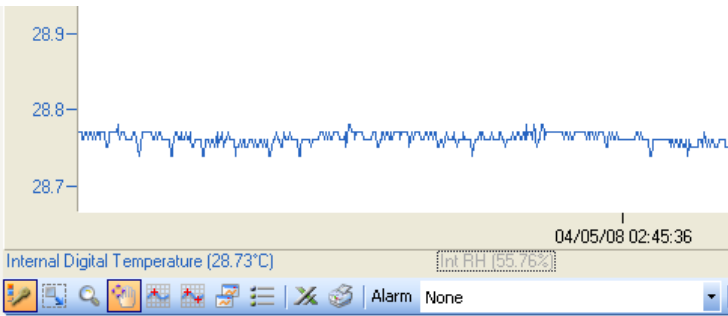
5.12.1. Showing/Hiding the Data Sets


In the online graph display, where you have data from only one logger displayed, you can show or hide the individual sensor data by using the sensor labels at the bottom of the graph.



In the screenshot above you can see two labels, *Internal Digital Temperature* and *Int RH*. At present, each label is active meaning the sensor data corresponding to the label is shown on the graph.

By clicking any of the sensor labels, you can hide the data from the graph. The label will then be grayed out. See the screenshot below:



Note: You can hide all of the sensor labels (not plots) from the graph by clicking the **Plot Legend** icon .

5.13. Working in Map View

The Map View is the main view from which you monitor your online network. It is in this view that you can see all the icons representing the units in your system, the Receiver, loggers and Repeaters too, if relevant.

Refer to section 5.3.1 for a quick overview of the Map View and section 5.3.5 for a list of all the Map View icons.

5.13.1. Loading Map View Wallpaper

You can load an image file representing a map of your facility in which the network is operating. You can then move the unit icons into their actual positions on the map.

- Double-click on the Map View background to go straight into the **Open** dialog and locate the image file.
- Right-click on the Map View background to open the context menu and select the option to either Load or Reset the wallpaper.

Note: When deploying the system for the first time it is highly recommended to use a map of the facility to make the deployment work efficiently.

5.13.2. Printing the Map View

To print the Map View go to **File > Print Map View**. This will also print the icon name tags and network paths, if enabled.

The Map View maintains its aspect ratio when printed.

5.13.3. Displaying Icon Name Tags

You can display a name tag for each Logger or Repeater icon on the Map View. The name tag consists of the unit



Comment, as defined in the unit Setup:

To toggle this feature, right-click on the Map View background and select **Display All Units' Name**.

When this feature is enabled, clicking the unit icon will also highlight the name tag in red.

5.13.4. Moving Icons around the Screen

Go to **Tools > Lock Map View** and ensure this menu item is not selected in order to freely move the unit icons around the screen. When you have finished placing the icons into position you may then lock the Map View so as not to mistakenly place an icon out of position.

5.13.5. Logger Icon Context Menu – Wireless Connection Options

Right clicking the Logger icon will give the following options:

Display Data

Displays the logger's data in Graph view. The graph displays the data in real-time. There is also the option to display the data in Table view or to view the data statistics.

Download Data

Downloads all data in the logger memory to the DataNet software. When logger is downloading the data, the Logger icon in Map View will appear as follows:



Note: Data download is also available via USB connection. Refer to section 5.13.6.

Cancel Download

When logger is downloading data you may cancel the download per logger by selecting this menu item.

As cancelling the data download results in data not being downloaded to the computer, there is a chance that data may be lost if the download isn't completed at a later stage and the logger's cyclic memory has meanwhile erased these readings.

Note: Cancel Download feature works only if there are no other commands in the queue following the Download process. For example, if the data is downloading and you sent the command *Call Unit* to the logger, and then selected *Cancel Download*, the download will not be cancelled.

Reset Alarm

When the logger is in a state of alarm, this option will reset the alarm state to normal on both the logger and the software. The visual and audible alarms will return to normal. If after reset the logger is still in alarm conditions, then the visible and audible alarms will return.



Call Unit (Beep)

This feature sends a command to the logger to emit intermittent audible *beeps* for up to one minute. This is useful when trying to physically locate a logger in your facility.

Press the **Menu** button on the logger to stop the audible alarm.

Calibration

Refer to section 5.15.4 on page 179 for an overview of the Calibration feature.

Note: A logger can't be calibrated while it is in **Run** mode. The option will be grayed out. You must **Stop** the logger first.

Update Firmware

Refer to section 6.2 on page 211 for an overview of the Update Firmware feature.

Leave Network

Selecting this feature will kick the logger off the network. The logger will reset and will start scanning for a new network to join.

You will be prompted to enter a password when selecting this feature.

Note: The default password is 1234.

Setup

Refer to section 5.14 on page 166 for an overview of how to setup the logger.



Multi-Setup

By using multi-setup you can select more than one logger on the Map View and send the same configuration to all of the loggers. When this option is selected, a dialog will open listing all of the loggers in the multi-setup selection.

Stop

Sends a command to the logger to stop logging data.

Multi-Stop

Sends a command to multiple loggers to stop logging data.

Run

Sends a command to the logger to start logging data. This command will also clear the existing logger memory.

Multi-Run

Sends a command to multiple loggers to start logging data. This command will also clear the existing logger memory.

Show Network Path

Displays the path of the logger RF data transmission to the Receiver. The Transmission Strength legend appears in the bottom right of the screen when this feature is enabled. Refer to section 5.5.6 for more details.



Enable/Disable Short Range Repeater

Changes the unit between Logger mode and Short Range Repeater (SRR) mode, whereby the logger operates as both a logger and Repeater.

Note: In SRR mode the logger must be connected to AC power at all times as the power consumption is much greater.

The logger tooltip and logger LCD menu will both indicate that the unit is in SRR mode.

Remove

This option removes from the Map View any icons of loggers that are not on the network anymore and so are irrelevant.

Turn Off

This option will turn the unit off and is password enabled. As a precaution to avoid any data loss all data not yet transmitted will first be downloaded to the computer prior to turning the unit off.

5.13.6. Logger Icon Context Menu – USB Connection Options

When connected to the computer via mini-USB cable, the DNL910, DNL920 and PA models supports the following features:

- Data Download – Downloads logger memory directly to the DataNet data files folder. To view the data refer to section 5.11.
- Firmware Update – Refer to section 6.2.4 for more details.
- Turn Off – Turns off the unit.

To detect the logger using USB:

1. Make sure the data logger is joined to an existing network. When connected to the computer via USB go to **Network > Detect Logger/Repeater** in the DataNet main menu.



2. Right-click on the logger USB icon to open the context menu and select one of the relevant options.

5.13.7. Viewing Logger Status

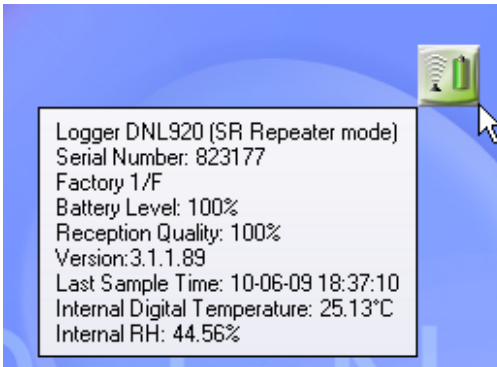
When you scroll the mouse cursor over the Logger icon a tooltip will pop up displaying data relevant to the Logger status at the time.

Logger Tooltip

The tooltip will always display the following data, even if offline:

- Serial Number
- Logger Name/Comment

When the logger is online and running the following tooltip is displayed:



In online mode, the logger also displays:

- Device mode – Logger or Short Range Repeater
- The power status (% Battery left or Connected to AC)
- Reception quality: Strength of RF signal between logger and Receiver
- Version number: Firmware version of the logger
- Last sample time: If logger is running, time stamp of last recorded sample.
- Real-time Sensor values: All sensor values are displayed, including sensor name and alarm status.

Command Queue Progress

The tooltip is updated with specific commands being performed by the logger. For example, if the logger is downloading data to the software you can see the progress in the tooltip. In addition, the Logger icon has a blue progress indicator so you can monitor the progress without using the tooltip.

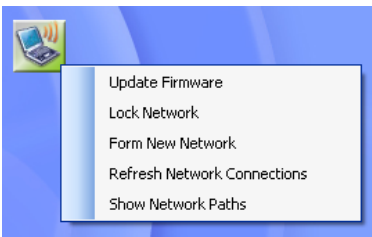


Common commands include Download, Setup, Stop, Run, Beep and more.

5.13.8. Receiver Icon Context Menu

Right clicking the Receiver icon will give the following options:

- Update Firmware
- Lock Network
- Form New Network
- Refresh Network Connections
- Show Network Path



Update Firmware

Selecting this option will launch the Receiver firmware update process. Refer to section 6.2 for more details.



Refer to section 5.5 on page 129 for more details regarding the other Receiver options listed above.

5.13.9. Viewing Receiver Status

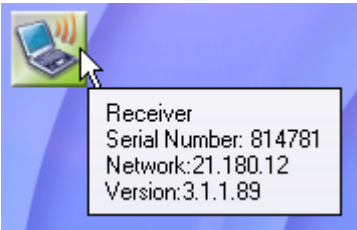
When you scroll the mouse cursor over the Receiver icon a tooltip will pop up displaying data relevant to the Receiver status at the time.

Receiver Tooltip

The tooltip will always display the following data, even if offline:

- Unit type (Receiver)

When the Receiver is online the following tooltip is displayed:



In online mode, the Receiver also displays:

- Serial Number
- Network: The Network ID of the currently formed network
- Version: Firmware version of Receiver

5.13.10. Repeater Icon Context Menu

Right clicking the Repeater icon will give the following options:



Setup

Repeater Setup lets the user change the name of the unit. Once the name has been changed, click **Setup** (or Close to close the dialog without making any changes).

Multi-Setup

By using multi-setup you can select more than one Repeater on the Map View and send the same configuration to all of the Repeaters.

Call Unit (Beep)

This feature sends a command to the Repeater to emit intermittent audible *beeps* for up to one minute. This is useful when trying to physically locate a logger in your facility.

Press the **Menu** button on the Repeater to stop the audible alarm.

Leave Network

Selecting this feature will kick the Repeater off the network.

You will be prompted to enter a password when selecting this feature.

Note: The default password is 1234.
--

Update Firmware

Selecting this option will launch the Repeater firmware update process. Refer to section 6.2 for more details.



Show Network Path

Displays the path of the Repeater RF data transmission to the Receiver. The Transmission Strength legend appears in the bottom right of the screen when this feature is enabled. Refer to section 5.5.6 for more details.

Remove

This option removes from the Map View any Repeater icons that are not on the network anymore and so are irrelevant.

5.13.11. Viewing Repeater Status

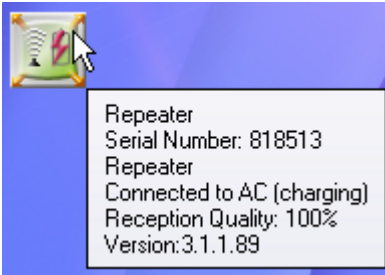
When you scroll the mouse cursor over the Repeater icon a tooltip will pop up displaying data relevant to the Repeater status at the time.

Repeater Tooltip

The tooltip will always display the following data, even if offline:

- Unit type (Router)
- Serial Number
- Repeater Name/Comment

When the Repeater is online the following tooltip is displayed:



In online mode, the Repeater also displays:

- The Power status (% battery left or Connected to AC)
- Reception quality: Strength of RF signal between logger and Receiver
- Version: Firmware version of Repeater

5.14. Configuring the Logger

DataNet software allows you to configure each logger in your network wirelessly. You do not need to have the loggers near your workstation, other than for the initial setup when you need to connect the sensors (if you're using external sensors).

You can also refer to section 3.6 on how to configure the logger.

To configure the logger once it's online on the network, right-click the Logger icon in the Map View and select **Setup**.

You have two tabs, **Device Setup** tab and **Alarm Setup**.

The main logger configuration is performed on the Device Setup tab. Any alarm levels you wish to configure is performed on the Alarm Setup tab.



5.14.1. Device Setup Tab

Comment

This is the name of the logger. It is advisable to name the logger according to the location in the facility.

Note: The Comment field in the software and on the logger display supports all standard alphanumeric characters except for the following: ', ", ~, &, \

Sampling Rate

Sampling rate is one sample per second to one sample per 18 hours. However, there are programming limitations you must be aware of when configuring the loggers. The sampling rate will vary depending on the number and type of sensors you setup. Refer to section 4.7.5 on page 57.

Transmission Interval

You can define how often the logger will actually transmit to the network. You may wish to have the logger transmit with every sample, if you have slower sampling rates, or less frequently, if you have a fast sampling rate.

The transmission interval must be a multiple of the sampling rate, so for example if the sampling rate is 3 seconds, then the minimum transmission rate must be every 3 seconds, and then every 6 seconds, 9 seconds, and so on.

This parameter was designed to ease the burden on the network if you have many loggers as each logger can transmit at different rates.



Averaging Points

You can choose have online averaging of up to 10 points around the real value in order to smooth the data readings, if they are a little *noisy*. The recommended averaging is 4 samples.

Temperature Units

Toggle between °C and °F. This applies to the readings displayed on the logger LCD as well as in the software.

Active Sensors

Depending on the logger model, you can activate up to two internal sensors and four external sensors. Simply select the inputs you want to use and then select the sensor types from the adjacent drop-down menu. You don't have to select the external sensor input in any order. You may select only Input 4 if you desire.

Note: On the DNL920 you cannot run the humidity sensor without running the temperature sensor in parallel.

This is because when using the DNL920 data logger and selecting the internal humidity sensor in the Device Setup dialog, the internal digital temperature sensor will automatically be selected as well. This sensor provides the temperature compensation necessary for the humidity sensor to reach the 3% accuracy as stated in the sensor specifications. It is not used for recording temperature. The internal digital sensor is used to record temperature on the DNL920.

Custom Sensor Names

You can also give the sensor a custom name, which will appear in the software when viewing the data. This is



convenient when using several of the same type of sensors and you wish to differentiate between them in terms of their environment or material it is measuring.

Recording Time

This field displays the length of time the logger memory will be able to record for depending upon the number of sensors used and sampling rate.

Setup and Run

Clicking **Setup and Run** will send the setup to the logger and immediately start logging data.

Setup Only

Clicking **Setup Only** will send the setup to the logger but it will not actually start logging data. You will need to select Run from the Logger context menu or go back into the Setup dialog.

Close

Clicking **Close** will close the Setup dialog without saving any of your configurations.

Note: Running the logger clears the logger memory. All previously recorded data will be erased when you begin a new logging session.

5.14.2. Alarm Setup Tab

A major feature of the DataNet system is the ability to configure alarm levels into the loggers so any breach of these levels as recorded on the data logger is monitored by the



software, and the user is notified via Email/SMS/audible and visual indicators.

The Alarm Setup tab lets you configure each sensor for the following alarms:

- Low
- Pre-Low
- Pre-High
- High
- Contact Open / Contact Close (when the Contact sensor is selected)

Using the Pre Alarms gives the user ample warning of a possible breach of real alarm levels, so necessary measures can be taken to prevent such a breach.

Simply select the check box for the type of alarm you wish to be notified. You can select all alarms too. Enter the alarm value in the text box.

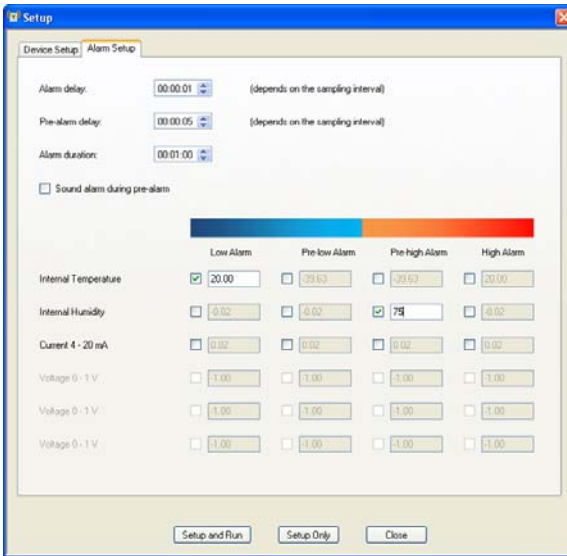


Figure 51: Alarm Setup tab

Alarm Delay and Pre-alarm Delay

The time until the alarm (or pre-alarm) is activated. You may not want to have the alarm sound immediately after the alarm level is breached as you are only interested in a condition where the alarm level lasted a certain amount of time.

For example, if monitoring change of temperature in a freezer, you would only be interested in a High alarm which lasted more than one minute as anything else could just be caused by the freezer door opening for a few seconds, as opposed to a power failure leading to rise in temperature.

Alarm Duration

The duration of the alarm that is set off by one or more sensors breaching the alarm level.

Sound Alarm during Pre-alarm

You also have the option to sound the alarm in the software during a pre-alarm scenario, not just for a standard alarm.

Once you have configured your alarms, you may return to the **Device Setup** tab or click one of the **Setup** buttons at the bottom of the tab.

5.15. Alarm Notifications Setup

Once you have completed the logger alarm setup in section 5.14.2 above, you can now configure DataNet to send alarm notifications via Email or SMS.

From the **Tools** menu select one of the following options, depending on the type of notifications required:

- Email Alarm Notification
- SMS Alarm Notification

Or click the Email  or SMS  icons located in the upper toolbar in order to launch the notification dialog.

Note: To enable sending of Email or SMS first define the Email and SMS settings in the **Tools > Options** dialog. Connect a GSM modem to the PC if sending SMS's. Refer to section 5.8 on page 136 for more details.

You may manage your contact list of alarm notification recipients from either the **Manage Contacts** menu item in the Tools menu, or from within the Alarm Notification dialog itself.

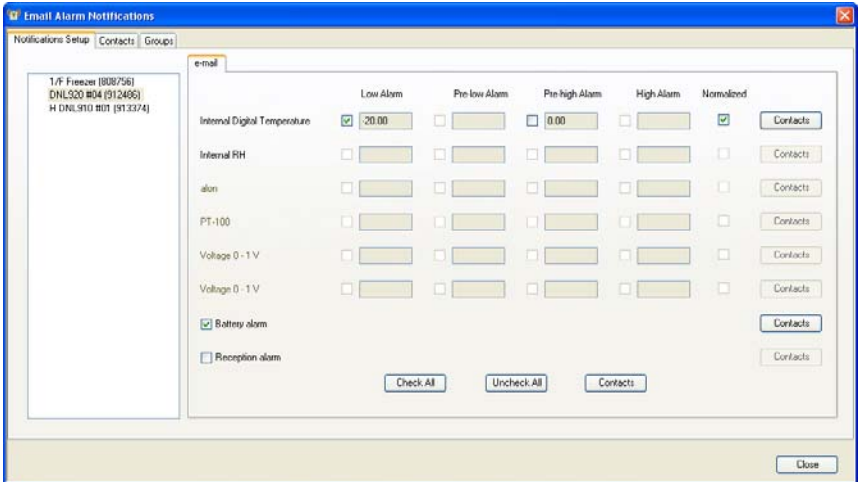


Figure 52: Alarm Notifications Setup dialog

As the Email and SMS Alarm Notifications must be defined separately, they each have separate dialogs. However the interface is identical and the contacts are stored in the same database.

The Email/SMS Notifications dialog is divided into the following tabs:

- Notifications Setup
- Contacts tab
- Groups tab

5.15.1. Contacts Tab

The first step is to create the contacts who shall be receiving the notifications. The ability to manage contacts is possible from both the Email and SMS Notifications dialogs.

1. Click the **Contacts** tab and then click **Add Contact**.

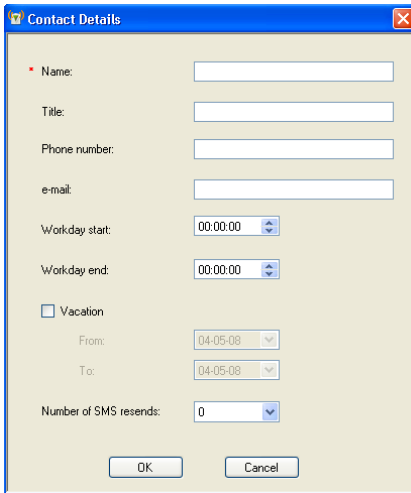


Figure 53: Adding a contact

2. In this dialog you must first enter the contact name in the **Name** field. That is the only mandatory field but if you don't enter at least the phone number or Email then they won't receive any alarm notifications.

The other fields in the dialog are as follows:



- **Title:** Corporate position
- **Phone number:** The number the DataNet software will use to send the SMS notification.
- **Note:** The phone number field supports the following characters: 0-9, # , * , - , () , +
- **Email:** The address the DataNet software will use to send the Email notification.
- **Workday Start and End:** You can define the hours in which the contact will be eligible to receive the notifications i.e. so they don't receive SMS or Email while in the office, or vice versa.
- **Vacation:** You can define when the contact is on vacation so they won't receive any notifications over this period.
- **Number of SMS resends:** The number of times DataNet will send follow-up SMS's with the alarm notification. The maximum is nine resends per alarm.
The gap between each resend is five minutes.

Note: In order to stop receiving SMS resends, you can simply send an SMS with 'OK' in the message body to the GSM SIM card's phone number.

3. When the contact details have been entered, click **OK**.
4. The contact will be added to the **Contacts** tab. You may choose to add another contact, edit an existing contact or remove a contact from the list.

5.15.2. Groups Tab

1. Click the **Groups** tab and then click **Add Group**. The **Group Details** dialog will open.

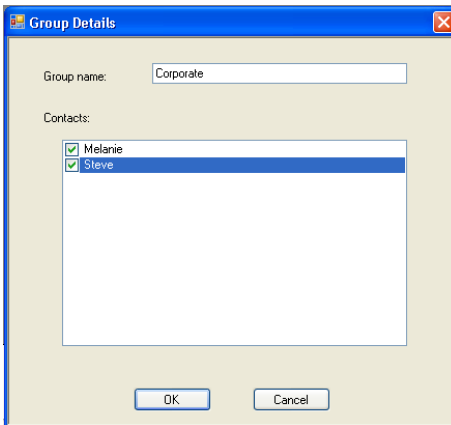


Figure 54: Adding a group

2. Enter a Group name and add your existing contacts to the group by selecting the checkbox next to the Contact name.
3. Click **OK** to create the Group. In the Groups tab you may choose to add a group, edit an existing group or remove a group from the list.

5.15.3. Notifications Setup Tab

1. Once the contacts have been created you may start defining which contacts should receive the alarm notifications.
2. The pane on the left-hand side of the **Notifications Setup** tab displays all the units, loggers or Repeaters and their serial numbers, which have been configured in your network. You must define the alarm notifications for each unit in turn. Select the first unit you wish to define.

3. The **Email** or **SMS** tab is now active for the unit selected in step 1 above. In this tab, select the type of alarm for which the notification should be sent in the event that the predefined alarm level is breached.
4. Only the sensors which were configured in the logger Setup, with alarms levels, are enabled in this tab. In addition, any online Repeater will be enabled for sending battery alarm or reception alarm notifications.

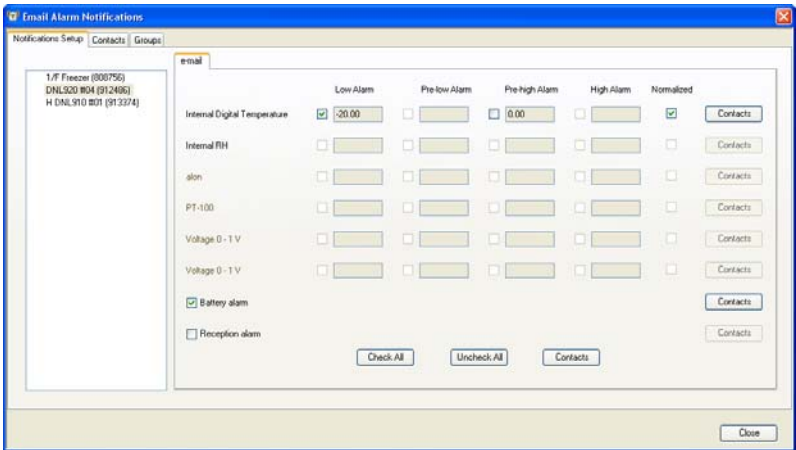


Figure 55: SMS and Email notification setup

5. Select the checkboxes according to the type of sensor alarm for which notifications should be sent.
You may also select the following alarms:
 - a. **Battery alarm:** Notification will be sent for low battery alarm when battery level is at or drops below 10%. When the battery level goes above 10% again, when unit is connected to AC power, another email notification is sent stating the battery is charging.



- b. **Reception alarm:** An Offline alarm notification will be sent when there is no RF reception from a unit. When the unit is back online, an Online notification is sent.
 - c. **Normalized:** Notification will be sent when the logger return to normal levels having been in alarm.
6. Click the **Contact** button adjacent to each of the sensors which have defined alarms. In the **Select Contact** dialog, select the contact and/or group that will receive the notification.
7. You can also click **Check All** to select all the sensor alarms for notification.

Note: If the logger transmission rate is slower than the sampling rate, an alarm notification is still sent even if the logger transmission time hasn't passed. For example, if the sampling rate is every 5 minutes, and the transmission rate is every 10 minutes, if a logger reaches a high alarm after 7 minutes a notification will be sent. The system won't wait until the scheduled transmission time.



5.15.4. Email and SMS Notification Formats

Email Notification Format

When the Email notification is sent the recipient receives the Email in the following format:

Email Header:

DataNet Alarm: Internal Temperature High Alarm, Value Detected: 25.47C)

Email Body:

```
DataNet Alarm
Comment: Factory 1/F
S/N: 808932
08-07-09 13:53:41
Internal Temperature Low Alarm,
Value Detected: 25.47 C
```

The Email header contains the sensor type, last recorded sample, and alarm type.

In addition the Email body contains the logger comment, serial number, time stamp of last sample and value of last sample.

SMS Notification Format

When the SMS notification is sent the recipient receives the SMS in the following format. (The logger comment is displayed in the first row).



S/N 515244, Test 810#2, Int. Temperature 15/1/10 17:25 – High Alarm, Value Detected: 24.24C

5.16. Calibration

The DataNet data loggers are shipped fully calibrated with a calibration certificate. However, DataNet does provide a simple and efficient process for users wishing to calibrate the DataNet data loggers themselves. The process itself can be performed wirelessly, over the network, but as with any data logger calibration a calibrator or other type of calibration instrument is necessary.

The Calibration options are accessible via the Logger context menu in the Map View (right-clicking the Logger icon).

Before performing logger calibration, the logger must be in **Stop** mode. In addition, all of the calibration options are accessible with a password making it difficult for non-authorized users of the system to tamper with the loggers' calibration settings.

Note: The default password is 1234. The password can be changed in the password dialog box.

The Calibration option menu options are:

- **Calibration:** Opens the main Calibration dialog
- **Save Calibration:** Saves the logger's current calibration settings
- **Load Calibration:** Loads a logger's previously saved calibration settings.
- **Reset Calibration:** Resets the logger's calibration settings so that the raw hardware data is obtained, without any software calibration applied to these values.



- **Restore Factory Calibration Default:** Restores the logger's calibration settings to the factory calibration i.e. the calibration settings it received prior to shipment from Fourier.

5.16.1. Introduction to DataNet Calibration

Although the DataNet data loggers come fully calibrated, the software enables you to calibrate any of the DataNet sensors, on any input. The calibration parameters are sent to the data logger and stored in its memory.

DataNet employs two different calibration methods: **Two-point calibration** and **Offset calibration**.

Each sensor can be calibrated using the Two-point calibration method, and then tweaked using offset calibration, except for the Thermocouples. These sensors require offset calibration only.

Sensor	Type	Calibration Method
Current	4 – 20 mA	Two-point calibration
Humidity (Internal)	Digital	Two-point calibration
Temperature (Internal)	Digital	Two-point calibration
Temperature (Internal)	PT-100	Two-point calibration and offset
Temperature	PT-100 2-wire	Two-point calibration and offset



Temperature	Thermocouple J	Offset calibration
Temperature	Thermocouple K	Offset calibration
Temperature	Thermocouple T	Offset calibration
Voltage	0 to 1 V	Two-point calibration
Voltage	0 to 50 mV	Two-point calibration

Calibration Tips

Prior to any two-point calibration it is recommended to restore factory calibration defaults.

Prior to calibrating any of the thermocouple sensor types, calibrate the Voltage 50 mV sensor as this will set the gain (slope) of all thermocouple sensor types.

After calibrating 50 mV, TC-J, TC-K or TC-T sensor types for all inputs you can refine the offset calibration for each input individually.

You may calibrate all thermocouple sensor types at once, or individually.

Prior to calibrating the PT-100 input, you must first perform **Reset Calibration** in the Calibration dialog.

Two-point Calibration

The two-point calibration sets the gain (slope) and offset (intercept) of the sensor's conversion function.

Use the two-point calibration to calibrate all DataNet sensors except for the Thermocouples. In some cases you may need to refine your calibration using the fine offset tuning tool.

Offset Calibration

To calibrate the Thermocouple temperature sensors: TC-J, TC-K and TC-T, first calibrate the 50 mV sensor type. That will set the slope for all Thermocouple temperature sensors. Then proceed to adjust the offset using the Offset calibration technique.

5.16.2. Calibrating the Data Logger

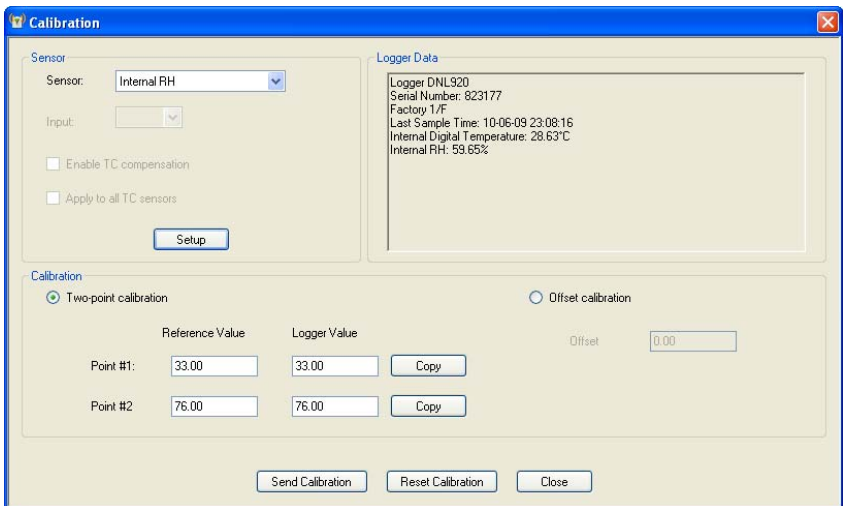


Figure 56: Calibration dialog

1. From the Map View, open the Logger context menu and select **Stop**.
2. Select **Calibration > Calibrate** and enter the password in the **Password** dialog.
3. Select the sensor you wish to calibrate from the **Sensor** drop-down menu.



4. If calibrating an external sensor, select the inputs to calibrate. Select **All** or an individual input, **1 to 4**.
5. Click **Setup** to send the sensor setup to the logger.

Note: The calibration process does not delete the logger's setup prior to calibration. Once Calibration is complete the original logger setup will be restored.

6. If you selected **All** inputs, then by default the logger will be setup to log data on **Input 1** during the calibration process. Otherwise, if you selected a specific input, it will setup the logger to calibrate on that input.

Logger Data Pane

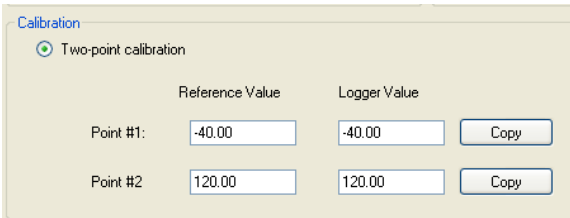
The Logger Data pane displays real-time readings on the logger, at a default sampling rate of one per second. You can also view the logger's general status. Use the Logger Data pane to verify your logger is properly calibrated.

The Calibration dialog will enable either Two-point or Offset calibration, or both, depending on the sensor selected.

Note: The calibrated sensor parameters will be saved both in the DataNet logger and in the software memory, so there is no need to calibrate the logger every time you run the software.

5.16.3. Performing a Two-point Calibration

To perform a two-point calibration, you must have two reference points to input against the real logger sensor values.



The screenshot shows a 'Calibration' window with a radio button selected for 'Two-point calibration'. Below this, there are two rows of input fields. The first row is for 'Point #1', with a 'Reference Value' field containing '-40.00' and a 'Logger Value' field containing '-40.00', followed by a 'Copy' button. The second row is for 'Point #2', with a 'Reference Value' field containing '120.00' and a 'Logger Value' field containing '120.00', followed by a 'Copy' button.

	Reference Value	Logger Value	
Point #1:	-40.00	-40.00	Copy
Point #2:	120.00	120.00	Copy

Figure 57: Two-point calibration window

1. In the **Point #1** field, enter the first **Reference Value** and the corresponding **Logger Value**.
2. In the **Point #2** field, enter the second **Reference Value** and the corresponding **Logger Value**.

Note: If you are using a calibrator and the logger is currently displaying the real value to be calibrated, press the **Copy** button to copy the real value to the **Logger Value** text box.

3. Press **Send Calibration** to send these values to the logger memory.
4. Compare the real value in the Logger Data pane to the reference value. If the values are within an acceptable margin of error you may close the Calibration window, or move on to the next sensor or input.
5. If the values are still not accurate enough, you can perform Offset calibration to tweak with values further.

Note: Fourier strongly recommends calibrating using the default Reference values that appear in the two Reference value text boxes for each sensor.



5.16.4. Performing an Offset Calibration

If, after the Two-point calibration procedure, the logger still exhibits some offset value use the Offset calibration tool to correct it.

The offset value is the difference between the value displayed by the DataNet logger and the reference value. For example if the calibrator is set to 0 °C and the logger reads 1 °C the offset value is +1, but if the logger reads -1 °C then the offset value is -1.

To perform an Offset calibration, simply select the **Offset calibration** radio button to enable the **Offset** text box. For Thermocouples you will only have the option to perform an Offset calibration.

Enter the offset value in the text box and click **Send Calibration**. Continue to adjust the offset accordingly until satisfied with the readings.

5.16.5. Setting the Offset to a Specific Input

After setting the offset to all inputs simultaneously, you can set the offset of each input separately for even better accuracy.

To set the offset of a specific input:

1. Measure two known reference values making sure to use the input you need to calibrate.
2. Enter the offset value as described in section 5.16.4 above, making sure to select the correct input number instead of **All**.



3. You can repeat the procedure for every input.

5.16.6. Calibrating the Internal Temperature Sensor on the DL910

The DNL910's internal temperature sensor is a PT-100 sensor. Calibration of this sensor is performed by calibrating the external PT-100 input i.e. two-point calibration followed by offset calibration.

1. In the Calibration dialog, select **PT-100** in the Sensor drop-down menu and select **All** inputs.
2. Press **Setup** to proceed.
3. Connect a calibrator or an actual PT-100 sensor to Input-1. Calibrate the input using the reference values.

Once this calibration procedure is complete both the logger's internal temperature sensor (PT-100) and external PT-100 inputs will be calibrated.

5.16.7. Calibrating the External PT-100 Sensor Input

PT-100 calibration is a standard 2-point calibration followed by offset calibration. Once the PT-100 sensor has been selected in the **Sensor** drop-down menu, click the **Reset Calibration** button. Then proceed with the 2-point calibration procedure.

Before each calibration this step must be performed otherwise the calibration will not be accurate.



5.16.8. Saving Calibration Settings

At any time you may manually save the logger's calibration settings locally to your PC.

1. Open the logger context menu, select **Calibration > Save Calibration** and enter the password to access this feature.
2. The **Save As** dialog will open. Name the calibration file (with extension .dcf) and save it either in the default Calibration folder in the DataNet directory or in a folder of your choice.

5.16.9. Loading Calibration Settings

You can load a previously saved DataNet .dcf calibration file at any time to restore a logger's restore specific calibration settings.

1. Open the logger context menu, select **Calibration > Load Calibration** and enter the password to access this feature.
2. In the **Open** dialog, browse to the calibration file you need and click **Open**. The logger will be updated with the new calibration settings.

5.17. Analyzing the Data


When in offline (History View) or online data displays, you have a number of features for analyzing the on-screen data. The features for analyzing data while in the graph display are practically the same when in offline or online mode.

5.17.1. Using the Graph Features

The following section explains how to use the numerous graph analysis features, including an overview of the graph toolbar options.



Please first refer to section 5.3.5: DataNet Toolbar Icons for a full overview of the graph toolbar.

Autoscaling


Click **Autoscale**  on the graph toolbar to view the full data display, thereby restoring the axis range to its default settings.


Zooming

To zoom in to a specific area of the graph:

1. Click **Zoom in**  on the graph toolbar.
2. Drag the cursor diagonally to select the area you want to magnify. Release the mouse button to zoom in to the selected area.
3. Click **Zoom in**  a second time to disable the zoom tool.
4. Click **Autoscale** to restore the default display.

Panning

Use the **Pan** tool  to pan along the x or y axis or after zooming in, to see any part of the graph that is outside the zoomed area.

1. Click **Pan**  on the graph toolbar, then click anywhere on the graph and drag the mouse to view another area.
2. Click the **Pan** icon a second time to disable the **Pan** tool.

The Cursor

You can display up to two cursors on the graph simultaneously.

Use the first cursor to display individual data recording values.

Use two cursors to display the difference between two coordinate values, to display the frequency of periodic data or to select a range of data points.

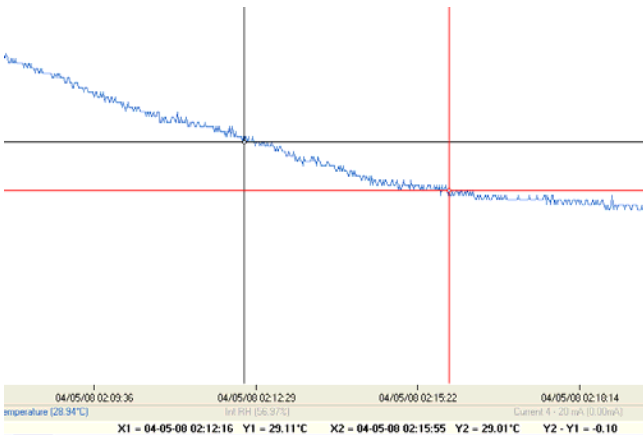



Figure 58: Example of using two cursors

When using two cursors, the Statistics feature will calculate statistics according to the data set between the two cursors.


To display the first cursor:

Click 1st **Cursor**  on the graph toolbar. You can drag the cursor with the mouse onto any other point on the plot, or onto

a different plot. For finer cursor movements use the forward and backward keys on the keyboard.

The coordinate values of the selected point will appear in the information bar at the bottom of the graph window.

To display the second cursor:

Click **2nd Cursor**  and drag the cursor with the mouse onto any other point on the plot. The information bar will now display the difference between the two coordinate values.

To remove the cursors:

Click the cursor icons a second time.

Grid


Click the **Grid** icon  to add a grid to the background of the graph view. To remove the grid, click the icon again.



Figure 59: Graph with grid in background




Add Custom View

Whenever the graph in History View is modified, either by using the Zoom tool, changing the scale, panning the graph, etc. you have the option to add this customer graph view to the Data Map, under the Custom Views node. This will enable you to save projects which include the custom graph view for future reference.

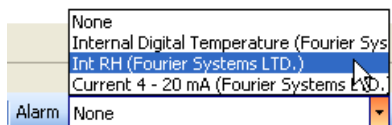
Click the **Add Custom View** icon  to perform this function.

Copying the Graph

Click the **Copy Graph** icon  to copy the graph to the clipboard, and paste it into another application, such as a word processing or spreadsheet application.

Displaying Alarm Levels

Open the Alarm drop-down menu and select the relevant sensor to display its alarm levels.



The Stretch/Compress Axis Tool


Move the cursor onto one of the graph axes. The cursor icon changes to the double arrow symbol (\leftrightarrow), indicating that you can stretch or compress the axis scale. Drag the cursor to the desired location. Repeat the procedure for the other axis if necessary.




To select a data set to display on the Y-axis, click on the data set's name in the Y-axis list. To display more than one curve, click on the data sets you want.

Formatting the Graph

You can change the plot line's color and width. The color of the Y-axis matches the corresponding plot's color and will automatically change with any change made to the color of the corresponding plot.


1. Click **Graph properties**  on the graph toolbar.
2. Click the **Style** tab, and unselect the **Use system line properties** checkbox.
3. Select the axis you want to format in the **Axis** drop-down menu.
4. Select the color and line width.
5. Click **OK**.
6. To restore the default formatting, select the **Use system line properties** checkbox again.

Manual Scaling

1. Click **Graph properties**  on the graph toolbar.
2. Select the **Axis Scaling** tab and with the **Group plots by units** checkbox *unselected*, select the axis to manually scale from the drop-down menu e.g. Date & Time axis.
3. Uncheck the **Autoscale** check box and enter the custom values in the text box i.e. a time range, in the case of the Time & Date axis, or a set of values.
4. Click **OK**.
5. To restore auto scaling select the **Autoscale** checkbox.

Manual Scaling - Grouping Plots by Unit

You may choose to group all of the sensors measuring the same unit, to the same scale. For example, if you have several temperature sensors in your data set, all measuring Celsius, you can apply a common scale when displaying the data from these sensors.

1. Click **Graph properties**  on the graph toolbar.
2. Select the **Axis Scaling** tab and select the **Group plots by units** checkbox.
3. In the **Axis** drop-down menu select the unit by which you wish to group the plots.
4. Uncheck the **Autoscale** check box and enter the custom values in the text box.
5. Click **OK**.
6. To restore auto scaling select the **Autoscale** checkbox.

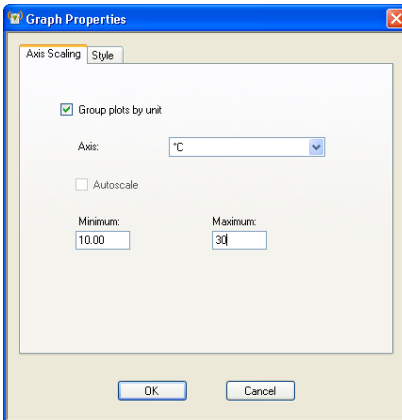


Figure 60: Grouping plots by units




5.17.2. Changing the Graph, Table or Statistics View Header

Each Graph, Table or Statistics tab has a header located above the specific view. The default headers are:

- DataNet - Graph
- DataNet - Table
- DataNet - Statistics

The header will also be included when printing the graph.

To change the header:

1. Click **Graph Properties**  on the graph toolbar.
2. Click the **Style** tab and enter the graph header in the Header field.

5.17.3. Statistical Analysis

DataNet also provides some basis statistics regarding the open data sets. While in History View or online Data Display view, click the **Statistics** tab.

For each of the sensors in the data set, you will have the following statistics displayed:

- Minimum / Maximum values
- Average value
- Number of samples

You will also see the Logger name and SN, as well as the start and end time of the statistics data range.

While in online mode these statistics are updated in real-time.

If you zoom onto a section of the graph, the statistics are dynamic and will therefore display statistics of the zoomed graph, not of the whole graph.

If using the cursors, the statistics will be calculated according to the data set between the two cursors.

Graph | Table | **Statistics**


DataNet - Statistics

	Serial Number	Device	Sensor	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Statistics start	Statistics end	Number of samples
▶	913374	H DNLS910 #01	Internal Temperature	20.59°C	36.19°C	25.19°C	04-05-10 00:00:00	09-05-10 12:23:48	11396
	913374	H DNLS910 #01	Voltage 0 - 1 V	0.30V	1.00V	0.95V	04-05-10 17:30:15	04-05-10 18:12:05	252
	913374	H DNLS910 #01	Current 4 - 20 mA	4.00mA	4.00mA	4.00mA	04-05-10 17:30:15	04-05-10 18:12:05	252

Figure 61: Statistics View

5.18. Exporting Data to Excel or CSV Formats

DataNet supports exporting data to Excel or CSV file formats (CSV stands for *comma separated values*).

To export to Excel, click **Export to Excel**  in the online or offline lower graph toolbar, or go to **Analysis > Export to Excel** (while viewing data in History View). The data currently displayed on the graph is exported. Data from more than one data logger may be exported simultaneously.

DataNet will then open a new Excel workbook displaying the data as well as other pertinent information such as logger comment, serial number and the alarm level setup. Data that exceeds any of the alarm levels will be indicated.




A	B	C	D
Comment		Fourier Systems LTD.	
S/N		6666665	
Sensor		Internal Digital Temperature	
Low			
PreLow			
PreHigh			
High			20
Date	Time	Internal Digital Temperature	Alarm Type
3/5/2008	22:49:35	29.26	High
3/5/2008	22:49:36	29.25	High
3/5/2008	22:49:37	29.26	High
3/5/2008	22:49:38	29.26	High
3/5/2008	22:49:39	29.26	High
3/5/2008	22:49:40	29.25	High
3/5/2008	22:49:41	29.25	High
3/5/2008	22:49:42	29.26	High

Figure 62: Example of data exported to Excel

Only offline data opened in History View can be exported to CSV and is available under the Analysis menu.

5.19. Printing the Data

You are able to print data by clicking the **Print** icon  from the lower toolbar in Graph, Table or Statistics tabs of the offline or online data displays. Clicking the Print icon will open the **Print Setup** dialog where you will need to select the printer to print to.

When printing a table, you can select the specific data range you wish to print. You are able to adjust the date and time in order to narrow the data range.

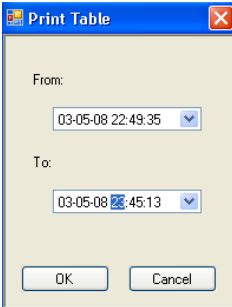


Figure 63: Printing a table

5.20. Reports Module

The Reports module provides the DataNet user with an intuitive interface for creating and generating DataNet reports containing a wide range of parameters garnered from the DataNet units and software. Each report can be sent via e-mail to a selected distribution list, at pre-defined time intervals, in PDF and Excel format.


All reports are saved in the default directory:

C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet\Reports

To change this path go to the Preferences tab in **Tools > Options**.

5.20.1. Creating a Report Profile

The first step when creating a report is to create a new Report Profile. The user can create multiple profiles, each configured with different parameters. To generate a report, at least one profile must be enabled.

1. Go to **Reports > Reports Profile Manager** in the main menu, or click the corresponding icon  in the upper toolbar.
2. Enter the system password. The Reports Profile Manager window will open.
3. Click **Create New Profile**.

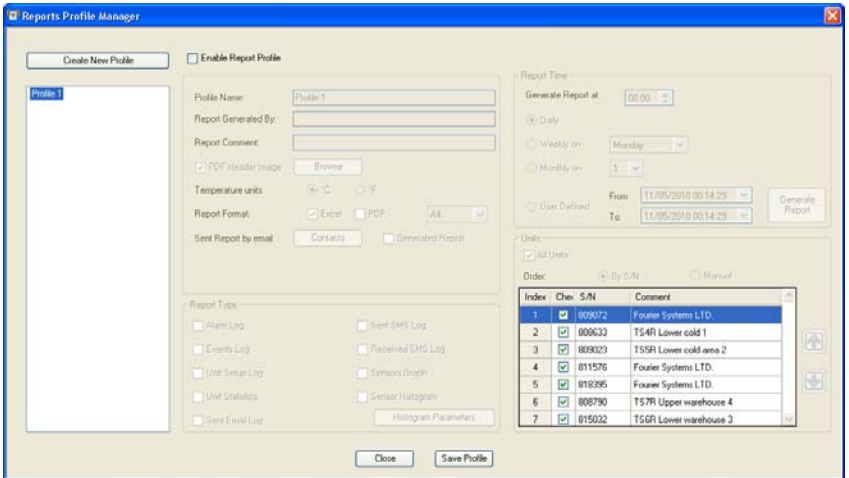


Figure 64: Reports Profile Manager window

4. Select the **Enable Report Profile** checkbox to enable all fields in the window. Each profile that is enabled will have a report generated. If no profiles are enabled, DataNet will not generate any reports.
5. Enter a suitable profile name in the **Profile Name** field.
6. Enter your name in the **Report Generated By** field.
7. Enter a description of the report in the **Report Comment** field.



- Each report created in PDF format contains a header. To change the report's header, select the **PDF Header Image** checkbox and click **Browse** to locate the relevant image. The default Fourier header is:



Note: The recommended header dimensions are 525 x 50 pixels, 72 dpi. If a header with different dimensions is loaded, then the software will automatically resize the header dimensions.

- Toggle the temperature unit to appear on the report, if any of the logger's are configured to measure temperature.
- Next to **Report Format**, select the checkbox next to the required format in which to generate the report. *Excel*, *PDF* or both formats. For PDF format, select the page size, *A4* or *Letter*, from the drop-down menu.
- Click the **Generated Report** checkbox to send the report via email to a selected distribution list. Click **Contacts** to open your contact list and select the relevant contacts to receive the report via e-mail. If your contact list is empty then the **Select Contacts** window will automatically open when first clicking Generated Report.

Note: To send reports via e-mail, ensure the DataNet e-mail settings are correctly configured in **Tools > Options > e-mail Settings**.

- In the **Report Type** pane, select at least one of the report type checkboxes. You will not be able to save the profile unless a report type has been selected.

The available types are below. For more details regarding each type, refer to section 5.20.2:



- Alarm Log
 - Events Log
 - Unit Setup Log
 - Unit Statistics
 - Sent Email Log
 - Sent SMS Log
 - Received SMS Log
 - Sensors Graph
 - Sensor Histogram
13. Once a Report Type has been selected, immediately click **Save Profile** to avoid losing your unsaved profile.
14. Use the **Report Time** pane to select the interval when the report will be generated and emailed to the contact list (if desired):
- a. Next to **Generate Report at** select the time when the report should be generated.
- Note:** To allow for data samples recorded in the last minute prior to the defined time, the report will actually be generated 10 minutes after the defined time.
- b. Select the date when the report should be generated. The options are *daily*, *weekly* or *monthly*. Select the specific day for the latter two options.
 - c. The user can also select a report according to a specific time period. Select the **User Defined** option, choose the period and click **Generate** to manually generate the report according to the defined parameters.
15. Use the **Units** pane to select which loggers should be included on the report itself.
- a. Select the **All Units** checkbox to include all network units.



- b. To include a specific selection of units, unselect the **All Units** checkbox and manually select the checkbox for each unit.
- c. The order in which the units will appear on the report can be defined according to Serial Number by selecting **By S/N** and clicking the S/N header or manually, by selecting **Manual** and clicking the Up and Down arrows.

The definition of the report is now complete. Click **Save Profile** and then **Close** to exit the Reports Profiles Manager. A report will be generated at the defined time.

5.20.2. Report Types

Each report contains at least one Report Type, with the data displayed in table format. A description of each Report Type parameter in the Reports Profile Manager is provided below.

Alarm Log

- Parameters include sensor name, setup, alarm parameters, and setup time. In addition, each sensor alarm value is listed according to the relevant setup. If there are other setups in the report time frame then additional setup tables and alarm tables will be displayed.
- Battery and Reception alarms will be listed after the sensor alarms.
- If no alarms were recorded during the report time frame, a *No Alarm Events* message will be displayed.

Events Log

Logs all events of each logger in the Report, as well as the time of the event. The events are:



- Setup
- Run
- Stop
- Connection to network
- Disconnection from network
- Firmware updated, including indication of previous and updated firmware version
- Leave Network

Unit Setup Log

- Logs all the setups of the logger during the logging period
- If no setups were performed during the report time frame the a *No New Setup* message will be displayed

Unit Statistics

Displays statistics for each sensor in the report. The calculated parameters are:

- Min
- Max
- Average
- Number of samples

Sent Email Log

Logs all emails that were sent during the report time frame.

The details in the Sent Emails Log are:

- Message that was sent
- Date



- Time
- To whom the message was sent (groups will be displayed as groups)

Sent SMS Log

Logs all SMS's that were sent during the report time frame.

The details in the Sent SMS Log are:

- Message that was sent
- Date
- Time
- To whom the message was sent (groups will be displayed as groups)

Received SMS Log

Logs all SMS's that were sent to the DataNet software during the report time frame.

The details in the Received SMS Log are:

- Message that was received
- Date
- Time
- From whom the message was sent

Sensor Graph

The Sensor Graph log includes the following parameters:

- Unit comment and S/N indicated as the graph header
- Indication of sensor name, sensor type, start time & date and end time & date under each graph




- A small graph of each sensor that is defined in the logger with its alarm levels displayed according to the alarm colors. The graph will be created according to the last logger setup.
- The graph scaling will be set to autoscale
- The graph will include grid lines
- The alarm levels will be marked according to the alarm color and the alarm limit value will be indicated on the Y-axis
- The graph dimensions will be 7.5 cm x 10.5 cm

Sensor Histogram

- Unit comment and S/N indicated as the graph header
- Under each Histogram there will be indication of the sensor name, sensor type, start time & date and end time & date
- A small histogram of each sensor defined in the logger will be displayed
- The histogram will include an indication of the value of each bin on top of the bin
- The graph dimensions will be 7.5 cm x 10.5 cm

5.20.3. Removing a Report Profile


To remove an existing report profile:

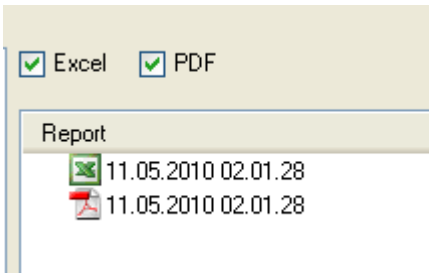
1. Go to **Reports > Reports Profile Manager** in the main menu, or click the corresponding icon  in the upper toolbar.

2. In the Profile list on the left side of the window, right-click the Report name to be removed and select **Remove** from the context menu.
3. Enter the system password and when prompted, confirm the action.

5.20.4. The Report Browser

Use the Report Browser to open or delete generated reports saved in the Reports folder in the default DataNet directory. Reports are displayed per Profile.

1. Go to **Reports > Report Browser** in the main menu, or click the corresponding icon  in the upper toolbar. The Report Browser window will open.
2. Select one of the profiles in the Profiles pane on the left side of the window. All reports generated under that profile will appear in the main Report pane.



3. Filter the reports to display in the Report pane by selecting the Excel and PDF options. Or display both report formats by leaving them both checked.
4. To open a report click one of the reports in the list and click **Open**.
5. To delete a report click one of the reports in the list and click **Delete**.



6. Click **Close** to close the Reports Browser window.

5.21. System Password

Throughout the software you will be required to enter a password to perform certain functions such as calibration or firmware update.

Note: The default password is 1234.

To change the password:

1. In the **Password** dialog box, click **Change Password** to open the **Change Password** dialog box.
2. Enter the current password in the **Current Password** text box.
3. Enter the new password in the **New Password** text box.
4. Enter the new password a second time in the **Confirm New Password** text box to confirm your new password.
5. Click **OK**.

Note: The password must include at least 4 characters and is case sensitive.



Chapter 6:

Updating DataNet Software and Firmware

DataNet v2.0 supports automatic software and firmware update whenever DataNet is launched, as long as the computer is connected to the Internet. The update process is managed by Fourier's **Uptodata** client. This client checks for updated software and firmware files located on the Fourier server, and if any have been detected they are downloaded and updated on the user's computer. The user can also have DataNet automatically update the network units' firmware or can choose to do so manually.

A major benefit of the DataNet system is that units' firmware is updated *over the air* or via USB from the DataNet software, so that the DataNet user does not have to ship any units back to the factory for upgrading. Without moving one deployed unit out of position in the network, the user can send a new firmware file wirelessly to all of the data logger end units and Repeaters. The Receiver firmware is updated via the USB cable.

In addition to automatic firmware update, the user can also manually update the firmware via the DataNet Firmware Update Center or from the Logger/Repeater icon in Map View. Refer to the relevant sections in this chapter for more details.

6.1. Using the Uptodata Client

Use the Uptodata client to perform automatic checks for updated DataNet software and firmware versions, including updated versions of this DataNet user guide. Once downloaded, DataNet software and firmware is automatically updated. However, you also have the option to manually update firmware rather than automatically.

To use the Uptodata client follow the instructions below.

1. Ensure the computer is connected to the Internet and launch DataNet.
2. Launch the **Uptodata** update client from the DataNet main menu: **Help > Check for Updates**.
3. You will be prompted to proceed to check for new updates. Click **Next**. The client will then check for updates on the server, including updates to the Uptodata client itself.

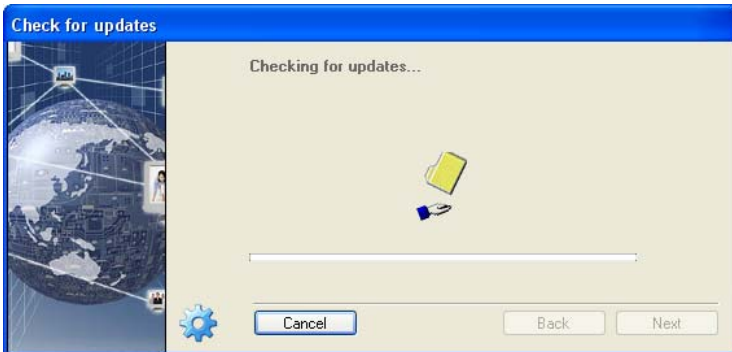
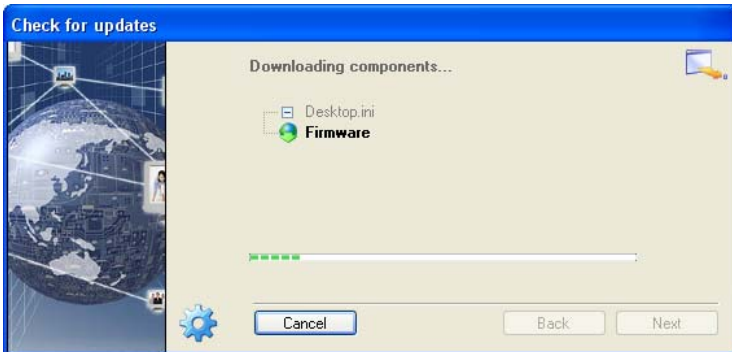



Figure 65: Uptodata dialog

4. Once the check is complete, any new updates will be displayed in the Uptodata dialog. Select the checkbox next to the file you wish to update and click **Next**.



5. The files will be downloaded to your default application directory. Click **Finish** to close the dialog once the download is complete.



6. Click the  icon in the main Uptodata dialog for further options such as:
- Checking for updates on startup (select **Further Configurations** menu item to modify frequency of update checking)
 - Automatic firmware update on startup

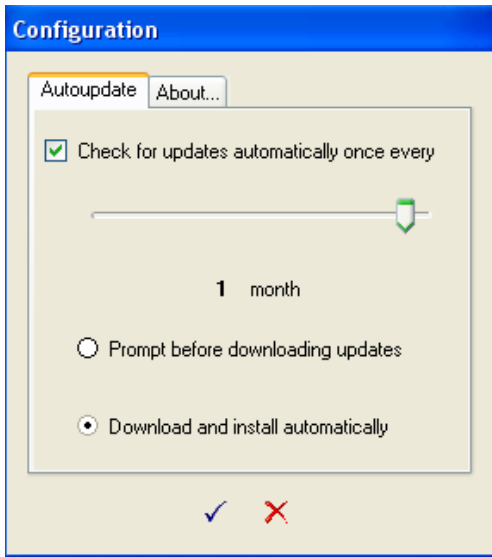


Figure 66: Uptodata configuration dialog

Note: If the update was canceled for any reason and was not completed, none of the previous installation files will be affected.

6.2. Updating DataNet Firmware

There are several ways to update firmware for your DataNet hardware units.

- Automatically, using the Uptodata client. Refer to section 6.1.
- Manually, using the Firmware Update Center. Refer to section 6.2.2.



- Manually, using the context menu on the Logger/Repeater icons in the Map View. Refer to section 6.2.3.
- Manually, via USB connection (for DNL910, DNL920, PA models and DNR900 only).

6.2.1. Downloading the Firmware File

1. There are two ways to obtain the DataNet firmware file.
 - a. Using the Uptodata client to download from the Fourier server. Refer to section 6.1.
 - b. Downloading the latest firmware version directly from the Fourier Download Center at:
www.fouriersystems.com/support/download_center.php.
2. Uptodata downloads the firmware file, named Firmware.dfw, to the DataNet directory on the computer. The default path is: *C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet*.

Note: The firmware file combines firmware for all DataNet hardware units into one file. There is no need to download separate files for each type of unit e.g. DNR800, DNR900, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA, DNL-920-PA, DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810.

If you download the firmware file from the Fourier Download Center make sure to copy the file to the same path listed above.

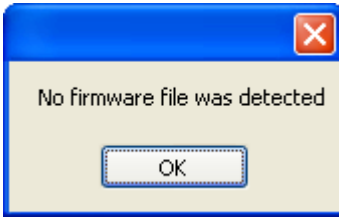
Once the file is downloaded the next step is to update the DataNet units.

6.2.2. Using the Firmware Update Center

To launch the Firmware Update Center:

1. Once the downloaded firmware file is in the DataNet directory, go to **Tools > Update Center** from the main menu. Enter the password in the **Password** dialog to access the Update Center.

If no firmware file is detected in the DataNet directory, then an error message is displayed and the Update Center opens with a blank screen.



Copy the firmware file to the directory and reopen the Update Center.

Note: The default password is 1234.

2. The Update Center dialog lists all units in the network and displays pertinent information such as available firmware versions, firmware update status and unit info.

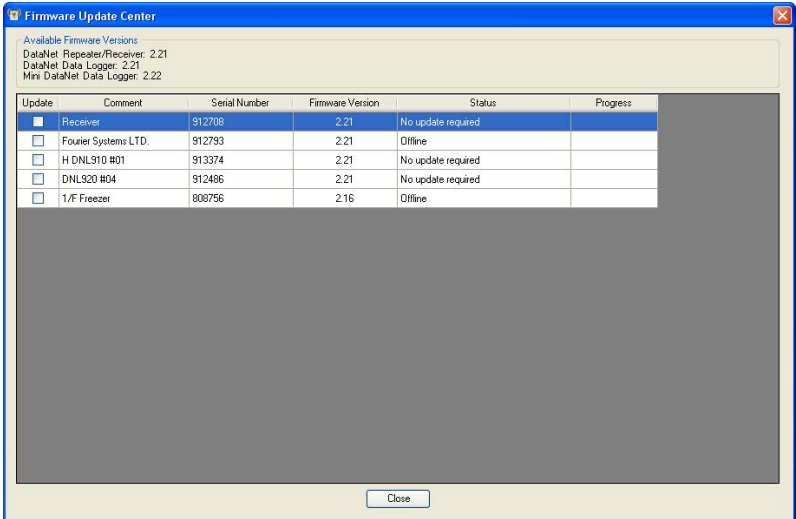


Figure 67: Firmware Update Center dialog

3. If the unit status is **Requires an update**, then select the checkbox in the **Update** column adjacent to the unit you wish to update. You may select as many units as you like to update, but **only two units can be updated at a time**.
4. As soon as you select the **Update** checkbox, the command will be sent to the unit to begin uploading the firmware. The firmware is first uploaded to the unit's memory and then installed. Even if the update is stalled halfway due to the unit shutting down, for example, the unit will not lose its current firmware and so will continue to be operable.
5. When the upload begins the Update Center status will change to **Uploading firmware file** and the unit display will read **Loading firmware**. The progress will also be displayed on both hardware and software.



Status	Progress
Uploading firmware file	26%
Requires an update	

- When the upload is complete the unit will reset and the Update Center will display the status **No update required**. The firmware version will be updated as well.

Note: You can quit the firmware update at any time by unselecting the **Update** checkbox in the Update Center.

- When the unit resets it will automatically rejoin the network and will be in **Stop** mode. However the unit configuration will still be saved. For loggers which have completed firmware update, run the logger to start recording data again.

Available Firmware Versions

At the top of the Update Center dialog, available firmware versions are displayed. The information is taken from the firmware file *Firmware.dfw* stored in the DataNet directory *C:\Program Files\Fourier Systems\DataNet*.

Available Firmware Versions

DataNet Repeater/Receiver: 2.21
DataNet Data Logger: 2.21
Mini DataNet Data Logger: 2.22

There are three classifications of DataNet units:

- Receiver/ Repeater (DNR800 and DNR900)
- DataNet data logger (DNL910, DNL920 and PA models)
- Mini DataNet data logger (DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810)

The same firmware file is used for all units.



Unit Status Options

- **Offline** – unit is offline and firmware status can't be determined.
- **No update required** – Unit has latest firmware installed.
- **Uploading firmware file** – Firmware file is being uploaded to the unit. Progress is displayed in percentages.
- **Updating firmware** – Once firmware file is uploaded then the actual firmware update begins, overwriting the existing firmware on the unit.
- **Downloading** – Logger unit is first downloading all data before beginning the firmware update.
- **Waiting to upload firmware** – Unit is in a queue to upload the firmware, as the network can update two units at a time.

Unit Information

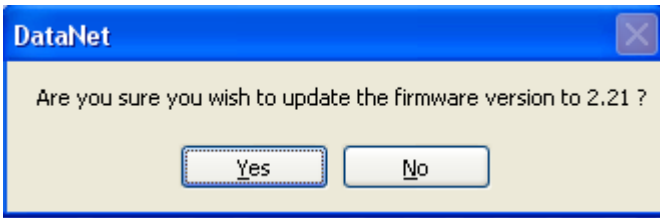
Additional information provided in the Update Center includes:

- The unit comment/name
- Serial number
- Current firmware version
- Unit status
- Update progress

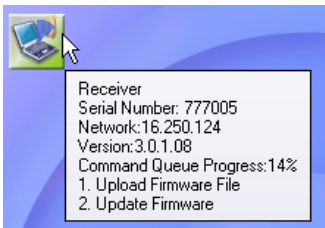
6.2.3. Firmware Update from the Map View Icon

Each DataNet unit, the data logger, Receiver and Repeater, has the Update Firmware option in its Map View icon context menu.

1. To perform a direct update from a specific unit, open the context menu and select **Update Firmware**.
2. Enter the password in the **Password** dialog box.
3. A DataNet system message will prompt you to confirm the update. Click **Yes**.



4. The firmware will begin updating and you can monitor its progress in the unit's tooltip as well as in the Firmware Update Center itself.



6.2.4. Firmware Update via USB

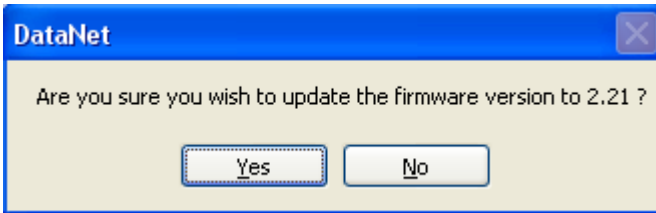
All DataNet units with USB port can also be updated via direct USB to PC connection. Follow the instructions below.

DNR900 Receiver

1. Connect the DNR900 to the computer via USB. Go to **Network > Detect Receiver** in the DataNet main menu.



2. Right-click on the Receiver icon and select **Update Firmware** from the context menu.
3. Enter the password in the **Password** dialog box.
4. A DataNet system message will prompt you to confirm the update. Click **Yes**.



5. The firmware will begin updating and you can monitor its progress in the unit's tooltip.

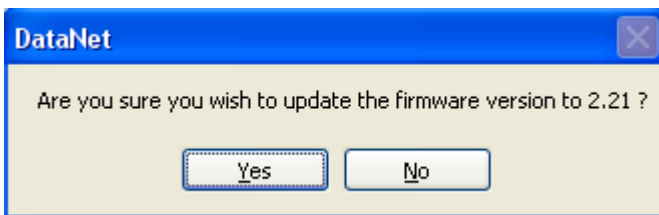


DNR900 Repeater

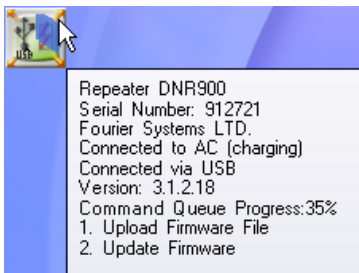
1. Make sure the DNR900 is in Repeater mode and joined to an existing network. When connected to the computer via USB go to **Network > Detect Logger/Repeater** in the DataNet main menu.



2. Right-click on the Repeater icon and select **Update Firmware** from the context menu.
3. Enter the password in the **Password** dialog box.
4. A DataNet system message will prompt you to confirm the update. Click **Yes**.



5. The firmware will begin updating and you can monitor its progress in the unit's tooltip.



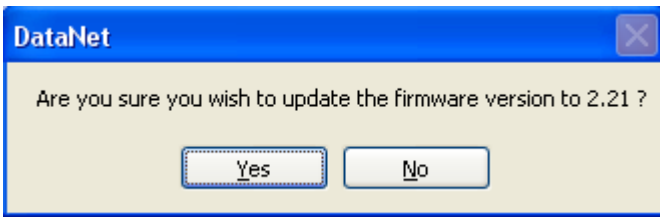
6. When complete, disconnect the USB cable and reconnect the Receiver to continue using the DataNet system.

DNL910, DNL920 and PA Data Loggers

1. Make sure the data logger is joined to an existing network. When connected to the computer via USB go to **Network > Detect Logger/Repeater** in the DataNet main menu.



2. Right-click on the logger icon and select **Update Firmware** from the context menu.
3. Enter the password in the **Password** dialog box.
4. A DataNet system message will prompt you to confirm the update. Click **Yes**.



5. The firmware will begin updating and you can monitor its progress in the unit's tooltip.



6. When complete, disconnect the USB cable and reconnect the Receiver to continue using the DataNet system.

6.2.5. Cancelling Firmware Update

To cancel a firmware update, right-click the unit's icon in the Map View and select the **Cancel Firmware Update** option.

If a data logger was in Run mode prior to the firmware update, when cancelling it the logger will resume operation in Stop mode.

6.2.6. Interrupted Firmware Update

There are several ways an in progress firmware update may be interrupted:

- Unselecting the checkbox next to the unit name in the Firmware Update Center
- Disconnecting the USB from the Receiver
- Disconnecting the USB from the Repeater or data logger during update via USB
- Exiting the DataNet software



In each case, when the unit is back online the firmware update will automatically resume (from the beginning of the update).

If a data logger's firmware update was interrupted, and it was in Run mode prior to the update, the logger will continue to run even after the interruption.

Appendix A: DataNet Specifications

A.1. Data Logger Input Types

DNL910, DNL920 and PA Models

External Inputs

Four external inputs with selectable sensor type for each input:

- 4 to 20 mA
- 0 to 1 V
- 0 to 50 mV
- PT-100 (2-wire)
- Contact (Open/Closed)
- Thermocouple J, K or T
- Pulse counter (Input 4 only)
- Frequency (Input 4 only)
- User-defined sensors

Internal Inputs

DNL910

- PT-100 Temperature

DNL920

- Digital Temperature
- Digital Relative Humidity

DNL804

External Input

Current 4 to 20 mA

Internal Inputs

None

DNL808

External Input

NTC 10 K Ω

Internal Inputs

None



DNL810

External Input

None

Internal Inputs

Digital Temperature
Digital Humidity

A.2. DNL910 and DNL920 Outputs

Alarm Output (Output 1)	External Power Excitation (transducers usage)
Open collector Close position resistance: 50 Ω Max. Load: 50 mA, 3 V DC Overload protection 50 mA reset fuse	12 VDC @ 2 A

A.3. Logger Input Specifications DNL910, DNL920 and PA models

Internal PT-100 Temperature (DNL910)	Internal Digital Temperature (DNL920)	Internal Digital Relative Humidity (DNL920)
Type: PT-100	Type: Digital sensor	Range: 5 to 95 %
Range: -20 to 50 °C	Range: -20 to 50 °C	Resolution: 0.5%
Resolution: 0.1 °C	Resolution: 0.1 °C	Accuracy: 3% (software)
Accuracy: ± 0.3 °C	Accuracy: ± 0.5 °C	4% (Logger LCD)



Temperature Thermocouple J	Temperature Thermocouple K	Temperature Thermocouple T
Range: -200 to 1,000 °C Resolution: 0.1 °C Accuracy: -200 to - 60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 1,000 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C Cold junction compensation: ±0.3 °C	Range: -200 to 1,000 °C Resolution: 0.1 °C Accuracy: -200 to - 60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 1,000 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C Cold junction compensation: ±0.3 °C	Range: -200 to 400 °C Resolution: 0.1 °C Accuracy: -200 to - 60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 400 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.5 °C Cold junction compensation: ±0.3 °C
Temperature PT-100 (2-wire)	Pulse Counter (Input 4 only)	Frequency (Input 4 only)
Range: -200 to 400 °C Resolution: 0.1 °C) Accuracy: -200 to - 60 °C ±0.5 % 60 to 400 °C ±0.5 % -60 to 60 °C ±0.3 °C	Range: 1 to 65,536 counts Resolution: 1 count Frequency range: 0 to 4 KHz Input signal: 0 to 5 V Input impedance: 470 Ω	Range: 20 Hz to 4 KHz Input signal: 0 to 5 V Input impedance: 470 Ω
4 to 20 mA	0 to 1 V	0 to 50 mV
Range: 4 to 20 mA Resolution: 4.76 µA Accuracy: ±0.5 % Loop impedance: 21 Ω Maximum load: 30 mA, 5.2 V	Range: 0 to 1 V Resolution: 200 µV Accuracy: ±0.5 % Input impedance: 25 MΩ Maximum voltage: 5.2 V	Range: 0 to 50 mV Resolution: 3 µV Accuracy: ±0.5 % Input impedance: 25 MΩ Maximum voltage: 5.2 V
Contact		
Range: Open/Close		



A.4. Mini DataNet Sensor Specifications

Current (DNL804)	NTC 10 KΩ (DNL808)
Range: 4 to 20 mA	Range: -50 to 150 °C
Resolution: 1.16 μ A	Resolution: 0.06 °C
Accuracy: 0.5 %	Accuracy: -50 to 60 °C \pm 0.3 °C 60 to 150 °C \pm 0.5 %

Internal Digital Temperature (DNL810)	Internal Digital Relative Humidity (DNL810)
Temp range: -20 to 50 °C	RH range: 5 to 95 %
Temp resolution: 0.04 °C	RH resolution: 0.5 %
Temp accuracy: \pm 0.4 °C	RH accuracy: \pm 3 %

A.5. General Specifications

DataNet Logger Sampling Features

- Memory capacity: ~59,000 samples
- Sampling rate: Once every second to once every 18 hours
- Sampling resolution: 16-bit
- Channel separation: 80 dB



DataNet RF Network Communication

- Frequency: 2.4 GHz
- Network units: 65,000
- Data rate: 250 Kbps
- Full mesh network architecture supported
- 128-bit network security encryption
- Worldwide license-free
- Transmission strength:
 - DNR800: 10 dBm
 - DNR900: 15 dBm
 - DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810: 4 dBm
 - DNL910 and DNL920: 4 dBm
 - DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA: 15 dBm

DNR900, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA Hardware Specifications

Display

- 2-row LCD
- 16 character display

Power Supply

- *Battery:*
 - Internal rechargeable 4.8 V, 800 mAh NiMH battery (2 batteries in series)
 - Built-in battery charger
 - Battery Life: Up to six months *

* PA models have battery life of up to three hours



- *AC Power:*
 - External 12 V DC input @ 300 mA 3.6 VA
 - Center Negative

Operating Temperature Range

- -20 to 50 °C
- Water and dust proof: IP54

DNR900 PC Communication

- USB 2.0 compliance
- Mini USB type B cable

Casing

- Plastic ABS box
- Dimensions: 97 x 93 x 27 mm
- Weight: 200 gr
- Table and wall mounting

DNR800 Hardware Specifications

Power Supply

- External 12 V DC input @ 300 mA 3.6 VA
- Center Negative

Casing

- Dimensions: 68 x 68.6 x 26.5 mm (without the cradle and the external antenna)
- Weight: Device: 61 gr; Cradle: 10 gr; External Antenna: 17.5 gr
- Table and wall mounting



Operating Temperature Range

- -30 to 75 °C
- Water and dust proof: IP54

DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 Hardware Specifications

Power Supply

- Internal 2/3 AA lithium battery
- Battery voltage range: 2V - 3.6 V
- Battery life: Up to 10 months depending on sampling rate

Casing

- Dimensions: 68 x 68.6 x 26.5 mm (without the cradle and the external antenna)
- Weight: Logger: 53 gr; Cradle: 10 gr; External Antenna: 17.5 gr
- Table and wall mounting

Operating Temperature Range

- -30 to 75 °C
- Water and dust proof: IP54

Man Machine Interface

Full keyboard operation

Standards Compliance

CE, FCC



A.6. System Requirements

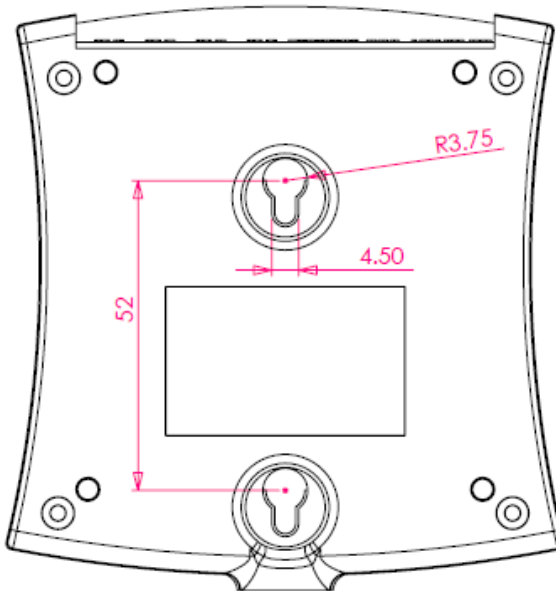
Software	Hardware
<p>OS Platform: Windows 2000 SP3, Windows 2003, Windows XP SP2, Windows Vista (32-bit) and Windows 7 (32-bit)</p> <p>Browser: Internet Explorer 5.01 or higher</p> <p>Screen Resolution: Minimum 1024 x 768</p>	<p>Processor: Pentium 800 MHz or higher</p> <p>Memory: 256 MB RAM</p> <p>Storage Memory: 250 MB available disk space for the DataNet application</p>

Appendix B:

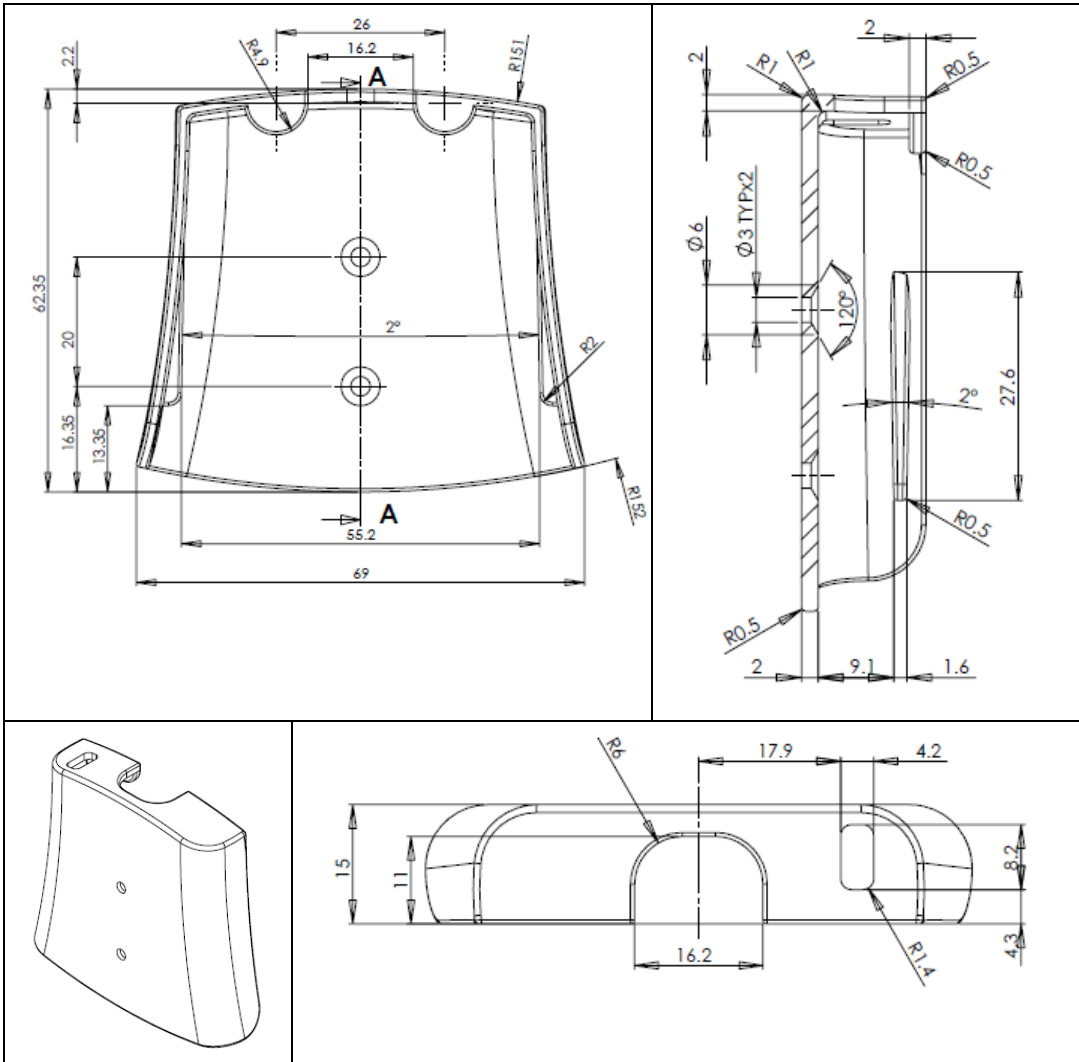
DataNet Mounting Diagrams

This appendix includes mechanical diagrams of the DNL and DNR DataNet models. The diagrams include dimensions to be used as a reference for mounting the units on the wall.

Rear Casing Dimensions for DNL9XX and DNR9XX Wall Mounting



Cradle Dimensions for DNL8XX and DNR800 Wall Mounting





Appendix C: Safety Information and FCC IDs

The DataNet system complies with relevant safety regulations for data processing devices. Please contact Fourier Systems with any questions regarding DataNet safety issues.

Note: The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or TV interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC ID for DataNet System

DNR900:

FCC ID: XGO-DNR9XX
This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL910:

FCC ID: XGO-DNL9XX
This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL920:

FCC ID: XGO-DNL9XX

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNR800:

FCC ID: XGO-DNR8XX

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL910-PA

FCC ID: XGO-DNL9XX-PA

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL920-PA

FCC ID: XGO-DNL9XX-PA

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL804:

FCC ID: XGO-DNL8XX

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DNL808:

FCC ID: XGO-DNL8XX

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.



DNL810:

FCC ID: XGO-DNL8XX
This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference and
(2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

DataNet Battery

The DataNet DNR900, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA devices are supplied with internal rechargeable 4.8 V NiMH batteries as well as connection to AC power.

The Mini DataNet DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810 data loggers are supplied with 1 x 2/3 AA lithium battery.

- Do not tamper or drop the battery to avoid leakage of hazardous chemicals contained within.
- Do not puncture, incinerate, disassemble or expose the battery to temperatures above 122 °F (50 °C).
- Keep the battery away from children.
- Dispose of the battery only in accordance with local regulations concerning potentially hazardous waste. Do not throw in the garbage bin.
- Remove the battery when not using the DataNet loggers for a significant period of time e.g. when the DataNet loggers are placed in long-term storage.



DataNet AC Power Adapter

- Only use the AC adapter provided by Fourier Systems.
- Verify that your power outlet is suitable for the voltage of the AC adapter.
- If the AC adapter is connected to an AC outlet, make sure the area around the outlet is accessible and the adapter is not covered while in operation.
- Do not place the AC adapter on heat-sensitive material.
- Do not charge the DataNet while situated in a carrying case or without sufficient airflow surrounding the loggers.
- Do not expose the adapter to direct sunlight or water.
- Do not tamper with the adapter components.





DataNet Operating Environment





- DNR900, DNL910, DNL920, DNL910-PA and DNL920-PA: -20 to 50 °C
- DNR800, DNL804, DNL808 and DNL810: -30 to 75 °C







Appendix D: Ordering Information





For the full list of DataNet products, and place DataNet orders please visit www.fouriersystems.com/order or contact your local Fourier distributor:

DataNet Product Suite

Part Number	Product Name	Product Description
DNR900 	Receiver/Repeater	Two-mode module for creating and managing DataNet ZigBee network, and extending network transmission range
DNR800 	Mini Repeater	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Module for extending network transmission range • External AC power supply only
DNL910 	Temp. Data Logger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Temperature PT-100 sensor • Four channels: mA, V, mV, TC-K/J/T, PT-100, Pulse, Frequency, Contact
DNL920 	Temp/RH Data Logger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Digital RH and Temperature sensors • Four channels: mA, V, mV, TC-K/J/T, PT-100, Pulse, Frequency, Contact

Part Number	Product Name	Product Description
DNL910-PA 	Temp. Data Logger with Power Amplifier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Temperature PT-100 sensor • Four channels: mA, V, mV, TC-K/J/T, PT-100, Pulse, Frequency, Contact • Includes Power Amplifier for long-range transmission
DNL920-PA 	Temp/RH Data Logger with Power Amplifier	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Digital RH and Temperature sensors • Four channels: mA, V, mV, TC-K/J/T, PT-100, Pulse, Frequency, Contact • Includes Power Amplifier for long-range transmission
DNL810 	Mini DataNet Temp/RH Logger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal Digital Temperature and Humidity sensors • Battery operated
DNL808 	Mini DataNet External Temp. Logger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • External NTC 10 KΩ Temperature input with NTC probe • Battery operated

Part Number	Product Name	Product Description
DNL804 	Data Logger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> External 4-20 mA input Battery operated
DN-PCSUITE 	Software CD and Accessories	PC Suite including USB communication cable, software CD and digital user guide
12504 	GSM Modem	GSM modem connecting to PC and integrates with DataNet software to enable sending of SMS alarm notifications
DT332 	NTC temperature sensor and cable	NTC 10 k Ω temperature sensor for use with DNL808 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: -50 to 150 °C 2.5 m cable length
12753 	PT-100 temperature sensor and cable	PT-100 temperature sensor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: -70 to 400 °C 2.5 m cable length
12752 	PT-100 temperature sensor and cable	PT-100 temperature sensor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: -70 to 400 °C 4 m cable length

Part Number	Product Name	Product Description
12751 	PT-100 temperature sensor and cable	PT-100 temperature sensor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range: -70 to 400 °C • 6 m cable length
12655 	1 m mini-USB communication cable	For connection between Receiver and PC
13330 	3 m mini-USB communication cable	For connection between Receiver and PC
12928 	Replacement internal battery (for Mini DataNet)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replacement internal battery for DNL808 and 810 • 2/3 AA 3.6 V lithium

Appendix E: Figures and Tables

List of Figures

FIGURE 1: ZIGBEE NETWORK DIAGRAM	8
FIGURE 2: EXAMPLE OF DATANET NETWORK APPLICATION	17
FIGURE 3: STANDARD DATANET MESH NETWORK ARCHITECTURE	19
FIGURE 4: DATANET NETWORK WITH SHORT RANGE REPEATERS	19
FIGURE 5: SOFTWARE ACTIVATION WINDOW	21
FIGURE 6: MAIN DATANET WINDOW	22
FIGURE 7: ADDING RECEIVER ICON TO MAP VIEW	23
FIGURE 8: RECEIVER TOOLTIP	24
FIGURE 9: MINI DATANET DEVICE FILTER DIALOG	29
FIGURE 10: MAP VIEW BACKGROUND IMAGE EXAMPLE	31
FIGURE 11: LOGGER SETUP WINDOW	32
FIGURE 12: ONLINE DATA – GRAPH VIEW	34
FIGURE 13: ONLINE DATA – TABLE VIEW	35
FIGURE 14: ONLINE DATA – STATISTICS VIEW	35
FIGURE 15: LOGGER TOOLTIP	36
FIGURE 16: SENSOR VIEW	36
FIGURE 17: SHOWING NETWORK PATHS – EXAMPLE	140
FIGURE 18: SHOWING NETWORK PATHS – EXAMPLE	240
FIGURE 19: DNL910 DATA LOGGER FRONT PANEL	45
FIGURE 20: DNL808 DATA LOGGER FRONT PANEL	46
FIGURE 21: DNL920 DATA LOGGER EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS	47
FIGURE 22: DNL804 DATA LOGGER EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS	48

FIGURE 23: DNL808 DATA LOGGER EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS	49
FIGURE 24: DNR800 MINI REPEATER FRONT PANEL	50
FIGURE 25: RECEIVER/REPEATER FRONT PANEL	51
FIGURE 26: MINI REPEATER EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS	52
FIGURE 27: RECEIVER/REPEATER EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS	53
FIGURE 28: DATANET LOGGER SENSOR INPUTS	56
FIGURE 29: EXTERNAL ALARM SCHEMATIC	60
FIGURE 30: USB COMMUNICATION CABLE	69
FIGURE 31: INSTALLING SILICON LABS USB DRIVER – STEP 1	106
FIGURE 32: INSTALLING SILICON LABS USB DRIVER – STEP 2	106
FIGURE 33: INSTALLING SILICON LABS USB DRIVER – STEP 3	107
FIGURE 34: INSTALLING SILICON LABS USB DRIVER – STEP 4	107
FIGURE 35: SOFTWARE REGISTRATION WIZARD	111
FIGURE 36: PERSONAL INFORMATION REGISTRATION WINDOW	113
FIGURE 37: ACTIVATING DATANET FROM ANOTHER COMPUTER	114
FIGURE 38: MAIN WINDOW - MAP VIEW DESKTOP	116
FIGURE 39: MAIN WINDOW – SENSOR VIEW	117
FIGURE 40: MAIN WINDOW – HISTORY VIEW	120
FIGURE 41: DATA MAP	121
FIGURE 42: MAIN TOOLBAR ICONS	122
FIGURE 43: DEFINE NEW SENSOR DIALOG	134
FIGURE 44: OPTIONS > PREFERENCES TAB	137
FIGURE 45: OPTIONS > EMAIL SETTINGS TAB	141
FIGURE 46: OPTIONS > SMS SETTINGS TAB	143
FIGURE 47: MKT DIALOG	146
FIGURE 48: OPEN DATA FILES DIALOG	150
FIGURE 49: SYNC DATA DIALOG	151
FIGURE 50: ONLINE DATA WINDOW	152



FIGURE 51: ALARM SETUP TAB	171
FIGURE 52: ALARM NOTIFICATIONS SETUP DIALOG	173
FIGURE 53: ADDING A CONTACT	174
FIGURE 54: ADDING A GROUP	176
FIGURE 55: SMS AND EMAIL NOTIFICATION SETUP	177
FIGURE 56: CALIBRATION DIALOG	183
FIGURE 57: TWO-POINT CALIBRATION WINDOW	185
FIGURE 58: EXAMPLE OF USING TWO CURSORS	190
FIGURE 59: GRAPH WITH GRID IN BACKGROUND	191
FIGURE 60: GROUPING PLOTS BY UNITS	194
FIGURE 61: STATISTICS VIEW	196
FIGURE 62: EXAMPLE OF DATA EXPORTED TO EXCEL	197
FIGURE 63: PRINTING A TABLE	198
FIGURE 64: REPORTS PROFILE MANAGER WINDOW	199
FIGURE 65: UPTODATA DIALOG	209
FIGURE 66: UPTODATA CONFIGURATION DIALOG	211
FIGURE 67: FIRMWARE UPDATE CENTER DIALOG	214

List of Tables

TABLE 1: DATA LOGGER PROGRAMMING LIMITATIONS	58
TABLE 2: DATA LOGGER BATTERY LIFE SCENARIOS	68
TABLE 3: MAIN TOOLBAR ICON LIST	123
TABLE 4: MAIN TOOLBAR ICON LIST	125
TABLE 5: LOWER GRAPH TOOLBAR ICON LIST	127
TABLE 6: DATA MAP ICONS	128

